

Florida Energy Systems Consortium Semi-Annual Report

May 2015

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Overview: The Florida Energy Systems Consortium administration office worked very closely with the Office of Energy, the FESC Oversight Board, the FESC Steering Committee, and the FESC Industrial Advisory Board to request new recurring research funding from the state. The FESC administration office had several meetings/telecons with the Office of Energy during this reporting period to discuss the budget request and elucidate its positive impacts on the future of our state in the energy area. In addition, FESC administration met several representatives, senators, and staff members to lobby the FESC legislative budget request. FESC Industrial Advisory Board members signed a letter of support that will be emailed to the key legislators in support of FESC funding request. FESC recurring research funding request will go through the legislative session in June, 2015. All 12 University VPRs are in support of this funding request.

The Florida Energy Systems Consortium continues to leverage State funding in energy research, technology transfer, education, and outreach activities. The FESC office facilitates submission of competitive proposals in a variety of ways - by disseminating solicitations, identifying research leaders and building teams to compete in these solicitations, communicating with industry partners, national labs and other non-SUS universities.

The FESC technology transfer program includes business plan/market research development (Phase I) and industry matched funding of early stage development (Phase II). Thirty two (32) companies have been formed since 2008 based on university developed technologies. The company list with the area of technology is given in <u>Appendix B</u>.

FESC continues to produce results in energy research, technology transfer, education, and outreach activities. The FESC administrative office is successfully facilitating interactions among Florida's energy industry and researchers at FESC universities, Florida's State and Community Colleges, and the Florida Institute of Technology. The FESC office has developed over 1000 faculty/industry contacts. This comprehensive network enables and facilitates the transfer of FESC technologies quickly for maximum benefit to Florida's economy. FESC coordinates research teams to develop and submit a significant number of joint proposals. FESC continues to contribute to energy education and outreach programs. FESC has 14 active projects. The list of these projects is given on page 14 of this report. Nine of these projects are in energy education area. The descriptions and brief progress reports of education projects are given in the "education" section of this report on page 22. The Consortium's outreach team initiated Sustainable FloridianSM Program with ARRA funding. The program has been offered in Leon, Marion, Pinellas Osceola, and Sarasota Counties. The program was funded through Office of Energy bridge funds to continue with the development of the program. Their report is given on page 39 of this report.

FESC organized an Energy Workshop on "Integration of Renewable Energy into the Grid" on Feb 2-3, 2015 at the Hyatt Regency Orlando Hotel in Orlando, FL. This instructional workshop was designed for industrial personnel, students and faculty who wanted to learn the state of the art and future directions in enabling renewable energy integration. A total of 114 people were in attendance; 66 university faculty and students, and 48 industry members. Experts in this area presented the workshop lectures.

FESC Annual Workshop is scheduled to be on May 20-21, 2015 in Orlando. Ten invited keynote speakers, and 77 speakers (faculty, industry members, and students) will present at the workshop. In addition, there will be 18 student posters. Ben Rowland, Founder of University Proposals, will give a short course on "large scale proposal development" after the workshop. During the workshop, FESC industrial board members will have a dinner meeting.

Three new industrial advisory board members joined the FESC board. The new members are: Thomas (TJ) Szelistowski, Managing Director – Regulatory Affairs, Tampa Electric Company, replacing Greg Ramon, Paul Zambo, Siemens, replacing Frank Bevc, and Bryan Levy, President and CEO of XChanger Companies Inc.

FESC Office established the "*Energy Crop Certification*" faculty workgroup in collaboration with Treasure Coast Research Park to develop a roadmap for a statewide implementation of an Advanced Biofuel Feedstock Certification Program. The primary goal of this program is to make alternate crops available for the farmers that have unusable land due to citrus greening issue.

FESC administration attended 16 conferences and workshops to expand the FESC network by developing new partnerships. The list of the conferences and workshops attended during the reporting period is given on page 17 of this report.

FESC prepares and distributes bi-monthly electronic newsletters by email to over 1000 subscribers. The enewsletters are published at FESC website: <u>http://www.floridaenergy.ufl.edu/?page_id=1999</u>. The printed version of the e-newsletters is given on page 45 in this report.

The Florida Energy Systems Consortium has made significant progress in its research, education, industrial collaboration, and technology commercialization agenda. FESC faculty members statewide are successfully collaborating in research and proposal development.

Research Highlights

The initial FESC research funds were dedicated to seeding energy research at five of the FESC universities with over 80 projects. A brief description of each completed and continuing research project is provided in <u>Appendix A</u> of this report. The projects are also posted at the FESC website <u>http://www.floridaenergy.ufl.edu/?page_id=6</u>. The majority of the projects have been completed. There are 14 active FESC funded projects during this reporting period (listed on page 14 of this report). The project reports are given on pages 22 and 91 of this report.

FESC Office established an "*Energy Crop Certification*" faculty workgroup in collaboration with Treasure Coast Research Park to develop a roadmap for a statewide implementation of Advanced Biofuel Feedstock Certification Program. The primary goal of this program is to make alternate crops available for the farmers that have unusable land due to citrus greening issue. The development of new hybrids, new cultivation methods and processing technologies of Advanced BioFuel (ABF) and Advanced BioChem (ABC) crops hold tremendous promise but face substantial regulatory, technological and cultural barriers that prevent supply chain adoption. Energy Crop Certification process. The faculty working group, in collaboration with Treasure Coast Research Park and State Office of Energy, will develop a "Workflow Process and Implementation Plan" for a statewide Advanced Biofuel Feedstock Certification Program. The team members had a telecon with the EPA official during this reporting period. Dr. Gary Peter and Dr. John Erickson will work collaboratively to develop the road map.

During this reporting period, FESC distributed and posted over **104 announcements of funding opportunities** with the goal of generating competitive SUS-based proposals and thus leveraging state funds. Several examples of collaborative proposal development are listed in the "<u>New Program Development</u>" section of this report. <u>Appendix C</u> contains the list of funding opportunities shared with FESC faculty and industry members.

Technology Commercialization and Industrial Collaboration

The consortium connects Florida's energy industry to statewide faculty members in order to meet the energy industry's technical needs and facilitates the commercialization of university energy-related technology. FESC is currently in communication with over 200 companies to provide technical assistance, to write collaborative proposals, or to assist Florida industry with university user facilities and faculty introductions in the expertise area needed. FESC office also works closely with technology transfer and economic development offices in Florida to attract industry to the state of Florida. The list of industry collaboration examples are given on page 20 of this report.

Thirty two (32) companies have been formed since 2008. The company list along with the technology area is provided in <u>Appendix B</u>. The technology of these companies is university-developed in areas that include solar fuels, concentrated solar, energy efficient optoelectronic devices, fuel cells, coating for battery/fuel cell, efficient light emitters, energy efficiency, bioenergy, and chemicals from biomass, nanoparticle thin film PV, waste to energy, and H₂ sensor.

FESC is continuing to promote and forge collaborations among energy experts across Florida's universities, Florida industry, and other Florida state entities to expand the comprehensive FESC network.

<u>Education</u>

FESC education program has three focus areas: 1- Community College program at the Associate of Science and certificate level run by FLATE; 2- Nuclear energy education; 3- Undergraduate/Master program. Progress highlights are given below.

Florida Advanced Technological Education (FLATE): Together with the National Science Foundationfunded Energy Systems Technology Technicians (EST²) project team, FLATE has developed a new Industrial Energy Efficiency (IEET) specialization for the Engineering Technology (ET) Degree and associated College Credit Certificate, in addition to the existing Alternative Energy Specialization. The IEET program framework has been approved by the FL Department of Education and colleges will be able to implement it in the 2014-2015 academic year. FLATE's progress report is given on page 22 of this report.

Undergraduate/Master and Certificate program: FESC has nine energy education projects (two of them are funded recently) to develop undergraduate/master-level courses. These courses will also be available online. The progress reports of these projects are given on page 25 of this report.

<u>Outreach</u>

FESC Outreach Team: The outreach team was provided funding to continue with the Sustainable FloridianSM Program. The mission of the Sustainable FloridianSM program is to guide Floridians on how to take individual responsibility for protecting Earth's limited resources. Through a discussion-to-action format, the program educates participants about making wise use of resources, making households and communities more resilient and financially sound, and understanding the impact of individual lifestyle choices. The Sustainable FloridianSM program report is given on page 39 of this report.

FESC Website and e-Newsletter: The FESC website continues to be an important communication tool for our program. It is updated regularly to remain current and to better serve our users. Based on a Google Analytics report, the FESC web site was viewed by 9,254 Google visitors (74.67% new visitors) during the period of October 1, 2014 through March 30, 2015. The viewers visited 24,536 pages. Viewers were from over 131 countries, including those in North and South America, Europe, Asia, Australia, the Middle East and Africa. FESC prepares and distributes bi-monthly electronic newsletters by email to over 1000 subscribers. Printed version of recent e-newsletters is given on page 45 of this report.

<u>Other</u>

- Working with the Gainesville Chamber to attract RES PolyFlow to Gainesville. RES Polyflow employs a patented technology to convert mixed and dirty plastic waste into transportation fuels and heating oils. Their technology utilizes plastic, the most energy abundant waste product representing 30% of the space in landfills. RES Polyflow (Akron OH based) operates and licenses the technology for use converting polymer waste into valuable fuels all around the world.
- Designed new FESC brochure and used these brochures for FESC legislative funding request lobby effort.
- Designed two FESC banners to be used at the Gator Day and at the FESC workshop.
- Collaborating with IBM to offer a professional development course.
- Assisting other organizations/event by posting their conference information at FESC site.
- Provided support to FISE director to develop their web site. FISE web site can be viewed at http://fise.institute.ufl.edu/.
- A few highlights from the FESC faculty:
 - "Prabir Barooah was invited by the Building Technologies Office (BTO) of DOE to serve as a reviewer in the 2015 BTO Peer Review, April 14-15, in D.C. The annual peer review also serves as a meeting venue, with poster sessions on various emerging technologies related to energy efficiency and grid integration of buildings".
 - "Prabir Barooah delivered an invited talk in the Workshop on 'Advanced Controls for Buildings to Grid Integration' in Seattle at March 9-10, organized by the Pacific Northwest National Laboratory. The title of his talk was "Buildings as Virtual Batteries for the Grid".
 - Dr. Moghaddam, in collaboration with Prof. Mark Orazem (ChemE), teamed up with Fortune 500 chemical company Mosaic under a \$1.5M grant to develop a process for continuous electrokinetic dewatering of phosphatic clay suspensions. Phosphate clay suspensions are a by-product of strip mining, rendering large land areas unusable for development. Electrokinetic dewatering offers the opportunity to reclaim these areas and save water and energy. In addition, he received a \$0.8M Department of Energy (DOE) award, in a partnership with Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL) and General Electric (GE). Dr. Moghaddam's group is studying the physics of an ultrasonic drying process for fabrics as an alternative approach to conventional energy-intensive thermal-based drying.

In summary, the Florida Energy Systems Consortium has made significant progress in its research, education, industrial collaboration, and technology commercialization agenda. FESC faculty members statewide are successfully collaborating in research and proposal development. FESC education programs are being readied for Florida's clean energy workforce, and our industry partners are actively participating in technology transfer and commercialization of FESC-developed technologies.

RESEARCH THRUST AREAS

Per Commissioner Putnam's request and feedback from the Office of Energy, FESC steering Committee members worked with FESC faculty and redefined the FESC research program goals with five focus areas. The details of the program are given below.

Five Focus Areas towards Florida's Energy Leadership

Five focus areas for the Florida Energy Systems Consortium (FESC) are summarized below. In each of these areas, Florida's state universities will partner with industry to provide technical expertise to meet pressing industry needs and to bring emerging energy technologies to market. These novel technologies harness Florida's natural resources and reduce energy dependency on outside sources. In addition, these focus areas will be represented in the consortium's workforce development programs which serve Florida's utilities and in the consortium's education programs which serve the public by reducing their energy bills through conservation.

Supporting Utilities in Smart Grid and Energy Storage

Support Investor Owned Utilities (IOU), Cooperative Electric Utilities, and Municipal Utilities to develop smart grids with intermittent power sources such as PV and wind, distributed electric generation, state-of-theart power electronics, and grid level energy storage.

Enhancing Energy Efficiency and Conservation

Develop new technologies for high efficiency HVAC building retrofits using advanced sensing and control; conduct field evaluations to document the cost/benefits of building energy efficiency programs; develop solutions to help absorb intermittency of renewable energy sources by using fast-responding management of building loads such as HVAC; and recruit advanced Florida builders and early adopter homeowners to collaborate on zero energy building design and retrofit projects.

Converting Florida's Biomass to Renewable Fuels

Develop energy-rich crops to supplement agricultural residues as sources of cellulosic biomass; develop scalable and cost-effective processes to produce fuels, chemicals, and power from biomass and algae; develop cost-effective integrated anaerobic digestion systems to support Florida's farmers in producing bioenergy (methane) and bio fertilizer from Florida feed stocks.

Harnessing Florida's Solar Energy

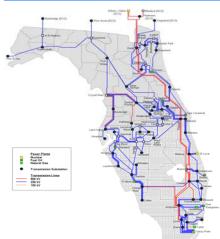
Improve solar PV panel efficiency; work towards automatic permitting, automatic utility interconnection, and autonomous operation of PV systems; develop high-temperature, thermal energy storage for concentrated solar power technology; develop transportation fuels with solar energy by converting water and CO₂ to syngas then liquid fuels; develop solar desalination technology.

Power Generation by Using Marine Hydrokinetic (MHK) Resources

Develop technologies to harness ocean current energy, ocean wave energy, and ocean thermal energy to produce electricity; determine whether offshore wind is a viable renewable energy resource for Florida and whether it is capable of supporting a new industry and the jobs and revenue that could come with it; assist a growing ocean current energy sector to identify and reduce various barriers to commercial implementation.

Detailed Descriptions of the Focus Areas

Supporting Utilities in Smart Grid and Energy Storage



According to a reliable 2008 study by the Political Economy Research Institute, an investment of \$8 Billion in Florida's electric infrastructure would result in 123,756 persistent Florida jobs. In 2011, Florida consumed over 230 terawatt-hours of electricity, or the equivalent of about \$25 billion in retail sales. It was second in the nation in electric energy consumption behind Texas. These recommended investments and this staggering level of load are a unique Florida opportunity, an opportunity that is often referred to as smart grid investments or grid modernization. The investments will provide better jobs, reliability, flexibility, information and automation - all of which are essential to growing Florida's economy.

Florida Power and Light's (FPL's) smart grid expansion is costing over \$800 million. FPL has achieved real economic, safety, and reliability benefits from a fully wired and operational smart grid. FPL has shown that when done correctly, a smart grid is able to

automatically sense and gather important data about both consumer and supplier habits, allowing operators and computers to better tweak systems before any major problems arise. FPL installed 4.5 million smart meters alongside more than 10,000 sensors all over the grid. To date, over four hundred malfunctioning transformers have been sensed before they caused a power outage, probably saving Florida small and large business tens of millions, if not over a hundred million dollars in lost revenue. Duke Energy, Gulf Power, TECO, JEA and a host of municipal and cooperative utilities are just as engaged.

FESC universities actively collaborate with Florida utilities in high profile projects. The Gateway to Power Consortium (G2P), led by FPL and Smart Energy Grid Associates, seeks to deliver workforce training for electrical power sector personnel in areas most relevant to the next-generation electric power workforce. The \$3.6M US DOE funded SUNGRIN initiative is looking at the implications of a high penetration of solar energy on the Florida Grid. The FESC initiated Network of Energy Sustainable Communities (NESC) provides information and venues to train the local government units on energy opportunities, increasing their efficiency in capturing federal energy block grants. Florida's \$126 Million US DOE funded SunSmart program has worked to increase the deployment of solar energy and energy storage systems in schools, business and electric vehicles. The following are some of the areas to focus:

- 1. Floridian Economics, Policy Uncertainty and Consumer Behavior: We must know, in order of magnitude, the energy economy investments that yield the greatest benefit to utilities, consumers, energy security and energy independence.
- 2. Science and Technology to Support Florida's Generation Capacity Growth, Transmission Grid Expansion, Efficiency and Modernization: FESC must determine the right priority of investments that need to be made in electric generation (in particular the mix of new nuclear, clean coal technologies that pass new US EPA standards, natural gas, and alternative sources), as well as identify the transmission upgrades that will lead to higher distribution availability (new and self-healing lines) and efficiency.
- 3. Science and Technology to Support Florida's Distribution Grids, Distributed Generation Resources, Demand Side Management, and Premise Appliance integration in Efficiency Programs: We must first educate a changed and enlightened consumer (conservation). Additionally, automating efficiency and load management functions will allow Florida to do more with less electricity, provide grid stabilizing ancillary service and lessen the need for expensive and dirty fast ramping electric generation.
- 4. **Resilient Grids by Using Science and Technologies of Cyber-Physical Systems**: Advanced metering implementation has meant unprecedented access to data through distributed sensors. To obtain access to all of this data requires communication infrastructure, and to make use of this data requires a combination

of automated centralized and decentralized decision making (e.g. fault detection and response). Advanced monitoring, detection, protection and controls must be developed and implemented that reliably meet the needs of the grid. These technologies must be robust to hardware failures and resilient to malicious attacks.

5. Electric Vehicles (EV) as a Solution to Florida's Significant Energy Storage Problem: Much of the promise of Smart Grid is based on a perception that it will lead to an increased penetration of renewable energy. Unfortunately, this may never come to pass in Florida if man-made energy storage options do not become available. Florida has almost no opportunities for natural energy storage at grid-scale. Because EV are a significant leveraging factor, Florida may be the best state in the country to first achieve a true economic electric vehicle based transportation economy.

Enhancing Energy Efficiency and Conservation



Energy efficiency and conservation offer the greatest potential to reduce Florida's energy consumption. Buildings use more energy than any other sector of the economy, including transportation and industry. Therefore, the focus of this thrust area is on improving resource efficiency in the built environment: including existing and newly constructed residential and commercial buildings both at the scale of individual structures and communities. Because of Florida's hot/humid climate, much of the building sciences research conducted nationally doesn't apply well in our state. Building performance research is needed to evaluate and support implementation of specific efficiency practices in Florida. Key

research opportunities include development of novel energy efficiency retrofit technologies and analysis of end-use energy consumption data in collaboration with utilities. The following are some of the areas to focus:

1. Energy Efficient Building Technologies for Residential and Commercial Buildings: Buildings account for ~84% of total electric power use in the state. A 35% reduction in building energy use can be achieved by improved efficiency, saving Florida millions of kWhr/yr. Further reduction can be achieved by creating "zero energy homes" using only on-site PV power, a stated goal of the U.S. DOE. This offers the opportunity to develop marketable products that meet Florida's energy and environmental goals. New and emerging building energy efficiency systems require study with respect to Florida's unique hot/humid climate. Cost/benefit analysis of efficient buildings, building energy efficiency expertise in our education system and our marketplace along with creative financial instruments and business models are needed. Conservation can also benefit from the use of more renewable energy sources. New technologies are needed to handle the intermittent nature of renewables. Buildings are expected to play a key role since they form the largest electric demand. To address this need, FESC will develop new technologies for high efficiency HVAC retrofits in both commercial and residential buildings using advanced sensing and control, conduct field evaluations to document the cost/benefits of "beyond code" building energy efficiency programs; conduct testing of building efficiency options; create building energy course work; construct and monitor zero energy buildings; develop solutions to help absorb intermittency of renewable energy sources by using fast-responding management of building loads such as HVAC, including benefit/cost analysis and their effect on the electric grid; and recruit advanced Florida builders and early adopter homeowners to collaborate on zero energy building design and retrofit projects. As part of the Consortium, well-instrumented testing structures and buildings will be established to evaluate the effectiveness of integrated emerging technologies.

2. Analysis of Metered Energy Consumption Data to Increase Effectiveness of Florida Utilities' Demand Side Management (DSM) Programs: Florida utilities have made substantial investments in energy conservation and efficiency programs. Expectations of savings, or deemed savings, are typically used to estimate program cost effectiveness and make decisions about DSM portfolios, types of programs, and specific energy conservation measures. Although metered consumption data are readily available, utilities seldom conduct follow-up evaluations of savings. Systematic measurement and verification (M&V) is

needed to accurately determine whether utility DSM programs are actually achieving their energy and demand savings goals. FESC proposes to evaluate end-use energy consumption data from Florida municipal utilities merged with property appraiser and DSM program data for the following research and analysis tasks: measure energy savings of high-efficiency HVAC DSM participants; establish marginal energy savings values across equipment efficiency levels (SEER-14 to SEER-18 vs. SEER-13); compare measured to modeled/deemed savings estimates; calculate the individual and average cost effectiveness of high-efficiency HVAC retrofits; identify poor performers among installed HVAC systems from data, and flag for maintenance and/or recommissioning; and provide results to partnering municipal utilities for targeting of future DSM programs to the customers likely to achieve the greatest savings.

Converting Florida's Biomass to Renewable Fuels



FESC member universities are internationally recognized leaders in biomass energy research. Florida ranks first in the country in annual generation of cellulosic biomass with almost 10% of the US total. In Florida several biomass species are produced in large volumes, primarily sugar cane bagasse in South Florida, citrus peel in Central Florida, and woody biomass in North Florida. Moreover, the State has all the key assets for algae technologies: year-round warm weather and sunlight, long shore line, under-utilized land (decommissioned phosphate mines and aquaculture operations), CO₂ from Florida industries (utility, cement, mining, landfills), and

wastewater from industrial and municipal treatment facilities. Harnessing cellulosic biomass and algae for conversion to liquid transportation fuels (and other value-added products) is a huge economic opportunity, as over 135 billion gallons of gasoline (worth over \$400 billion) and 60 billion gallons of aviation, military, and diesel fuels (worth over \$200 billion) are consumed annually just in the United States. Florida's location and resources position it to be a leader in the development and commercialization of biomass-to-fuel technologies in partnership with the private sector. Such a leadership will bring investment, jobs, and tax revenue to the State and will diversify Florida's economy, while making it more sustainable. We propose four (4) key focus areas:

- 1. Feedstock Development and Deployment: With our expertise in genetics and management, we will develop energy-rich crops to supplement agricultural residues as sources of cellulosic biomass. Using breeding and molecular genetics we will develop high energy-yielding cultivars with improved biosafety and by employing management science we will devise growing systems for Florida annual and perennial grasses, oil- and sugar-rich plants, and woody and aquatic energy crops. In parallel, we will develop economic models to estimate costs and identify opportunities for farmers and investors.
- 2. Cellulosic Biomass Technologies: Using our expertise in applied biomass research we will develop scalable and cost-effective processes to produce fuels, chemicals, and power from cellulosic biomass. In the biochemical approach we will study pretreatment and enzymatic hydrolysis to convert biomass to sugars for microbial fermentation to biofuels and hydrocarbons. In the thermochemical approach gasification and catalytic conversion or pyrolysis will convert biomass to drop-in liquid hydrocarbons, power, and co-products such as fertilizers. The technical data will be fed to economic models to calculate capital and operating costs and required key resources (energy, water, raw materials, and land).
- 3. Algae Technologies: Based on our expertise in algae research we will develop modular and cost-effective algae cultivation systems. Algal biomass production will be based on the use of industrial flue-gas CO₂ and wastewater, followed by cell harvesting and lipid or polysaccharide extraction for conversion to bio crude oil or alcohols, respectively. These will be upgraded to jet and military fuels at existing US oil refineries. At the same time we will optimize co-product generation, such as fish food, animal feed, and methane from algal biomass to improve process economics.
- 4. Anaerobic Digestion Technologies: Based on our expertise in anaerobic digestion research, we will develop cost-effective integrated anaerobic digestion systems to produce bioenergy (methane) and bio

fertilizer from organic Florida feedstocks, including purpose-grown energy crops, algal press cake, crop residues, food waste, and other organic materials. In partnership with Florida farmers, food processors, and grocers we will optimize the anaerobic digestion of these materials for production of methane-rich biogas that is readily converted to electricity or used in natural gas systems.

Harnessing Florida's Solar Energy



Solar energy is a ubiquitous clean energy resource, and great progress has been made in recent years to develop advanced technologies to harness its potential to enable power production for the grid, domestic power production and heating, thermal desalination, clean fuel production, industrial process heat, and solar cooling, among others. The State of Florida has substantial solar energy resources and a strong incentive to take on the national grand challenge economical solar energy conversion through sustained research and development of the next generation solar energy technologies so that a robust solar energy industry is grown from within. Because solar energy is an intermittent energy source

it is essential that solar energy collection be coupled with energy storage technologies to be economically impactful. Numerous storage solutions are being pursued, including thermal, thermochemical, and electrochemical. FESC is prepared to lead a rigorous and transformational research effort to develop the next generation solar energy technologies that will reach levelized cost parity with fossil energy power production. The following are some of the areas to focus:

- 1. Photovoltaics: A. Florida researchers have been the global leaders in the development of thin film photovoltaic cells including CdTe and CIGS. However, some of the materials are rare. Replacement of these materials with earth abundant materials and development of large area cells would help establish new PV manufacturing industry in the State and increase job growth. B. Developing highly integrated and smart power electronics to convert solar energy and connect to the grid is very important to developing highly reliable grid-tie PV system. C. In addition smart electronic approaches and new materials and processing can be used to improve the performance of the PV panels by controlling their temperature and keeping the surface dust free. D. Transformative concepts in the development of efficient and cost effective super capacitors for smart grid operation of PV.
- 2. Automatic Permitting, Automatic Utility Interconnection and Autonomous Operation of PV Systems: Residential rooftops offer the largest real estate for installing PVs. Widespread adoption of residential PV must address various potential costs, including permitting and auditing of PV systems, the cost of connection/disconnection to the grid, and the cost of volatility of solar radiation. Applied research of system integration and operation is needed in the areas of permitting automation, interconnectivity, communications, voltage control and stability, energy and data management, and advanced control of demand response.
- 3. **Concentrated Solar Power (CSP):** In order for CSP to reach grid parity the thermal power conversion efficiencies must increase and the costs must decrease and high temperature thermal storage technologies should be employed to increase the power plant utilization factor, especially to enable the sale of power to the grid during peak hours. The research needed includes: a) Development of novel thermodynamic cycles for power production which might include but are not limited to supercritical steam, supercritical CO2, Ericsson, or Brayton combined cycles; b) High temperature thermal energy storage; high efficiency mechanical storage, and combined thermal/photovoltaic power production.
- 4. Solar Fuels: Gaseous and liquid fuels can be produced using solar energy by converting water and CO₂ to syngas which can be used directly or converted to liquid fuels such as jet fuel using Fischer Tropsch synthesis. Various approaches to liquid fuel production are available, including PV-Electrolysis, Thermochemical, and Photosynthesis. There is great interest to develop some of these technologies with the potential to start a new type of industry in Florida and lead to job growth.

5. Heating, Cooling and Clean Water: a) Another transformative application for solar energy within the State of Florida includes thermally driven refrigeration and cooling. Highly absorbing and desiccant materials such as zeolites and metal hydrides may pave the way for innovative new thermal refrigeration and cooling systems that can operate using solar energy. Other desiccant materials such as Lithium Chloride give us an opportunity to design Desiccant/vapor compression hybrid cooling systems with high potential COP. b) Solar Desalination can play a very important role in providing abundant clean drinking water for Florida. Technologies may include but are not limited to humidification/dehumidification, thermodynamic cogeneration of power and water, and reverse osmosis operated by solar power. c) Solar photocatalytic technologies for clean water have improved a lot and can become commercial. However, additional research to extend the wavelength range to utilize the visible light would increase the effective use of sunlight and reduce costs. d) Solar heating, cooling and desalination technologies should include thermal energy storage to allow their utilization when sunlight is not available.

Power Generation by Using Marine Hydrokinetic (MHK) Resources



Covering more than 70% of Earth's surface, the oceans collect and store the sun's vast energy quite effectively, which is available 24/7 in various forms (tides, waves, ocean currents, gradients, etc.). Surrounded by the ocean on three sides, and with the second longest coastline of all U.S. states, Florida is uniquely positioned to harness marine renewable energy resources. Several forms of marine renewable energy that could soon be cost-competitive with fossil fuel sources for utility-

scale power generation have emerged in Florida – ocean current energy, ocean thermal energy, and offshore wind. Each still requires investment in technology development, environmental research, and policy issues, but realization of commercial power generation from these sources will yield energy security, sustainability, and a more diverse renewables portfolio for the state.

- 1. Ocean Current Energy: Ocean currents flow in complex patterns governed by the wind, by the water's salinity and temperature, by the shapes and highly variable depths of the ocean basins, and by Earth's rotation. Most ocean currents are driven by wind and by solar heating of surface waters near the equator, while some currents result from density and salinity variations within the water column. Converting these currents into usable electrical power requires equipment to transform flowing water into mechanical energy and then to electricity (i.e., rotating turbines or linear "kites"). In particular, an ocean current resource is primarily found offshore Southeast Florida, in the channel between Florida and the Bahamas—the Florida Current portion of the Gulf Stream. The Southeast National Marine Renewable Energy Center (SNMREC), designated by the U.S. Department of Energy, has been assisting a growing ocean current energy sector to identify and reduce various barriers to commercial implementation. Although still an emerging market, the ocean current energy sector promises not only to be a unique opportunity for Florida to establish an international expertise and capability, but a significant base-load power source for its residents and businesses in the coming decades.
- 2. Ocean Wave Energy: Electric generation from ocean wave energy could provide plentiful clean and sustainable energy to Florida. Through collaboration with Harris Corporation, innovative concepts including a wave buoy (for an array deployment in the sea) and an oscillating wave column (with a unidirectional impulse turbine for coastal deployment) have been developed, and laboratory prototypes have been tested. The development of large-scale generation systems that can be robust to extreme weather conditions is critical in the state of Florida.
- 3. **Ocean Thermal Energy:** The SNMREC is also investigating ocean thermal energy conversion (OTEC) potential, the process by which the temperature difference between the ocean's warm surface and cold deep water is used to generate power. Long pipes pump abundant cold water to the sea surface which, in conjunction with warm water, turn turbines that generate electricity, albeit with low efficiency. Although

typically only found in areas of the tropical oceans with greater than 1000 meter depth (like the southern portions of the Gulf of Mexico), portions of the Southeast Florida coast exhibit unique characteristics where required temperature differences are found in less than 300 meters depth. This technology was demonstrated in Hawaii and other places around the world late in the 20th century, but further developments are needed to achieve cost-competitive generation, especially further offshore from coastlines. While large OEMs such as Lockheed Martin Corp. are proceeding with floating OTEC technology development in other parts of the world, utility-scale power generated from this marine renewable resource is most viable for the continental U.S. in Florida, but unique challenges (like high current conditions) must be tackled before full implementation.

4. Offshore Wind: Wind power is the fastest growing source of renewable energy, with worldwide production doubling every three years. Wind is converted to electricity using 50 to 100 tower-mounted wind turbines, arranged as a wind farm. Offshore wind, considered to be a marine renewable energy resource, is not affected by the roughness of the land surface (topography, vegetation, buildings) and so presents an attractive potential. Large-scale offshore wind resource maps reveal potential for wind power in Florida's coastal waters. Offshore wind farms are usually built in relatively shallow water, and Florida's wide continental shelves present ample opportunities for their placement outside of coastal view sheds. FESC scientists have found that the northwestern Gulf of Mexico has the potential to generate several thousand megawatts of power for Floridians. The study will ultimately help determine whether wind is a viable renewable energy resource for Florida and whether it is capable of supporting a new industry and the jobs and revenue that could come with it.

RESEARCH PROGRAM

The FESC research program included 84 FESC funded projects within the seven strategic thrusts. The project descriptions are all given in <u>Appendix A</u>. Eight projects from FIU (not funded by FESC) and 1 project from UWF (not funded by FESC) are also included. Some of the projects are collaborative multi-university projects; however, only the lead university information is listed in the table. The majority of these projects have been completed. Table 1 below presents the list of the 14 active FESC projects during the reporting period. The energy education project progress reports are given on page 22 of this report. The other progress reports are given in <u>Appendix D</u> of this report.

2011 Florida Statutes 377.703, Additional functions of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services states that the department shall serve as the state clearinghouse for indexing and gathering all information related to energy programs in state universities. Per Office of Energy's request, the list of energy-related projects within FESC universities were gathered, complied, sorted by energy topic, and posted at the FESC web site under "FL University Research": <u>http://www.floridaenergy.ufl.edu/?page_id=9144</u>. The projects are also given in this file:



Table 1: Active and Completed FESC Projects During This Reporting Period

Projects	Summary
THRUST	2: Enhancing Energy Efficiency and Conservation
1	Title: Unifying Home Asset & Operations Ratings: Adaptive Management via Open Data & Participation PI : Mark Hostetler, Co-PI : Hal S. Knowles, III - UF External Collaborators: Nick Taylor (Ph.D. Student, UF School of Natural Resources & Environment), Jennison Kipp (Assistant In, UF Program for Resource Efficient Communities) Status: Active
THRUST	3: Developing Florida's Biomass Resources
1	Title: Simulation and Measurement of Biomass Suspension Rheology PI: Jennifer Sinclair Curtis – UF Project Period: 8/2014-7/2016 Status: Active
THRUST	6: Exploiting Florida's Ocean Energy Resources
1	 Title: Southeast National Marine Renewable Energy Center PI: Susan H. Skemp, Co-PIs: Howard P. Hanson, James VanZwieten - FAU Universities: UCF, FSU, ERAU, University of Miami, Oregon State University, University of Washington, Pennsylvania State University, University of New Hampshire, University of Hawaii, University of Edinburgh, Heriot-Watt University, Nova Southeastern University, Virginia Polytechnical Institute, Florida Institute of Technology, Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University External Collaborators: Numerous industry and State and federal government as well as FFRDCs, such as National Renewable Energy Laboratory, Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution, U.S. Department of Energy, U.S. Department of Interior (Bureau of Ocean Energy Management and Regulation and Enforcement), U.S. Department of Commerce (National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration), and Florida Department of Environmental, Protection, to name a few. Status: Active
Education	n and Outreach
1	Title: Florida Advanced Technological Education Center (FLATE) PI: Marilyn Barger - UF

	External Collaborators: Brevard Community College; Tallahassee Community College; Daytona State
	College; Central Florida Community College; Polk State College; Florida State College at Jacksonville;
	Valencia Community College; School District Hillsborough County; Florida Department of Education –
	Division of Adult and Career Education; West Side Technical School; WFI Banner Center for Energy;
	Advanced Technology for Energy and Environment Center (ATEEC); University of West Florida, Dept of
	Construction Technology; WFI Banner Center for Construction; WFI Banner Center for Alternative Energy;
	USF College of Engineering; Madison Area Technical College ATE project for Alternative Energy
	certifications; Milwaukee Area Technical College Energy Conservation and Advanced Manufacturing Center
	(ECAM); Florida Energy Workforce Consortium (FEWC); TECO; Progress Energy; ISTEC (Ibero Science
	and Technology Education Consortium).
	Status: Active
2	Title: Energy Sustainability Course
2	PI: Mark Jamison /Michelle Phillips- UF
-	Status: Active
	Title: Buildings and Energy: Design and Operation Vs. Sustainability"- An Energy Engineering Course for
	Florida-specific Building Design & Operation
3	PI: Prabir Barooah - UF
	External Collaborators: Dr. Timothy Middelkoop, University of Missouri
	Status: Active
	Title: Renewable Energy Education Program at USF's Patel College of Global Sustainability
4	PI: George Philippidis - USF
	Status: Active
	Title: Introducing Specialization in "Sustainable Energy Systems" for Under-Graduate Students in
5	Engineering at the University of West Florida
5	PI: Bhuvana Ramachandran and Co-PI: Muhammad Rashid, UWF
	Status: Active
	Title: A Certificate Program to Enhance Sustainable Behavior Change Competencies for EnergyFocused
6	Educational Outreach Professionals
0	PI: Laura A. Sanagorski Warner - UF
	Status: Active
	Title: Solar Energy Technologies: Fundamentals and Applications in Buildings
7	PI: Cheng-Xian (Charlie) Lin - FIU
7	External Collaborators: NA
	Status: Active
	Title: Renewable Energies and Sustainability Education
8	PI: Ryan Integlia and Sesha Srinivasan - Polytech
	Status: Active (Recent award)
	Title: Educational Modules in Support of Sustainable Energy Courses
9	PI: Juan C. Ordonez, FSU
	Status: Active (Recent award)
	Title: Outreach Activities for FESC
10	PI: Pierce Jones, Kathleen C. Ruppert, Hal S. Knowles III, Nicholas Taylor, Barbra Larson, Craig Miller-
	UF; Status: Active
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NEW PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT

The new program development effort aims to facilitate the submission of multi-faculty, multi-SUS university competitive proposals in response to solicitations for major research programs. By collecting the best research expertise in the SUS, competitive funding requests to federal agencies, national and global foundations, and industry can be made. **104 funding opportunities** were distributed to the FESC faculty during this period. The list of funding opportunities is given in <u>Appendix C</u>. The funding opportunities are also posted at the FESC web site: <u>http://www.floridaenergy.ufl.edu/?page_id=912</u>. Faculty teams were formed to respond to the funding opportunities based on the responses received from the faculty. The FESC office facilitates proposal development in a variety of ways beyond solicitation awareness, including identifying leaders, communicating with external partners in industry, national labs and other non-SUS universities, arranging telecons, providing support letters, and finding ways to meet the cost share requirements.

Proposal Development Facilitation

The notable proposals facilitated or supported by FESC during the reporting period include:

- University of South Florida, University of Central Florida, and Florida State University's collaborative proposal. Application to the US Department of Energy's call DE-FOA-0001252. Dr. Lingling Fan led the team and submitted a proposal titled as "R&D Program on Cybersecurity for Power Grids in Florida"
- Collaborative proposal with Algastar Inc., FAMU (Dr. Ashivini Chauhan) and UCF/FSEC (Dr. Ali Raissi). Sent a proposal as a response to DE-FOA-0001162 Targeted Algal Biofuels and Bioproducts (TABB). Also USF faculty collaborated with NREL (lead) to submit a proposal.
- UF Faculty response to NSF Partnerships for Innovation: Building Innovation Capacity (PFI: BIC)
- UCF/FSEC response to DE-FOA-0001117: "Building America Industry Partnerships For High Performance Housing Innovation"
- UF Faculty response to DE-FOA-0001166 Building Energy Efficiency Frontiers and Innovation Technologies (BENEFIT) 2015
- UF response to DE-FOA-0001167: Buildings University Innovators and Leaders Development (BUILD) 2015
- UF response to DE-FOA-0001168: Advancing Solutions to Improve the Energy Efficiency of U.S. Commercial Buildings
- UF/USF/ UCF-FSEC response to DE-FOA-0001197: Advanced Research in Dry-Cooling (ARID)
- FSU response to ARPA -E : DE-FOA-0001198 Generators for Small Electrical and Thermal Systems (GENSETS)
- UCF response (PI: Dr. Bahaa Saleh) to \$100 million competition for an Integrated Photonics Manufacturing Institute. Introduced faculty from other FESC universities to this team.
- UF, UCF-FSEC, USF response to DE-FOA-0001220: Sustainable and Holistic Integration of Energy storage and Solar PV (SHINES)
- FAU / UF response to DE-FOA-0001207 Systems Biology Research to Advance Sustainable Bioenergy Crop Development
- UF response to NSF 15-507: Scalable Nanomanufacturing (SNM); FIT/UF//Mainstream Eng response.
- UCF/FSEC response to DE-FOA-0001195: Physics of Reliability: Evaluating Design Insights for Component Technologies in Solar 2 (PREDICTS2)
- UF response to N00167-15-BAA-01- Energy Conservation Applications for the U.S. Navy
- FSU White paper submission to N00167-15-BAA-01- Energy Conservation Applications for the U.S. NAVY
- UWF; UF response to DE-FOA-0001261: OPEN 2015
- UF/TCERDA application to USDA on feedstocks
- UF, UCF, FSU response to FDACS OOE call on Multifamily Energy Efficiency Scoring Tool
- UF in collaboration with G4 and Solar Impact Inc.; UCF response to US DOE SUNSHOT SHINES call

- USF response to DE-FOA-0001261: OPEN 2015
- USF response to ARID for ARPAe and APOLO for DOE-EERE
- UF response to Energy Audits USDA RDBCP-REAP-2015
- UF Response to Analysis, Comparison, and Contrast of Two Primary Maintenance Contracting Techniques used by the Florida Department of Transportation RFRP 14/15-002
- UF response to FY2015 Vehicle Technologies Office Incubator DE-FOA-0001213
- USF and UF response to DE-FOA-0001289 ARPA-E: Network Optimized Distributed Energy Systems (NODES) Program
- UF response to US DOE Computational Materials Sciences (DE-FOA-0001276)
- USF and UF response to DE-FOA-0001252 Academic Collaboration for Cybersecurity of Energy Delivery Systems (CEDS) Research and Development for the Energy Sector
- USF response to DE-FOA-0001239 Technology Development and Assessment for Supercritical Carbon Dioxide (SCO2) Based Power Cycles
- UCF formed a team to respond to Manufacturing Innovation Institute (MII) call

Energy Crop Certification Workgroup

The primary goal of this program is to make alternate crops available for the farmers to make lost citrus land productive again. The development of new hybrids, new cultivation methods and processing technologies of Advanced BioFuel (ABF) and Advanced BioChem (ABC) crops hold tremendous promise but face substantial regulatory, technological and cultural barriers that prevent supply chain adoption. Energy Crop Certifications are handled by EPA; however due to demand, getting an approval takes a very long time. Businesses requiring certifications use service providers. The service providers work with National Labs to meet the requirements of the certification process. Life cycle analysis and greenhouse gas (GHG) emission reports are part of the requirements. A road map development in our state is needed to streamline the EPA requirements to speed up the energy crop certification process.

FESC Office established a FESC faculty workgroup in collaboration with Treasure Coast Research Park to provide a "Workflow Process and Implementation Plan" to FDACS/Office of Energy to implement a statewide Advanced Biofuel (ABF) Feedstock Certification Program.

The key deliverables of the workgroup are:

- Outline what FESC can do to speed the ABF Feedstock Certification Process for Florida ABF crops.
- Develop a primary and secondary list of Florida target crops for potential ABF certification.
- Identify EPA, USDA and industry stakeholders, their certification needs, and baseline data requirements for completion of a typical ABF crop Feedstock certification report.
- Recommend ABF crop Feedstock certification program targets (number of certifications per year), credential requirements, certification report content, and format to FDACS/Office of Energy.
- Provide guidance for funding the ABF crop certification program. Identify respective clients, their certification service needs, and explore current market pricing on similar services.
- Identify Florida research resources and service providers to process ABF crop certification.

Progress: Dr. Gary Peter, UF/IFAS and Dr. John Ericson, UF/IFAS, will collaboratively work to develop the road map for the energy crop certification. The initial telecon with EPA official was held to have a better understanding of the program.

Conferences Attended

FESC administration attends conferences and workshops to expand the FESC network by developing new partnerships. The list of the conferences and workshops attended during the reporting period is given below:

1. Advanced Biofuel Feedstock Roundtable, Ft. Pierce, FL, Oct 1, 2014.

- 2. Center for Municipal Research & Innovation meeting in Gainesville, FL on Oct 9, 2014.
- 3. Microgrid Consortium Stakeholder Meeting, USFSP, St. Petersburg, Oct 15, 2014.
- 4. Caribbean Renewable Energy Forum (CREF), Miami, FL on Oct 6-8, 2014.
- 5. FESC Advisory Board meeting on Dec 3, 2014, hosted by OUC.
- 6. Justin Sayfie, Orlando, FL on Dec 4-5, 2014.
- 7. Renewable Energy World Conference & Expo North America, Orlando, FL on Dec 9-11, 2014.
- 8. UF COE Engineering Summit on Jan 15, 2015: <u>https://www.eng.ufl.edu/news-events/events-calendar/summit2015/summit-agenda/</u>
- 9. FESC workshop on Feb 2-3, 2015 in Orlando: <u>http://www.floridaenergy.ufl.edu/public-outreach/2015-fesc-workshop/</u>
- 10. PURC workshop on Feb 4-5, 2015: http://warrington.ufl.edu/centers/purc/docs/agenda_conference.pdf
- 11. ARPA-E Summit on Feb 8-11, 2015; http://www.arpae-summit.com/Agenda/2015-Summit-Agenda-
- 12. UF Law School Energy Conference on Feb 13, 2015; <u>http://ufpiec.org/2015-conference/agenda/</u>
- 13. UF Technology Showcase on March 10: <u>http://research.ufl.edu/otl/about-otl/a-celebration-of-innovation-startup-showcase/a-celebration-of-innovation-startup-showcase-agenda.html</u>
- 14. SBIR Workshop on March 17, 2015
- 15. Participated in the Gator Day in Tallahassee on March 24, 2015 to promote FESC.
- 16. Gave a FESC overview presentation at the Carinata Field Day, North Florida Research and Education Center, Quincy, FL on April 28, 2015

INDUSTRIAL COLLABORATION AND TECHNOLOGY COMMERCIALIZATION



FESC's industrial collaboration program promotes exchange between the universities and industrial partners from small, medium, and large companies, as well as other organizations such as incubators, research parks, investors, entrepreneurs, and government laboratories.

FESC has an Industrial Partnership and Innovation Strategy that assures active collaboration with the private sector and other partners that support and guide FESC's vision, collaborate with FESC in our research, education, innovation, and outreach programs.

FESC Technology Commercialization Program Description

FESC has devised a multi-tiered approach to investing its limited technology commercialization resources. In devising this strategy, FESC is focused on 1) fully complimenting the existing resources across the SUS and state of Florida's economic development community, 2) providing the maximum potential return / economic impact to Florida's economy on our investment, 3) maximum leveraging of FESC resources with industrial support, and 4) a focus on driving later stage energy technologies in the FESC university research portfolio toward commercialization. This has led to development of a two-tiered program as outlined below:

<u>Phase I: Early Stage Market Research / Business Plans</u> – Recognizing that a number of FESC funded technologies may have unknown, or at least undocumented, commercial potential and also recognizing that university licensing offices and technology licensees (entrepreneurs, SMEs, large corporations) alike are looking for a greater depth of understanding of potential applications of some of FESC's later stage technologies in order to optimize technology licensing and the path to market, FESC initiated a funding program of business plans and market research studies for select FESC technologies. This program was completed and program details were reported in previous reporting period.

Phase II: Matching Funds R&D Program – The second tier of the FESC technology commercialization funding program is modeled on the very successful Florida High Tech Corridor Council Matching Grants Research Program which has been ongoing at USF and UCF since 1996 and at UF since 2005. This second tier also builds off of the results of the first tier as the business plans and market research studies in tier 1 above will provide for more complete information in attracting industrial partners and selecting appropriate projects for funding in tier 2. In this program, FESC core universities will propose energy related projects for FESC funding that is matched on a 2:1 basis by industry funds. This model serves a number of purposes: 1) industry partners are by definition highly engaged in the development process in the university as they are co-funding the R&D package, 2) this provides at least a 2X leveraging of FESC funds on each project, 3) a natural pipeline of the technology deployment to the private sector partner is established as they are typically working on development aspects in parallel with the university research on the project, and 4) the FHTCC program has proven time and again that this model spawns new and long lasting R&D collaborative relationships between companies and SUS university researchers. FESC envisions providing up to \$50K in matching funds for each project and with industry match (summarized in table below) on each project, attracting in excess of \$500K of industry support to these FESC funded projects.

Progress Made During the Reporting Period

Both Phase I and II projects were completed. New projects will be funded when new funding is received. FESC office continues to work with faculty and industry to create new collaborative projects.

Companies Contacted and/or Assisted

The companies we are in communication with are listed at FESC web site based on area of expertise (under different sub menus): <u>http://www.floridaenergy.ufl.edu/?page_id=11727</u> Companies/organizations contacted and/or assisted during the reporting period include - TIRC Energy Engineering, International (representative for Saf Glass), Southeastern Coastal Wind Coalition, Citizen Energy, Duke Energy, Siemens, Gulf Coast Energy network, Dayaway, CAAFI, OUC, G4 Synergetics, Encel, 25x'25 Alliance, Bing Energy, IBM, Aquantis Inc., Chemergy, Treasure Coast Research Park, Amyris, Canadian Consulate, Mainstream Engineering, USDA, ARA, Agrisoma, Viesel Fuel LLC, Algenol, Southern Co, HyPower Inc., Algastar Inc., Peerless Wind Systems, Reserve Power Solutions, Conscious Entrepreneurship Foundation, South Wire, Greener Earth Financial Solutions, Garmor Inc., Keuka Energy (wind energy co), Ivy Composites, RES Polyflow, Managing Partner, GreenTech Endeavors LLC.

Some examples of collaborations:

RES Polyflow: Looking for a new location to move to FL. Working with Gainesville Chamber to attract them Gainesville location.

Viesel Fuel LLC – Located in Stuart, Florida. They have a 7.5 million gallon/year biodiesel facility that is pioneering the use of enzymes and resins to access lower-quality feedstocks in the production of ASTM D6751 certified biodiesel. The enzymatic and resin technologies employed by Viesel require less energy than traditional biodiesel production, thereby reducing greenhouse gas emissions, and can be constructed for a lower capital cost than traditional biodiesel plants. Visited the company to better understand their process and assist. Introduced the owner to Dr. David Wright, UF faculty, who is performing field tests with Carinata (oil crop). Viesel tested Carinata oil sent by Dr. Wright with great success. They want to work with Dr. Wright and FESC faculty to test other oils. Viesel attended the Carinata Field Day, North Florida Research and Education Center, Quincy, FL organized by Dr. Wright on April 28, 2015.

Commercial Aviation Alternative Fuels Initiative (CAAFI) – Rich Altman, Executive Director Emeritus, is one of the members of the Energy Crop Certification work group. We are having meetings and telecons to develop a roadmap for the certification process.

Treasure Coast Research Park - Ben Devries is co leading the energy crop certification work group. Team members had a telecom with an EPA official to initiate the road map development.

Peerless Wind Systems: Communicated with the founder. Posted their company information on FESC site. Introduced the founder to FESC faculty in this area.

25x'25 Alliance: Participating their monthly telecons and introducing FESC to new attendees.

Algastar Inc.: Introduced the CEO to FESC faculty for collaborative proposal development.

Reserve Power Solutions: Start-up company seeking university partner for development of its proprietary power (not a battery) storage technology and a system for storing power which is complimentary of intermittent power sources (solar and wind). The commercial objective is to resolve the "intermittency" gap in natural power sources and/or provide a source of supplement power during peak demand periods. Waiting for further information from the owner to introduce him to the faculty in the area of expertise needed.

Keuka Energy: Wind Energy Company developing technology to compress air with wind energy (then liquefy it) and sell it to utilities as a replacement for spinning generators. Introduced the owner to our utility contacts.

GreenTech Endeavors LLC: GreenTech Endeavors (<u>www.greentechendeavors.com</u>) is a cleantech incubator. They license clean technologies from Florida Universities to bring them to market and/or invest in cleantech startups. FESC office introduced the FESC faculty technologies to Will Perego, Founder & CEO, GreenTech Endeavors for licensing. Technologies licensed or in consideration are:

From UCF Faculty Dr. Issa Batarseh (MaxHarvest Microinverters LLC): World's first 3-phase microinverter. GreenTech Endeavors have a Licensing Agreement with UCF and are negotiating a Sponsored Research Agreement.

From FIU Faculty Osama Mohammed (EnerMaster LLC): GreenTech Endeavors has an Option Agreement with FIU to license the technology and are negotiating a Sponsored Research Agreement. Another technology from FIU is under consideration and kept confidential at this point.

From UM: FlashCharge Batteries LLC: <u>www.flashchargebatteries.com</u>. GreenTech Endeavors is finalizing the first year of the sponsored research agreement with UM and have an Option Agreement to license the technology. Another technology from UM is under consideration and kept confidential at this point.

EDUCATION

The Education program has three focus areas, community college programming at the Associate of Science and certificate level, nuclear energy education, and Undergraduate/Master's degree in sustainable energy.

The Community Colleges offer an opportunity to develop a trained energy workforce through programming for both technician level 2 year students, as well as students planning on completing a Bachelor's degree.

FESC works closely with the Florida Community College system as well as with the Florida Advanced Technological Education Center (FLATE), which coordinates the design of



industry specific training programs for technicians at the community colleges in Florida. FESC disseminates energy curricula in cooperation with FLATE.

On the Collegiate Level, programming includes curriculum directed at the workforce for the nuclear industry and development of classes for undergraduate/master and energy certification program.

Progress Made During the Reporting Period

Progress reports on existing and new programs (nine grants) are given below.

Florida Advanced Technological Education Center (FLATE)

PI: Dr. Marilyn Barger, Hillsborough Community College

FLATE External Collaborators: Brevard Community College; Tallahassee Community College; Daytona State College; Central Florida Community College; Polk State College; Florida State College at Jacksonville; Valencia Community College; Palm Beach State College; School District Hillsborough County; Florida Department of Education – Division of Adult and Career Education; West Side Technical School; USF College of Engineering; Madison Area Technical College ATE project for Alternative Energy certifications; Milwaukee Area Technical College Energy Conservation and Advanced Manufacturing Center (ECAM); Florida Energy Workforce Consortium (FEWC); TECO; Progress Energy; ISTEC (Ibero Science and Technology Education Consortium), Usurbil GLBHI (Spain); TKNIKA - Innovation Institute for Vocational Training (Spain); Center for Energy workforce Consortium (CEWD); UF Industrial Assessment Center; CREATE NSF Center for Alternative Energy; EST2 NSF ATE Grant project; DOE's Office of Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy; Gulf Coast State College; Palm Beach State College; University of South Florida's College of Engineering; University of Miami; University of Alabama; Rutgers University; Energy Reduction Solution, SMC Corporation of America, Energy Conservation Group; Florida Solar Energy Consortium; Tampa Bay Regional Business Plan Energy Efficiency and Conservation Sub-Committee.

Summary

FESC partnered with Florida Advanced Technological Education Center (FLATE) to develop statewide curriculum frameworks for technical A.S./A.A.S. degree programs supporting existing and new energy business sectors.

FLATE develops and processes through the FLDOE the industry-validated student competencies of the frameworks. FLATE also develops new courses required for each new program of study. Additionally FLATE helps state and community colleges implement the new frameworks in their institutions. To support the new curriculum, FLATE works closely with the FESC Public Outreach and Industry Partnership programs to provide professional development opportunities for teachers and faculty to upgrade and update their knowledge base.

Project Activities, Results and Accomplishments

Fourth Annual FESC State College Energy Workshop

This year's event is scheduled for May 22nd, 2015 from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. at Hillsborough Community College (HCC) Brandon Campus. Presenters include Jay Matteson – Director of Institute for Energy & Environmental Sustainability (Palm Beach State College), April Harley – Supplier Diversity, Business Development (Duke Energy) and Kathryn Frederick Wheeler – State Supervisor of Architecture & Construction / Energy, Florida Department of Education. The afternoon session will include a panel of individuals who work with sustainability at their colleges and tour of HCC. Lunch and refreshments will be provided. A registration fee is not charged for the workshops, but pre-registration is required.

Annual FESC Workshop/Forum Participation

FLATE's abstract "Matching Training to Industry Needs: FLATE-FESC Grant Accomplishments 2008-2015" was accepted and staff will present their work as a poster and orally at the annual FESC Workshop in the Education and Workforce sessions in Orlando on May 20th, 2015.

Expansion of Colleges' Sustainability Efforts

FLATE conducted extensive research to find out which colleges are currently engaged in collegewide sustainability programs and of these, which have staff dedicated to sustainability on their campus. The resulting article, "Sustainability in Florida Colleges", was published in the FLATE FOCUS newsletter and on the FESC website. In addition, findings will be shared at the Florida Colleges Energy Education Forum in May, during the sustainability panel comprising individuals directly involved in sustainability on their campuses.

Additional Course Development

FLATE will be supporting new courses expected to be required for both the Smart Grid Technician program and the Relay Technician program at Lake Sumter State College. Skills definitions are just now being outlined from industry and work will begin mid-late summer.

College Program Implementation Assistance

FLATE has been working with Lake Sumter State College on development of the Electrical Relay Specialization for the Engineering Technology Degree that will start this Fall, 2015. New curriculum frameworks are being developed and new courses added to the program. FLATE has also worked with Palm Beach State College on their Alternative Energy Engineering Technology certificate program and on the development of a Smart Grid Certificate attached to their Electrical Power Technology, A.S. degree program. FLATE has been a mentor for both colleges providing guidance and review of programs and courses. Both colleges now regularly attend the Engineering technology Forum and the annual FESC Florida Colleges Energy Education Forum.

FLDOE Framework and Course Reviews

FLATE assisted the Florida Department of Education in the review of the curriculum framework and content for the 'Fundamentals of Energy' and 'Introduction to Energy and Career Planning' courses. This effort is preliminary to the work for articulation development in #9 below, which will begin early this summer.

Smart Grid Technologies Feasibility and Workforce Needs

FLATE coordinated an occupational analysis workshop for the Smart Grid Technician program in Florida, April 23-24 at Palm Beach State College. The workshop was facilitated by the Advanced Technology Environmental and Energy Center (ATEEC) and sponsored by the National Science Foundation (NSF). This is one of many Job Task Analysis (JTA) workshops being held across the country to better inform and guide our educational communities as they attempt to meet the emerging technician-level workforce demands in the area of energy technology.

Participants included 12 smart grid content experts from the education and industry realms as well as individuals who have an understanding of how existing courses for secondary students connect to students enrolling in Electrical Power Technology and Engineering Technology programs at the postsecondary level. The workshop will took place over two days with the goal of gathering input on the real-world tasks and functions of the Smart Grid Technician job. The report generated will be published and available for download in June 2015.

Articulation Development for Fundamentals of Energy Certification

Florida Energy Workforce Consortium Planning Meeting, Orlando - (January, 2015) The meeting was held by FEWC and hosted by Siemens to solicit outside input in shaping the future of the consortium. FLATE highlighted the FESC/EST2 Summer Camps and Camp-in-a-Box resources, which are now posted on the FETN site. FETN Meeting (June 2015) FLATE will be presenting at the Florida Energy Teachers Network (FETN) Workshop in Longwood, June 17-18 and is working to develop an articulation for the Fundamentals of Energy Certification to the existing A.S. Engineering Technology / ET Core and Energy specializations.

Dissemination at Community College Workforce Venues

Florida Energy Teachers Network Meeting (June 2015) - FLATE highlighted the FESC/EST2 Summer Camps and Camp-in-a-Box resources, which are now posted on the FETN site. **FESC Research Workshop** – May, 2015 - "Matching Training to Industry Needs: FLATE-FESC Grant Accomplishments 2008-2015"

Florida Colleges Energy Education Forum – May, 2015 - Sustainability in Florida Colleges **Engineering Technology Forum** – April, 2015 – Partnered with Lake Sumter State College to present on their A.S. Engineering Technology Degree with Relay/Substation Tech Specialization Degree. RCNET also presented on the ongoing work at their center, particularly in Florida.

Newsletter Articles

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FLATE submitted an article for the Fall FESC Newsletter, "Sustainability Staffing in Florida Colleges" and will be submitting an article about outcomes of the recent Job Task analysis Workshop for the Smart Grid Technician program for the Spring/Summer newsletter.

Buildings and Energy: Design and Operation Vs. Sustainability

PIs: Dr. Prabir Barooah, Dr. Duzgun Agdas, and Dr. Ravi S. Srinivasan

Project start date: May 16, 2014 Project end date: May 15, 2015

Summary

To achieve higher standards in building design and operation, a solid foundation of energy engineering and sustainability principles is essential. At UF engineering, there are no courses offered to students and industry professionals in energy topics particularly related to buildings, specifically for the design and operation in Florida climate conditions. This project fills this void through the development of an energy engineering course.

Goals and Objectives

1. To develop and offer an online undergraduate/graduate energy engineering course for Florida-specific building design and operation.

Project Activities, Results and Accomplishments

Progress made during the reporting period:

- The undergraduate / graduate course was mostly designed during summer and Fall 2014, and was taught in Fall 2014.
- Application for permanent course number has been filed in Summer 2014. The permanent numbers have not been assigned yet. As a result, the course was taught in Fall 2014 under "special topics" course numbers EML 6934 / EML 4930 under the Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering Department.
- This course is also available via UF Edge (online course). Video recordings of all lectures are available in UF Edge for access by students taking the online version of this course.
- For the benefit of the State of Florida, the building energy modeling project specifically focuses on a retrofit of an existing building in UF campus, i.e., Rinker Hall. The selection of this retrofit project was crucial as students will learn the issues related to Florida-specific climate and the nuances of modeling, calibration, and improving building energy efficiency.
- In Fall 2014, 13 students (8 graduate students and 5 undergraduate students) enrolled in its first term. More students and industry professionals are expected to join in the coming years as the course is advertised via UF EDGE and the course is moved to the college of engineering rather than in a specific department.
- The course was enthusiastically received by the students. Among the three sections of the course and among the three instructors, the student evaluation on 'instructor overall' ranged from 3.5 to 4.75.

Concluding Remarks

This engineering course is a game-changer in respect to buildings and energy. As the course delivery is completed by end of Fall term, the PIs have planned to focus on advertising this course to industry professionals in the State of Florida with a view to greater enrollment and impact in subsequent offerings.

Publications

None, but a conference presentation in planned based on experience with designing and teaching the course, perhaps in an upcoming ASEE (American Society of Engineering Education) conference.

Renewable Energy Education Program at USF's Patel College of Global Sustainability

PI: George Philippidis, Ph.D., University of South Florida (USF)

Project Description

Given the strong international outlook for renewable energy and Florida's rich natural assets of year-round warm weather, sunshine, and biomass (top generator in the US), the State of Florida has a unique opportunity to become a national leader in the development of sustainable power and fuels. A key component of such an undertaking is the specialized education required to prepare a green workforce, a workforce capable of running and managing the green economy. Professionals skilled in sustainable practices and renewable energy are already in high demand by companies in the solar, wind, and biomass sectors and by technology innovators developing the next generation of solar cells, biofuels and green hydrocarbons from biomass and algae, smart grid, energy efficiency, and energy storage. The goal of this project is to establish an education program in renewable energy at USF's Patel College of Global Sustainability (PCGS). We will implement a new, fully online and on-campus concentration in Renewable Energy as part of the College's existing M.A. in Global Sustainability. Our goal is to place the State of Florida in a position to educate, train, and prepare students for the green jobs of today and tomorrow.

Budget: \$85,101

Universities: USF

External Collaborators: Culture Fuels Inc. and Dr. Steve Clarke (retired from Florida Crystals Corporation)

Summary of Progress

(1) Renewable Transportation Fuels (IDS 6207)

The course was offered for the first time in Fall 2014 in campus (session 001) and on line (session 201). It was taught by Dr. Philippidis on Tuesdays at 6:00-8:45 pm at USF's Patel Center and through the canvas system online. The first roster consisted of 13 graduate students in class and 4 graduate students on line.

The course focused on conventional renewable fuels from corn and sugarcane and advanced biofuels from cellulosic biomass and algae. Technology, economics, financing, policy, market penetration and prospects, regulatory, and sustainability aspects were presented and discussed.

The course was delivered in the form of weekly modules, each one consisting of a power point presentation, assigned readings from the selected textbook and the literature, and in-depth discussion, both in class and on line. Additional narrated material was posted on canvas for the on-line students, which was produced by the instructor with the assistance of USF's Innovative Education.

Guest speakers participated in 3 of the lectures: Dr. Steve Clarke (formerly Director of Industrial Research with Florida Crystals Corporation), Dr. John Kuhn (Assistant Professor at the University of South Florida), and Mr. Lawrence Walmsley (CEO of Culture Fuels Inc.). Their presentations were recorded professionally and posted on canvas for access by the on-line students.

Two exams were administered, a mid-term and a comprehensive final. For the research project the students selected their individual topic of interest and were mentored by the instructor. The students presented their research findings to their classmates and produced individual written reports at the end of the semester.

Course evaluation was conducted using two means: (1) USF's official Student Assessment of Instruction and (2) Surveys developed specifically for this class in collaboration with USF's Associate Professor Ali Yalcin from the Department of Industrial Engineering (per contract agreement).

Overall, assessment was very complimentary with a rating of 4.9/5.0 from the on-campus students (response ratio 77%) and a rating of 5.0/5.0 from the on-line students (response ration 75%). Recommendations by the students regarding ways to further improve the course are being analyzed and will be implemented in August 2015 during the preparation of the second offering of the course in Fall 2015.

(2) Renewable Power Portfolio (IDS 6208)

The course was offered for the first time in Spring 2015 as part of the Patel College's MA in Global Sustainability: on-campus (session 001) and on-line (session 201). It was taught by the PI of this grant (Dr. Philippidis) on Tuesdays at 6:00-8:45 pm at USF's Patel Center and through the canvas system online. The roster consisted of 23 graduate students on campus and 5 graduate students on line, a 65% increase in enrollment over Fall semester's energy course.

The course focused on the various forms of renewable power: solar water heating, photovoltaics, concentrating solar power, wind, geothermal, bioenergy, and ocean energy. Technology, economics, financing, policy, market penetration and prospects, regulatory, and sustainability aspects will be presented for each of these forms of renewable energy.

The course was delivered in the form of weekly modules, each one consisting of a power point presentation, assigned readings from the selected textbook and the literature, and in-depth discussion, both in class and on line. Additional narrated material is posted on canvas for the on-line students, which was produced by the instructor with the assistance of USF's Innovative Education group.

Guest speakers participated in 3 of the lectures: Mr. Robert Singh (WTEC) on the topic of PV energy, Mr. Buck Martinez (FPL, Florida Power and Light) on the topic of wind energy, and Mr. Markus Althausen (CEO of ClimeCo International) on the topic of bioenergy through anaerobic digestion. Their presentations were recorded professionally and posted on canvas for access by the on-line students.

Two exams were administered, a mid-term and a comprehensive final. For the research project the students were split into teams of two and selected their topic of interest under the mentorship of the instructor. The students presented their research findings to their classmates and will produce individual written reports at the end of the semester.

Course evaluation were conducted using two means: (1) USF's official Student Assessment of Instruction and (2) Surveys developed specifically for this class in collaboration with USF's Associate Professor Ali Yalcin from the Department of Industrial Engineering (per contract agreement). The results are currently being analyzed.

In summary, the project is progressing according to schedule.

Funds leveraged/New partnerships created

Discussions are being held with other Colleges to market the courses as electives to graduate students from around the University. Students from Environmental Science and Policy have already enrolled in the Renewable Power Portfolio course.

Proposals

A proposal entitled "Development of Sustainable Energy-Water-Food Nexus Course" was submitted to FESC for funding on Oct. 31, 2014. Expanding on the Energy Concentration area recently created at USF's Patel College of Global Sustainability (PCGS) for its M.A. Program in Global Sustainability, we proposed the creation and delivery of a graduate-level interdisciplinary course entitled "Sustainable Energy-Water-Food Nexus", which will capture the essential interdependencies of the Energy, Water, and Food sectors in today's grey economy and create a solid foundation for tomorrow's green economy. This nexus is often missed or undervalued in existing courses, so the proposed course comes to close the gap and incorporate sustainable water and food considerations into renewable energy through the collaboration of multidisciplinary faculty.

The course will be offered in on-campus and in-class formats simultaneously and will thus become available to students and professionals across the State of Florida. A novel component of the course will be the participation of expert guest speakers from the University of Florida, which will enhance USF-UF collaboration among faculty and will help disseminate nexus knowledge to students in Florida and beyond.

<u>Public Utility Economics: International Infrastructure with Focus on Energy Sustainability in Florida</u> <u>and the Nation (Undergraduate level course)</u>

PI Name: Mark Jamison, Public Utility Research Center, University of Florida Research Interests and Contact Information

Co-PI: Colin Knapp

Description: This project creates a 4 credit hour elective course on energy sustainability offered by the Public Utility Research Center to be taught in the Warrington College of Business Administration (WCBA), a non-credit course offered online, and a video archive that can be used for multiple purposes, including allowing future UF students to access the course online if there are sufficient resources.

Project Start Date: 1/1/2014

Project Development Period: 8/1/2015

Summary

The 4 credit hour economics elective course on the economics of energy sustainability (GEB 4930) was taught in the Fall 2014 and Spring 2015 terms. The course was offered by the Warrington College of Business at the University of Florida. The last offering of the course was recorded so that a non-credit course can be offered online, and a video archive can be used for multiple purposes, including allowing future UF students to access the course online if there are sufficient resources. One of the benefits to the state of the video archive, is that Florida citizens will be able to become better informed about topics related to the economics of energy sustainability.

The course was targeted to upper level undergraduates who had taken Principles of Microeconomics. Most students who registered were Economics majors, but the course also attracted students from the following majors: Marketing, Psychology, Sustainability and the Built Environment, Political Science, Telecommunications, Information Systems, General Business Administration, and Sustainability Studies. Enrollment consisted of 23 students in the Fall term, and 28 in the Spring term.

The course had two exams and a 12-15 page final student project. The project consisted on having students research a sustainability topic and present their results in 10 minute presentations to the class. Students

chose to cover a wide ranging set of topics which included: Solar power, Wind power, Sustainability of electrified rail transport in Florida, Nuclear power, Sustainability of agriculture in Florida, Carbon tax, Bioenergy, Biofuel, Energy Reform, EPA's clean power plan, Electric cars, Green Roofs, Natural Gas use in Florida, Ocean Current potential in Florida, Waste Heat Recovery, Natural Gas use in Fleet Transportation, Water Scarcity and Agricultural Irrigation issues in Florida, Sustainability in Urban Environments, Ramifications of Animal Agriculture, Sustainability in the Supply Chain, Biogas, Florida's Coral Reef, Sustainable Architecture, and Sustainability in Aquaculture/Aquaponics.

After all the presentations were completed in the Fall term, four students were selected for a panel on Energy Sustainability at the Bob Graham Center for Public Service which took place on January 15th, 2015. The event was publicized via email to various departments and had relatively high attendance (roughly 50 attendees), it lasted for 2 hours. Attendees included professors and staff members from several departments, parents and family members of the presenters, the general public and students. The event was open to the general public. One of the benefits of this public event to the general Florida public was that people from outside of the University of Florida had access to free presentations on topics of energy sustainability. Attendees asked questions and seemed engaged with the topics.



Picture taken from the Bob Graham Website showing the Bob Graham Center Energy Sustainability Panel.

The course was taught without a textbook. Instead, journal articles and other electronic sources were used in addition to a few book chapters. PURC's Body of Knowledge on Infrastructure Regulation was made available for background reading.

The following topics were covered in the lectures: Infrastructure Utility Market Structure, Energy Sustainability, Electricity Mix, Cost Benefit Analysis, Environmental Policies, Coal, Taxes and Subsidies, Energy Efficiency, Off Grid Solar (applied to poor rural areas), Economics of Climate Change, Renewable Energy Generation, Biofuels, Value of Solar, Transportation, Pollution Abatement, Environmental Law, Public Economics aspects of sustainability issues, Nuclear power, Political Economy aspects of sustainability issues, Intermittency and its Economic Implications, and Cap and Trade.

The course also had several guess lecturers present topics related to sustainability. The topics covered in these guest lectures were (note: only the Challenges in CO₂ abatement lecture was recorded): Clean Air Act Legislation (from an environmental engineering perspective), Challenges in CO₂ Abatement, and the use of

Climatology models in hydroelectric dam storage use. The Spring 2015 also attended a public lecture on Smart Grids.

Introducing Specialization in "Sustainable Energy Systems" for Under-Graduate Students in Engineering at the University of West Florida

PI: Dr. Bhuvaneswari Ramachandran, Assistant Professor, Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, University of West Florida

Co-PI: Dr. Muhammad H Rashid, Professor, Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering University of West Florida

Project Time Period: Aug 2014 to July 2016

Summary and Progress

The objective of this proposal is to introduce a specialization in "Sustainable Energy Systems" for Undergraduate Engineering students at the University of West Florida that could also be used to educate industry professionals towards workforce development. The courses have been designed from the perspective of energy system planning, a subject that has always been complex and evolving rapidly during the past 10-15 years to accommodate dramatic changes in the industry. These changes include the ongoing transformation of the nation's generation portfolio from being heavily dependent on fossil fuels to one that is heavily dependent on renewables (especially wind and solar) and the need for operating competitive electricity markets.

The courses designed under this specialization will assist professionals in understanding the limits of our present energy systems and lead us to a future in which we can continue to provide reliable and secure energy resources for improved human quality of life. The proposed specialization program focuses on electrical engineering sources and systems that are non-polluting, conserving of energy and natural resources, economically viable and safe for workers, communities and consumers. Coursework takes a systems level and interdisciplinary approach to solving seemingly intractable sustainable energy problems, as opposed to single disciplinary and locally optimized approaches destined to yield marginal positive impacts. Students will be able to create study programs suited to their interests and aspirations through their choice of electives and design projects. The course is electrical engineering-based but also covers a wider range of topics including economics, sustainability and environmental studies.

Discussions to offer this course as a certificate course are going on between faculty and Continuing Education department of the University. According to the designed curriculum, students were to take 4 courses from within the Specialization Core (12 credits) and one elective on Environmental Law.

Year-1	Fall 2014	Renewable Energy Systems		
	Summer 2015	Future Energy Systems		
Year-2	Fall 2015	Power Electronics and Drives		
	Summer 2015	Sustainable Power Systems: Planning, Operation, and Markets		
Elective	Fall/Spring	Environmental Law		

The timeline for offering courses under this specialization is

Since Oct 2014, the online study material for Future Energy Systems course which is second on the list of courses for specialization has been prepared and lecture notes are setup to aid the students in understanding the significance of sustainable energy systems. Please refer to syllabus below for the detailed course content for this course.

EEL 4990 - Future Energy Systems Course Syllabus

General Information

Semester: Summer 2015

Course: EEL 4990 Future Energy Systems **Instructor:** Dr. Bhuvana Ramachandran

Email: <u>bramachandran@uwf.edu</u>, <u>BR@uwf.edu</u>

<u>Course Description and Scope</u>: Study and analyze renewable energy sources and their integration into the grid, microgrid, smart grid power management, plug in electric vehicles, modern energy storage technologies, energy efficient buildings, cyber security and other new technologies that are revolutionizing the power industry.

Credits: 3 Credits

Course Delivery: Through online.

<u>Course Web Page</u>: All course handouts (e.g., syllabus, problem sets and solutions, lecture notes, lecture reference material, exam solutions, etc.) will be posted to <u>https://elearning.uwf.edu</u>. <u>Prerea/Correa</u>: EEL3111- Electric Circuits-1.

Topics covered:

1) Concept of power plant efficiency and the implications for Co₂ emission impacts and appreciate the differences among main power plant variations,

2) Classical economic evaluation of power plant worth for energy and capacity (power), Concept of "levelized cost of energy" and how this tool can be used to evaluate and compare traditional coal or hydro with new solar or wind energy resource options,

3) Basic distributed energy resources elements and how these "demand side" resources work to benefit the g r i d,

4) Overview of renewable energy sources, smart devices for smart grids (inverters, meters, home area networks etc),

5) Current state of US power grid with examples of blackouts and brown outs,

6) Examples of small residential grid connected system and large scale grid connected plants,

7) Micro grids (residential and commercial scale) architecture, planning, centralized management and budgeting, Microgrids Vs macrogrids, network management service,

8) Tradeoffs between centralized versus distributed systems, overviews of current topologies,

Challenges of local power generation (connection to the grid, dynamic loads, storage, power production deficit or over planning),

9) Emerging microgrid test bed examples, examples of demand side and load management, power line and other signaling approaches for flexible tariff scheduling of generation and load pattern,

10) Overview of current storage technologies, Storage integration into grid at various levels (small, medium and large-scales),

11) Electrification of transportation by means of plug in electric vehicles, G2V and V2G technologies and smart grid bi directional communication for sending price signal,

12) PSCAD modeling of smart grid with renewable energy sources,

13) Stability and control of smart grid,

14) Cyber security and protection aspects of smart grid

15) Green building concept- Energy management options- energy auditing and energy targeting, Energy efficiency of buildings

Textbook:

1) **Principles of Sustainable Energy Systems, Second Edition,** Frank Kreith, Susan Krumdieck., Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering Series, August 19, 2013 by CRC Press. ISBN 9781466556966 - CAT# K15449

2) Sustainable Energy: Choosing Among Options- Jefferson W. Tester, Elisabeth M. Drake ,Michael J. Driscoll ,Michael W. Golay and William A. Peters, The MIT Press; Second Edition (September 28, 2012), ISBN-10: 0262017474, ISBN-13: 978-0262017473.

Course outcomes:

1) Understand and evaluate alternative modes of energy supply and their interplay, including renewable, fossil-fuelled and nuclear-based supply.

2) Recognize the physics of environmental issues, including greenhouse effect and global climate change.
 3) Quantify current energy supplies and demands. Learn and appreciate the importance of geopolitical/social

context in sustainability analysis.

4) Describe integration of intermittent renewable electricity into grid system and compare the efficiency of different energy storage solutions (e.g., batteries, fuel cell and hydrogen storage).

5) Solve simulation problems by designing and developing microgrids for residential, commercial and industrial communities.

6) Demonstrate an understanding of Smart Grid, electric transportation and smart building concepts and correlate these concepts to real life scenarios.

7) Complete a comprehensive design project, working in teams of two students each, that involves both oral and written communication of results.

Grading:

Online test-1: 20 points Online test-2- 20 points Design project: 10 points Final Exam: 50 Points

Grading Scale:

$93+ \leq$	A \leq	100
90+ \leq	$A-\!\leq$	93—
$87+ \leq$	B+ \leq	90—
$83+ \leq$	B \leq	87—
$80+ \leq$	$B-\leq$	83—
75+ \leq	C+ \leq	80—
70+ \leq	$C \leq$	75—
$65+ \leq$	D+ \leq	70—
$60+ \leq$	D \leq	65—
$0 \leq$	$F \leq$	60—

Note that a grade of incomplete (I) will only be issued to a student if all requirements stated in the UWF undergraduate catalog have been met. See <u>http://catalog.uwf.edu/undergraduate/aca</u> <u>demicpolicies/grades/#gradesofincomplete.</u>

I have also attached a snapshot of e-learning site at our university to indicate the level of interest displayed by students towards this specialization. We had originally set the maximum number of students to 45. But due to the huge interest shown by students, we increased the number of seats to 58 and there is still 1 more student on waiting list hoping to register himself for this course.

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Fall 2015			*
Summer 2015			^
50041 - EEL4990 Future Energy Systems (3 hours) Tech: Distance Learning 80% or more Start / End: 05/11 - 08/07 Part of Term: 1 - Full Term	Campus: Online Campus	58 / 58 enrolled 1 on wait list	Details

We in the Electrical and Computer Engineering department at UWF, recently confirmed a study abroad partnership with a leading University in France (INSA, Lyon). A bilateral agreement has been signed between the two institutions that paves way for student exchange for study as well as faculty collaboration for research. We expect this study abroad program to bring more interested students into the specialization. Since I have a grader to evaluate the tests and projects, we have set a maximum limit of 60 students for this summer course.

Solar Energy Technologies: Fundamentals and Applications in Buildings

PI: Cheng-Xian (Charlie) Lin, Ph.D., Associate Professor, Department of Mechanical and Materials Engineering, Florida International University

Project Description

This project develops a new online course in solar energy technologies, with emphasis on solar applications in buildings, taking account the unique solar resource and infrastructure in the state of Florida. The course will be offered completely online through the Blackboard Learn system. The course targets senior undergraduate students and entry level graduate students who study in FIU as well as other universities in the state of Florida. The course will be offered at least once a year. Students will earn 3 credit hours by taking the course in the Spring, Fall, and/or Summer semesters.

Summary

A project account has been set up for this project in Florida International University on Nov. 11, 2014.

The new course has been reviewed and approved by the College of Engineering and Computing Curriculum Committee, and the University Curriculum Committee at FIU. The course has been published in the university's Curriculum Bulletin 4. During this reporting period, the PI has discussed the related faculty members at FIU to clarify and refine the scope of the new course.

The PI is currently in the process of collecting, evaluating, and preparing teaching materials. Once a new course number is issued, the PI will work with the FIU Online department to design a fully online course.

Funds leveraged/new partnerships created: The PI is exploring how to leverage the FESC funds for new collaborations or proposals.

<u>A Certificate Program to Enhance Sustainable Behavior Change Competencies for Educational Outreach</u> <u>Professionals</u>

PI: Laura A. Sanagorski Warner, Ed.D., Assistant Professor, Department of Agricultural Education and Communication, Center for Landscape Conservation and Ecology, University of Florida/IFAS

Project Description: This project supports the development of a certificate program targeting Extension and other educational professionals who conduct outreach education to encourage energy conservation. The aim of this program is to improve the process of program delivery and ultimately increase the adoption of energy-conserving behaviors among participants' clients. This project is important because people need to change their behaviors to overcome environmental challenges. A major focus of this program is program development and delivery incorporating principles of *social marketing*, the application of traditional marketing principles to programs that encourage behavior change that benefits individuals and the communities in which they live. This certificate program has the potential to reach the thousands of individuals who are taught by participants.

Progress Summary: During the current reporting period, the materials for eight modules were completed and delivered to the instructional design team. Prior to delivering the modules we piloted the educational materials with a University of Florida Sustainability and the Built Environment class. Feedback and edits from the students were subsequently incorporated into final drafts of the modules. The instructional design team is currently working on building the online course. Three presentations were given during this reporting period resulting in a list of approximately 50 individuals who are interested in signing up for the course once it goes live.

We faced an unanticipated challenge that emerged in January. At the time we created the budget for our project proposal, University of Florida's Distance and Continuing Education (DCE), the project's design team did not charge for development and delivery of online, non-credit certificate programs. Therefore we did not request funds for this part of the project. DCE reorganized and changed several procedures, and informed us that there now is a charge for these services. The PI and Co-PI were able to secure funding for building the online program, which was generously provided by the UF Department of Agricultural Education and Communication. Once this issue was resolved, project design moved forward after a slight delay.

Specific milestones are detailed below: October 2014:

- Project awarded
- Began meeting with UF instructional designers

November 2014 - December 2014

- Certificate program module design
- Pilot tested paper-based certificate program with Students (n = 12) enrolled in UF Practicum in Sustainability and the Built Environment (DCP 4941/DCP 6931) class
- Gave a presentation on this forthcoming program at UF In-service training: *Pharmaceuticals and Personal Care Products (PPCPs)*

January 2015 - February 2015

- Module revision with student feedback into final program components
- Ongoing meetings with instructional designers

March 2015

- Instructional designers delivered the framework for the forthcoming program
- Instructional design ongoing

• Submitted abstract and poster proposal to annual FESC conference

April 2015

- Presented a poster on this program at the Department of Agricultural Education and Communication Research and Extension Symposium
- Gave a presentation on this program at UF In-service training: *The Sustainable Floridians Program: From Soup to Nuts*
- Instructional design ongoing

In the upcoming months, the video recordings for course lectures will be completed and the final product should be delivered by the designers. We will also begin broader advertising activities as put forth in the proposal. Soon thereafter, course enrollment and participation will begin.

Funds leveraged/new partnerships created

FESC funds have been leveraged by using students and staff to pilot and review the educational materials. Additionally, the AEC department has committed funding to the development of this course.

New collaborations				
Partner name	Title or short description of the collaboration	Funding, if applicable		
Florida Office of Energy	Has a listserv that will be used to advertise the			
(John Leeds)	program			
Florida Association of	Has a web site that will be used to advertise the			
Museums	program			
League of	Has a listserv that will be used to advertise the			
Environmental	program			
Educators in Florida				

Grants Awarded					
Title	Agency	Reference Number	PI, Co- investigators and collaborators	Period of Performance	Funding awarded
A Certificate Program to Enhance Sustainable Behavior Change Competencies for Energy- Focused Educational Outreach Professionals	University of Florida	Award # 00071381	Laura Warner, PI Kathryn Stofer, CO-PI	November 2014 - March 2015	\$18,102.26

Educational Modules in Support of Sustainable Energy Courses

PI: Juan C. Ordonez, Associate Professor of Mechanical Engineering, FAMU-FSU College of Engineering, Energy and Sustainability Center (Director), Center for Advanced Power Systems, Florida State University

Project Description: A series of educational modules on sustainable energy are proposed. The modules will be incorporated initially into existing courses in sustainable energy, thermal fluids and senior design at the FAMU-FSU College of Engineering and later components will be used in non-engineering courses on sustainable energy. The period of performance of this proposal is one year, and during this time modules and supporting material will be developed. The departments and centers involved are committed to give continuity to this effort. The midterm goal is that what is initiated in this project will progress towards a collection of modules that can be assemble into self-standing online courses with hundreds of students as well as hand-picked material to support courses in the energy field. The proposed modules emphasize on real systems and devices to elaborate on relevant aspects of sustainable energy, differing in this way from available online course material. In particular, we propose to develop the modules around FSU's Off-Grid Zero Emissions Building (OGZEB), designed by FSU's Energy and Sustainability Center (ESC) to serve as an energy efficient prototype for developing and testing cutting edge, sustainable energy technologies in both residential and commercial settings. The modules will refer to the OGZEB and use its systems to illustrate different concepts. This will provide continuity to the material, and motivate students through exposure to concrete systems.

The modules proposed are structured into three parts:

- Part I provides an overview of the current energy situation and the status of sustainable technologies that are expected to play a significant role in the future of energy conversion.
- Part II deals with sustainable energy conversion technologies. It covers aspects of photovoltaics, biofuels from microalgae, solar thermal, and fuel cells.
- Part III is on sustainable energy utilization and it covers three modules on two of the major energy demanding sectors: transportation and space heating as well as a module introducing control techniques for energy systems aimed at consumption reduction and improved efficiency.

These modules will be incorporated initially to courses in Mechanical Engineering (EML 4450/5451 Energy Conversion Systems for Sustainability and EML 4452/5453 Sustainable Power Generation), and Electrical Engineering (EEL 4280/ 5285 – Renewable Energy I). Also, due to the nature of the modules and demos, it is expected that they will incorporate well into capstone senior design courses in engineering, and support graduate and undergraduate technical elective classes with energy components. We expect that the incorporation of hardware demos, will enhance the student experience and contribute to motivate them to further pursue developments relevant to the future of Florida's economy in the energy field.

The project will be conducted in two phases. Phase I will have a budget of \$40K to produce two videos. After evaluation to satisfaction \$35K will be made available for Phase II to continue the project. The videos in Module 5 and Module 8 will be produced during Phase I. In the content below, items in *italic* font indicate a demo/module component that will be developed making use of FSU Off-grid Zero Emissions Building subsystems (OGZEB) and supporting infrastructure at the Energy Sustainability Center (ESC). Items in normal font will be part of the material developed but will not necessarily use hardware demonstrations or videos. (*) Refers to a module that will make use of materials/supplies.

Module 5: Solar Photovoltaic

The solar resource: *OGZEB -solar irradiance measurements (pyrheliometer and pyranometer). Semiconductors Solar cells Solar tracking: *Solar tracking lab demo at the OGZEB Power converters for photovoltaic systems: **Demo of PV converters used in the OGZEB*. Current and future outlook

Module 8: Biofuels from Microalgae Introduction, algae strands, oil content, current status Algae productivity, biofuel potential? Methods of cultivation Methods of extraction Current research efforts (e.g. hydrogen production from microalgae, and compact photobioreactors): * *Microalgae cultivation*

We had an initial planning meeting and met members of the Learning Systems Institute to discuss possibilities to partner in the video production and leverage resources.

	New Collaborations	
Partner name	Title or short description of the collaboration	Funding, if applicable
FSU, Learning Systems Institute	Collaboration on educational video production	Each part effort is funded separately

At the moment the contract is being finalized and we expect to begin work soon.

Renewable Energies and Sustainability Education

CO-PI's: Dr. Ryan Integlia, Electrical and Computer Engineering, Florida Polytechnic University and Dr. Sesha Srinivasan, Physics/Innovation and Technology, Florida Polytechnic University

Team Participants:

Mr. Gary Albarelli, Florida Industrial and Phosphate Research Dr. Brian Birky, Florida Industrial and Phosphate Research Dr. Jorge Vargas, Electrical and Computer Engineering Dr. Jaspreet Dhau, Chemistry and Business

Summary: This education proposal is aimed at developing a stand-alone course content accessibility, conducting competitions and workshop that can be offered to undergraduate and graduate students at the Florida Polytechnic University as an elective. The related course materials would be available and accessible by the general public and may provide added awareness and public outreach. This work will be aligned with the renewable energy and sustainability initiatives at the University. This course will create awareness and engagement of various renewable energy systems, technologies promoting sustainable, and economic development concepts supporting entrepreneurship among students and industry (Mosaic and others) that impacts the workforce and the economy of Florida.

Curriculum Description: The proposed course "Renewable Energy Systems and Sustainability" (EEL 3287) is part of new discovery track of courses which will discuss a wide range of energy, sustainability and related applications, which will reflect on the various physical or online resources and how the hybridization of technologies will produce new opportunities for economic development. Some of the topics discussed include harvesting, renewability, sustainability, storage, materials utilization, renewable energy & sustainability entrepreneurship, smart grid and infrastructure integration.

The team will explore curriculum that includes a Renewable Energy Systems and Sustainability course. On successful implementation and outcome of the above mentioned EEL 3287 course, the co-PIs may explore the potential development of an advanced undergraduate course and a graduate course as part of the future work.

Students supported by the project: Joseph Prine, James Mulharan , Eric Vickers, Arthur Malanga

External collaborators: Clean Energy Research Center, University of South Florida and Princeton University

Summary of progress since October 1, 2014.

Our educational project was recently approved.We are planning to design and develop undergraduate curriculum on Renewable Energy and Sustainable Technologies. During this summer period, the PIs and other participants will create modules and other course related materials. In fall 2015 semester, we will make an effort to actually integrate the course curriculum with Learning Management System (CANVAS).

Funds leveraged/new partnerships created:

			New Collaboration	ns		
Partner na	ime	Title or short description of the collaboration		Funding, if	Funding, if applicable	
Synergena	Synergena Inc. Water remediation (environmental) technologies Collaborative proprepared		ve proposal			
Mosaic LLC Algal destruction in water bodies Preliminary dis was underway						
			lity was held and inter reenEdge, Chastain, M Proposals			artners,
Title	Agenc	cy Reference Number	PI, Co- investigators and collaborators	Funding requested	Project time frame (1 year, 2 years, etc.)	Date submitted
Thermal Energy Storage	DOE- Sunsho		Sarada Kuravi (NMSU), Sesha Srinivasan (FL Poly) et al	\$3M	2 Years	02/21/2015

OUTREACH

FESC outreach program leverages the existing network of UF extension offices to reach out to each of our communities. The Florida Cooperative Extension Service has experience developing and delivering educational programs and products related to energy and resource-efficient community development with emphasis on housing. These programs and products include targeted continuing education courses for licensed builders, architects, engineers, landscape architects, interior designers, and others. Also, the UF Program for Resource Efficient Communities is an interdisciplinary group that promotes the adoption of best design, construction, and management practices in new residential master planned developments.



The goal of the program is to develop educational outreach programs and materials designed to deliver practical, applicable information and knowledge on energy-related topics to the general public as well as targeted to specific audiences such as builders, planners, engineers, architects, small businesses, local governments, and utilities through the Cooperative Extension Service and others. By focusing educational programming on climate and efficient use of energy and water, the program aims to provide the knowledge needed by building and energy professionals, local governments, and the general public, to significantly reduce greenhouse gas emissions in Florida.

Outreach Team Members:

- Dr. Pierce Jones, Director, Program for Resource Efficient Communities (PREC)
- Dr. Kathleen C. Ruppert
- Hal S. Knowles III
- Nicholas Taylor
- Dr. Barbra Larson
- Craig Miller
- Ms. M. Jennison Kipp Searcy

FESC provided new funding to the outreach group to continue with their Sustainable FloridianSM Program.

Sustainable FloridiansSM Program, By Kathleen C. Ruppert (kr@ufl.edu)

Rationale for the Program

There is a compelling need to improve environmental, economic, and social sustainability at individual, community, and regional scales1,2. Energy directly impacts sustainability on all of these scales. Recognizing the importance of taking a leadership role in addressing sustainability issues for Florida communities, UF/IFAS Extension adopted statewide Initiatives 3 and 6, Enhancing and conserving Florida's natural resources and environmental quality and Strengthening urban and rural community resources and economic development, respectively, as part of the UF/IFAS Extension Roadmap 2013-2023, indicating the importance of this topic.

The mission of the national Cooperative Extension System is to improve the lives, and meet the ever-changing needs, of American citizens through the consumer-scale application of the academic research knowledge emerging from land grant universities. Through the Sustainable FloridiansSM program participants learn that energy is a part of everything we do in our lives.

Many consumer-oriented programs advertise solutions to address various challenging consumer needs. Yet, solutions are often only relevant to a specific and temporary point in space. Additionally, true differentiation between a problem and a solution requires reflection and intention. In other words, overcoming constraints and realizing new opportunities necessitates that citizens contemplatively look back and consciously move forward toward goal achievement within their community. In terms of offering "solutions," the Sustainable FloridiansSM program develops and iteratively refines its curriculum to provide "enablers" and produce "change agents."

Energy Challenges for Florida Communities include:

- Environmental challenges: conserving resources for the future
 - o Maintain land and water resources for future humans and wildlife
 - o Reduce dependency upon outside resources (fossil fuels, non-local water)
 - o Climate change in Florida: effects on coastal cities, agriculture, wildlife
- Economic challenges: doing more with less
 - o Stressed families, communities, governments, businesses, and community organizations
 - Uneven distribution of economic, social, and environmental assets across and within communities
- Urban challenges:
 - o Maintaining healthy urban/suburban cores
 - Positioning for smarter vs. sprawling future growth
 - o Balancing compactness and green infrastructure
- Rural challenges:
 - Maintaining and diversifying agriculture
 - o Providing essential social services in economically distressed communities
- Urban-Rural challenges:
 - o Building regional strength through increased urban-rural food connections
 - Strengthening regional sense of place.
 - o Disaster preparedness challenges including adaptation, mitigation and resilience.

The Extension Approach to Energy and Climate-related Education

The scope of energy related issues outlined above is extensive. How can this Extension program contribute? The UF/IFAS Extension service already delivers diverse programs that educate citizens about sustainable practices and how to incorporate them into their lives. This program is designed to take advantage of the Extension Service's institutional strengths to deliver holistic sustainable living programming with a social component. This program builds upon strengths in delivering sound, reliable information in a network of existing communication channels throughout the state of Florida and in a setting that creates a civic, nonpartisan "third space." Exercises that go along with the curriculum add an experiential learning element. Providing reliable, research-based information is the first step. There has been a call for education in both formal and non-formal venues to address sustainability issues including "climate literacy".^{3, pg. 575-84} Other issues are equally important: literacy about environmental concerns such as water supply and quality, energy sources and alternatives, etc.

The goal is to provide up-to-date, reliable information with a geographic focus on Florida. This educational component of the program is especially necessary in order to reach the population of newcomers to the state who are unfamiliar with the state's ecology, economy and geography. In so doing, incorporating a 'sense of place' to all who live and/or work in Florida.

<u>Social Learning</u>

A growing field of research is highlighting the importance of social dynamics in bridging the gap between knowledge and action about sustainability. Information alone, or even financial incentives, is not always enough to induce behavioral change that results in more sustainable outcomes for individuals and communities. According to environmental psychologist Doug McKenzie-Mohr, "The cornerstone of sustainability is delivering programs that are effective in changing people's behavior. If we are to make the transition to a sustainable future, we must concern ourselves with what leads individuals to engage in behavior that collectively is sustainable, and design our programs accordingly".^{4, pg.14}

Peer interaction is shown to affect decision making and commitment to change⁵. For this reason, the program is structured to include peer discussions that allow participants to discuss obstacles that stand in the way of adopting sustainable behaviors, as well as solutions to overcoming these obstacles. The peer interaction portion brings in local knowledge, creates group cohesion, and improves chances of lasting behavioral change by taking into account the effect of social processes upon behavioral change. In addition, participants will be working on a personal sustainability plan throughout the course, which they can discuss along the way with their classmates or share with other group members at the final course meeting.

Another hands-on component is record keeping, which will enable participants to become aware of their baseline levels of water and electricity consumption and personal vehicular miles traveled. Participants will be asked to continue to keep records and report their data after the course is completed to gauge the effectiveness of the program. While achieving behavioral changes is difficult, the potential for strengthening communities through cumulative sets of individual actions is real.

Course graduates are strongly encouraged to continue working with their county Extension office upon completion of the course on sustainability-related projects and activities that improve their community. The eventual goal is to develop a group that can assist themselves as well as other households and the community at large in becoming more resilient.

The class has multiple components, from which the leaders adapt as needed to show local needs and situations. Nevertheless, three themes permeate the class: 1) *footprints:* learning about our ecological impacts and how to reduce them; 2) *handprints*: becoming inspired to create positive changes in our communities with synergistic aid of the class and the backing of research-based material, and 3) *connections*: re-thinking the connections among our community, environment, and economy.

Whether the class is a group of varied citizens, members of a government "green team," or a gathering of sustainability-minded local leaders, we believe this program is beneficial in providing the audience with practical information for incorporating sustainable practices into their lives while also increasing their knowledge base about sustainability issues in Florida, which are all related to energy.

Program Mission and Goals

The mission of the Sustainable FloridiansSM program is to guide Floridians on how to take individual responsibility for protecting Earth's limited resources. Through a discussion-to-action format, the program educates participants about making wise use of resources, making households and communities more resilient and financially sound, and understanding the impact of individual lifestyle choices.

<u>Goals</u>

- Improve environmental and financial resilience for participants and communities.
- Provide information that identifies Florida-appropriate targeted actions for conserving resources, including energy and water.
- Motivate participants to implement conservation and efficiency actions that save resources and money.
- Provide a forum that promotes sustainability leadership within the community.

Desired Outcomes

- Creation of participants' individual sustainability action plans that fit their situations, based upon an increase in knowledge about sustainability issues in Florida.
- Reduction in the direct energy and water usage among participants.
- Establishment of a statewide database for energy and water usage and vehicle miles traveled.
- The identification of future community-level actions that can be taken to increase community resilience and sustainability.

Works Cited

- 1. Ehrenfield, J. 2009. Sustainability by Design. Yale University Press.
- 2. Leiserowitz, A., Kates, R., and Parris, T. 2006. Sustainability Values, Attitudes, and Behaviors: A review of Multinational and Global Trends. Vol. 31:413-444.
- 3. Zwick, P. and Carr, M. 2006. *Florida 2060: A population Distribution Scenario for the State of Florida*. Gainesville, FL: Geoplan Center at the University of Florida.
- 4. Diamond, J. 2005. Collapse: How Societies Choose to Fail or Succeed. New York: Penguin.
- 5. Crosby, G., Elliott, C. and Hyde, L. 2008. *A Vision for Relevance*. National Network for Sustainable Living Education.

Activities, with regard to the Sustainable FloridiansSM Program, include:

- Organized and participated in an in-service training in Gainesville, representing 13 Florida counties, at the annual state-wide Family Youth and Community Sciences Extension Summit (May 7th) to introduce county faculty to the program as well as share experiences from county faculty who had piloted the program to date.
- Spoke to the consumer horticulture agents at their 2014 Master Gardener Program Coordinator inservice training, representing approximately 15 counties, in Gainesville on May 22nd to encourage them to participate with their fellow county faculty members in offering the program in their county.
- Worked with county faculty from five counties to organize and offer a 3-hour in-service training titled "Helping Youth and Adults Address Climate Change through Experiential Learning" for 26 county and state faculty during the 2014 Extension Professionals (EPAF) statewide Extension Professionals Associations of Florida annual conference in Panama City Beach on August 28th.
- Participated in a training session at the 2014 Extension Professionals Associations of Florida (EPAF) annual conference in Panama City providing an overview of FESC and the Sustainable FloridiansSM program.
- Added an additional module, "Climate Change and Sea Level Rise," to the Sustainable FloridiansSM course materials.

- Brevard County began the program in August. Monroe County is planning to offer the program in the Fall of 2014.
- Participated in national webinars that are aiming to increase energy literacy for all citizens...provided materials to their national clearinghouse and hope to incorporate the materials they are developing into the program next year.
- Maintained a SharePoint site, making all of the materials (PowerPoints, pdfs, evaluation, instructor guides, etc.) accessible by County Extension Faculty once they request more information and/or involvement.
- Began working with the Fall 2014 Design, Construction, and Planning students in DCP4941 Practicum in Sustainability and the Built Environment, in the development of additional course modules.
- Working with the Fall 2013 class of DCP 4941 Practicum in Sustainability and the Built Environment students and UF's Office of Sustainability, created the "Action Plan for Promoting Sustainability in Extension Offices" document that was then reviewed and made available to IFAS administration and all of the county extension offices in the state as well as being made available to members of the National Network for Sustainable Living Education (NNSLE).
- Initiated meetings with UF's Office of Sustainability to work toward shared activities and trainings that can benefit the Sustainable FloridiansSM program as well as Extension faculty, thereby encouraging sustainable practices and improving the economic, environmental, and social conditions of communities throughout the state. As such the Office of Sustainability, working with the Florida Association of Natural Resources Extension Professionals (FANREP) has agreed to sponsor two awards for county extension offices that show they are practicing sustainability. FANREP anticipates having the criteria in place by the end of December, 2014.
- Began updating/editing some of the existing fact sheets.
- Maintained an active advisory committee consisting of the state leader and county faculty members from Flagler, Leon, Monroe, Palm Beach, and Pinellas counties, which "meets" via periodic conference calls.
- Presented a poster and provided a presentation titled "Sustainable FloridiansSM Program Strengthening Your Sense of Place" as part of the FESC Workshop held in Gainesville on May 12th and 13th.
- Formed and updated an email list of county faculty interested in learning more about the program and FESC, in general.
- Worked with the County Agent in Pinellas County, UF's Office of Counsel, and the SF Advisory Committee to develop the criteria and form, "The University of Florida Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences (IFAS) Use of the Sustainable FloridiansSM Mark," that can be used by other educational institutions to apply to use the Sustainable FloridiansSM title in their programmatic efforts. Approved the first such use to St. Petersburg High School.
- Initiated discussion between a Brevard County Agent and a Water Resource Specialist, here on the main campus, to begin a pilot program with some of the SF graduates in research involving monitoring homeowner water use.
- Submitted a request, and received approval, to offer a two day in-service training in 2015 titled "How to Get Someone to Change Their Behavior and Think it is Their Idea."
- Worked with IFAS Extension Initiatives 3 and 6, Enhancing and conserving Florida's natural resources and environmental quality and Strengthening urban and rural community resources and

economic development, respectively, begun in 2013 as part of the UF/IFAS Extension Roadmap 2013-2023, to show the continuing importance of this topic.

- Kathleen Ruppert received the Champions for Change Award from UF's Office of Sustainability in the Academics category on April 11th.
- The program was selected as 3rd Place Southern Region Winner in the Environmental Education category and 3rd Place National Winner by the National Extension Association of Family and Consumer Sciences (NEAFCS) organization.

Other Outreach Activities

FESC Web Site and e-Newsletter (www.FloridaEnergy.ufl.edu)

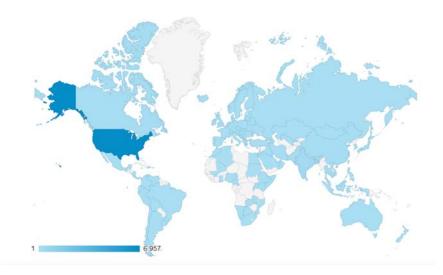
FESC Website: FESC Website and e-Newsletter: The FESC website continues to be an important communication tool for our program. It is updated regularly to remain current and to better serve our users. Based on a Google Analytics report, the FESC web site was viewed by 9,254 Google visitors (74.67% new visitors) during the period of October 1, 2014 through March 30, 2015. The viewers visited 24,536 pages. Viewers were from over 131 countries, including those in North and South America, Europe, Asia, Australia, the Middle East and Africa. FESC prepares and distributes bi-monthly electronic newsletters by email to over 1000 subscribers.

The data compiled from Google Analytics are given below:

Activity overview of the FESC's website from October 1, 2014 through March 30, 2015.

Activity	10/1/2014 - 3/30/2015
Total Visitors	9,254
New Visitors	6,910
Page Views	24,536

FESC Website Visits by Country



FESC e-Newsletter: FESC prepares and distributes electronic newsletters every other month to over 900 FESC industry/faculty contacts. The e-newsletter provides the current events and funding opportunities. It highlights the accomplishments of FESC faculty and Florida industry. It also covers global energy related news. The newsletters are posted at FESC web site: <u>http://www.floridaenergy.ufl.edu/?page_id=1999</u>. The most recent newsletters are given below as an example.



FESC-Newsletter-de FESC Newsletter FESC Newsletter cember 2014.docx February 2015.docx April 2015.docx

FESC Feb 2-3, 2015 Workshop, Orlando FL

The 2015 FESC Workshop entitled "Integration of Renewable Energy into the Grid" was held on February 2 - 3, 2015 at the Hyatt Regency Orlando Hotel in Orlando, FL. This instructional workshop was designed for industrial personnel, students and faculty who wanted to learn the state of the art and future directions in enabling renewable energy integration. A total of 114 people were in attendance; 66 university faculty and students, and 48 industry members. Experts in this area presented the workshop lectures.

The invited speakers and the title of their presentations are given below:

- Sonja Glavaski, US Department of Energy: Power Grid of the Future
- Sila Kiliccote, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory: Load as a Resource: Examples from Field Tests
- David Sun, Chief Scientist for the Network Management Solutions of Alstom Grid: DER Integration – A Driver for the New Phase of Utility Industry Transformation
- Kathleen O'Brien, GE Global Research: Renewable Integration: An Industrial R&D Perspective
- Xiaoming Feng, Ph.D., Corporate Research Fellow at ABB: Power Grid Control and Optimization under High Level of Uncertainty
- Brendan Kirby, P.E., Private Consultant: Renewable Energy Integration: Variability & Uncertainty Impacts and Mitigation Options
- Sean Meyn, Robert C. Pittman Eminent Scholar Chair Dept. of ECE at the University of Florida, Director – Laboratory for Cognition & Control, Director – Florida Institute for Sustainable Energy (FISE): From the Sunshine State to the Solar State
- Ana Radovanovic, Google, Inc.: The Grid of the Future
- Hani Alarian, Director of Power System Technology Operations at CAISO: Forecasting and Scheduling Renewable Generation for Operating a Reliable Grid
- Nathan Mancha, Director of Demand Response for EDF Trading North America: Asset Management Opportunities in the Evolving Energy Market

The link to the event speakers and presentation slides can be found here.

FESC May 2015 Workshop

FESC workshop will be held on May 20-21, 2015 at the Orlando Airport Marriott Lakeside in Orlando FL. The workshop brings together energy experts in the State University System of Florida and industry to share their energy-related research findings and to promote future collaboration. The program will feature internationally renowned speakers, as well as presentations and posters highlighting FESC's innovative work leading to alternative energy strategies, improved energy efficiencies and expanded economic development for Florida. Buck Martinez, Senior Director Office of Clean Energy, Florida Power & Light Company will be opening the workshop on May 20 with a Welcome address followed by a host of panel sessions and discussions by prominent energy faculty and industry leaders from across the nation:

- 1. Amy L. Stein, Professor, UF Levin College of Law
- 2. Jeremy Susac, Berger Singerman
- 3. Meera Bagati, Sr. Economist, NextEra Energy Resources, LLC
- 4. Phillip Janca, Co-founder, Crowd Energy
- 5. Jim Noh, University of California, Berkeley
- 6. Ramon Gonzalez, Professor, Chemical & Biomolecular Engineering, Bioengineering, Director, Energy and Environment Initiative (EEI), Rice University
- 7. Miriam Makhyoun, Solar Energy Industry Expert
- 8. Jim Payne, Technology Project Officer, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, US DOE
- 9. Marija Ilic, Professor of Electrical & Computer Engineering and Engineering & Public Policy, Carnegie Mellon University
- 10. Jordan Kislear, Program Analyst at US Department of Energy

A free grant writing workshop led by Ben Rowland, national expert in proposal development and delivery will conclude the workshop on May 21, 2015.

APPENDIX A – DESCRIPTION OF RESEARCH PROJECTS

Projects	Summary
	1: Overarching
	Title: <i>Power Generation Expansion Portfolio Planning to Satisfy Florida's Growing Electricity Demands</i> PI: Tapas Das, Co-PI : Ralph Fehr - USF
	Description : The objectives of the proposed research include: 1) developing a comprehensive generation
	technology based portfolio optimization methodology, 2) developing carbon revenue redistribution strategies to achieve goals of emissions control policies (cap-and-trade), and 3) develop educational resources to enhance training of scientific workforce for the state of Florida. The research will directly address three major challenges: fulfillment of the growing power demand, meeting the emissions control targets, and supply of technology workforce. The potential economic impact of the proposed research on the State of Florida is
	expected to be very high, since an energy-secure environment is a basic necessity to support the current trend of explosive growth both in industry and human resources.
	Budget: \$71,906
	External Collaborator: Argonne National Lab
	Title: Joint Optimization of Urban Energy-Water Systems in Florida (Thrust 2: Efficiency)
	Title: Combined Cooling, Heat, Power, and Biofuel from Biomass and Solid Waste (Thrust 3: Biomass)
	Title: Design, Construction, and Operation of CSP Solar Thermal Power Plants in Florida (Thrust 4: Solar)
	Title: Development of High Throughput CIGS Manufacturing Process (Thrust 4: Solar)
	Title: Solar Photovoltaic Manufacturing Facility (Thrust 4: Solar) Title: Research to Improve Photovoltaic Cell Efficiency (Thrust 4: Solar)
	Title: An Integrated Sustainable Transportation System (Thrust 4: Solar)
	Title: PV Energy Conversion and System Integration (Thrust 4: Solar)
	Title: Integrated PV/Storage and PV/Storage/Lighting Systems (Thrust 4: Solar)
	Title: Reliable and Resilient Electrical Energy Transmission and Delivery Systems (Thrust 7: Storage &
	Delivery)
	Title: <u>Secure Energy Systems – Vision and Architecture for Analysis and Design (Thrust 7: Storage &</u>
	Delivery)
THRUST	2: Enhancing Energy Efficiency and Conservation
	Title: Innovative Proton Conducting Membranes for Fuel Cell Applications
	PI: Ongi Englander, Co-PIs: Anant Paravastu, Subramanian Ramakrishnian - FSU
	Description: This project was initiated in January 2009 as an interdisciplinary effort among Englander (Mechanical Engineering), Paravastu (Chemical and Biomedical Engineering) and Ramakrishnan (Chemical and Biomedical Engineering). The work was divided into two main tasks: (1) the fabrication and characterization of silica and latex-supported membranes, and (2) the incorporation of protein nanomaterials inside the silica membranes. Three female students have participated and contributed to the project (see below). Two of the students (Holley and Kissoon) have received/will receive MS degrees in Materials Science. Two of the students (Kissoon and Witherspoon) belong to underrepresented groups. Budget: \$30,000
	This project has been completed Title: Sustainably Integrated Advanced Building Subsystems (OGZEB)
	PI: A. "Yulu" Krothapalli, Co-PI: Justin Kramer - FSU
	Description: This project focused on the development of building subsystems that minimize the use of natural resources and carbon-based energy in Florida while also using materials that are renewable and sustainable. A key component of this project was the Off-Grid Zero Emissions Building, which allowed for the testing of these subsystems. This team forms the engineering team participating in the Team Florida's

Solar Decathlon Competition. Lessons learned from the Off-Grid Zero Emission Building are incorporated
into Team Florida's design. This project is complete.
Budget: \$503,168
 This project has been completed
Title: Insight into Membrane Degradation Mechanisms Through Verification of Chemical and Mechanical
Degradation Test Capabilities
PI: Darlene Slattery, Co-PIs: Len Bonville, Marianne Rodgers - UCF/FSEC
Description: The objectives of the program were to gain insight into fuel cell membrane degradation
mechanisms including both chemical and mechanical degradations. In order to achieve this objective, the
Membrane Electrode Assembly Durability Test System, MEADS, was verified, after which chemical
degradation tests were conducted. By performing post mechanical testing and analyzing the data, the impact
of accelerated degradation tests on the cell performance decay, chemical decomposition and mechanical weakening of the membranes were evaluated. This project is complete.
Budget: \$351,518
This project has been completed
 Title: Energy Efficient Building Technologies and Zero Energy Homes
PI: R. Vieira, Co-PIs: P. Fairey, J. Sonne - UCF/FSEC
Description: The project consists of two elements: 1) the construction of two flexible research homes at
FSEC to conduct research on advanced building energy efficiency technologies under controlled conditions;
and 2) a staged, field retrofit study in a small number of unoccupied homes to measure and document the
effectiveness of a series of retrofit measures that can be deployed using current technology. The project will
also conduct an annual meeting where other FESC participants, other university members and utility,
industry, the U.S. Department of Energy and other stake holders who will be briefed on plans and progress.
Inputs from meeting participants will be sought.
Budget: \$1,224,000
Title: Joint Optimization of Urban Energy-Water Systems in Florida
PI: James P. Heaney - UF
Description: Urban water infrastructure systems for providing water supply, collecting and treating
wastewater, collecting and managing stormwater, and reusing wastewater and stormwater require major
energy inputs. End users of the water require even more energy to heat this water for showers and baths,
clothes washing, cooking and other uses. Increasingly, cities will rely on alternative water supplies such as desclination that require much more energy per callen of water produced. Conservation is the ideal way to
desalination that require much more energy per gallon of water produced. Conservation is the ideal way to save energy and water by managing the demand for these precious commodities. Major strides have been
made in reducing indoor water use from about 75 gallons per person per day to as low as 40 gallons per
person per day. However, these gains are being offset by concurrent increases in outdoor water use for
irrigation that range from 30 to 300 gallons per person per day depending on irrigation practices and the size
of the landscape. From a water use perspective, perhaps the greatest challenge will be the expected growing
competition for water if certain energy options are implemented in order to reduce our current dependence
on foreign oil. Several recent national studies warn of this impending energy-water crisis. This project will
build on our extensive experience in evaluating urban water conservation options to include the implications
for energy use and to develop integrated energy-water management systems that are compatible.
Budget: \$72,000 Back to Thrust 1: Overarching
Title: Planning Grant: High Performance and Low Cost Fuel Cells for Future Vehicles
PI: Jim Zheng, Co-PIs: Richard Liang, Chuck Zhang, Ben Wang - FSU
Description: The objective of this project is to provide an innovative approach to revolution of current energy
storage and conversion technology and greatly leverage FSU position in the strategic important area for
sustainable energy. The project was performed by Drs. Jim Zheng and Richard Liang at the Department of
Electrical and Computer Engineering and Department of Industrial Engineering, respectively. First to
demonstrate preliminary results in high performance of energy storage and conversion materials and devices
in order to seek outside funding consistent with the vision of IESES. The deliverables were conference
proceedings and journal papers and proposal submissions for additional funding. This project is complete.

Budget: \$15,000
Research Integration (collaboration): NCSU and NHMFL on advantage batteries; Industrial Engineerin
on fuel cells; Maxwell Technologies, Inc. and Ionova Technologies, Inc. on supercapacitors; CAPS on
microgrids; MARTECH on thermoelectric; Shanghai Institute of Technical Physics on photovoltaic; N.
Dai, F.Y. Huang, S.L. Wang, X.N. Li, J.P. Zheng (co-PI), and D. Wei, "An International Collaboration
Group on Solar Cell Technologies Development", Sponsor: Chinese Academy of Sciences, Budget:
\$877,193 ($$6,000,000$ RMB), Project Dates: 4/09-4/14.
This project has been completed
Title: NIRT: C-MEMS/CNEMS for Miniature Biofuel Cells
PI: Marc Madou, Co-PIs : Chunlei Wang, Sylvia Daunert and Leonidas Bachas - FIU
Description: In recent years, the quest for alternative sources that can autonomously power bioMEM
devices, especially those geared for in vivo applications, such as monitoring and drug delivery, has been the
focus of research by scientists and engineers as new power sources will prove critical for the advanceme
of the field. Current batteries are still less than optimal and often present drawbacks related to safet
reliability and scalability. An ideal power source for implantable devices should take advantage of natur
compounds present in the body of an individual and use them as fuel to produce power in a continuous a
reproducible manner, as long as the patient's physiological functions remain steady. Biofuel cells, which a
capable of converting biochemical energy into electrical energy, have been deemed as a potential solution
the drawbacks presented by conventional batteries, but the power density and operational lifetin
requirements for implanted devices have not been met yet. To that end, we are integrating genetical
engineered catalytic proteins and carbon-based 3 dimensional (3D) MEMS/NEMS structures to create no
biofuel cells. The biofuel cell electrode surfaces, especially fractal electrode array, presents significan
increased surface area as compared to traditional architecture, increasing the biocatalyst loading capacity
considerably for high power throughput. The genetically engineered enzymes inherently increase enzymes
stability, consequently increasing biofeul cell lifetime. The scaled fractal electrode surface plays a role
wiring the enzymes to the biofuel cell anode, which increases the electron transfer efficiency from the enzymes
to the electrode for an increase in the overall performance of the biofuel cells. Furthermore, C-MEMS/
NEMS architectures will enable the reproducible fabrication of low cost carbon-based electrode structures
Budget: \$171,432 (PI portion) (total amount: \$1,000,000) - Not Funded by FESC.
Title: Fabrication of Nano Fractal Electrodes for On-Chip Supercapacitors
PI: Chunlei Wang - FIU
Description: Nature has always strived for the highest efficiency in all organisms. Just as nature has benefit
from fractal structures in almost all of its organisms, biomimetic fractal designs in electrochemical device
such as power conversion & storage devices and sensors can also lead to benefits in scaling. Our propos
concept is geared to take advantage of the scaling relationship between interface area and overall volum
Fractal electrode design is believed as a promising solution to optimize surface area while minimizing t
internal resistance. We will fabricate and characterize carbon-based microelectrodes pyrolyzed fro
photolithographically patterned photoresist, which exhibits nano fractal geometry by design. In contrast w
the current research trend of, first fabricating carbon nanostructures (CNTs, CNFs, etc), and the
lithographically defining an electrode at the convenient location on the substrate, our novel methods w
integrate the fabrication of the micro and the nano- structures using simple process thus bridging the gap the
separates these two scales. Since the fabrication methods are all based on IC manufacturing methods, it w
be easy to integrate into microchips.
Budget: \$150,000 - Not Funded by FESC.
Title: Energy Efficient Technologies and The Zero Energy Home Learning Center
PI: Stanley Russell, Co-PIs: Yogi Goswami Graduate Assistant: Mario Rodriguez - USF
Description: The project is to create and evaluate an affordable residential scale Zero Energy building the
will function as an exhibition of energy efficiency and Zero Energy Home [ZEH] technology on or near t
University of South Florida campus. The project will feature the most cost-effective combination

	carefully chosen package of the latest energy-efficiency technologies and renewable energy systems to
	achieve the most successful and reliable results.
	The building will utilize Photovoltaic solar electricity and solar domestic hot water heating systems using the
	grid as an energy storage system, producing more energy than needed during the day and relying on the grid
	at night. Plug-in hybrid automobile technology offers a promising means of providing distributed energy
	storage for such homes but has not been sufficiently tested. Using a systems approach to couple zero energy
	home technology with PHEVs we will explore opportunities to develop marketable products that meet
	Florida's energy and environmental goals.
	Budget: \$344,600
	External Collaborators: FSU College of Engineering- Justin Kramer, Brenton Greska; UF- Department of
	Interior Design- Maruja Torres, Nam-Kyu Park; UF Rinker School of Building Construction- Robert Ries;
	UCF Florida Solar Energy Center- Stephanie Thomas Ries; Beck Construction; Hees and Associates
	Structural Engineers.
	Title: Unifying Home Asset & Operations Ratings: Adaptive Management via Open Data & Participation
	PI: Mark Hostetler, Co-PI: Hal S. Knowles, III - UF
	Description : Recent environmental, social, and economic challenges are fostering a wave of interest in
	maximizing energy efficiency and conservation (EE+C) in existing U.S. homes. Long standing programs,
	ratings, and metrics are being reapplied into new stimulus initiatives such as the <i>Recovery through Retrofit</i> ¹
	program. Simultaneously, electric and gas utilities are expanding their demand side management (DSM)
	programs from weatherization and conventional technology replacement incentives to include conservation
	behavior campaigns with "recommendation algorithms" designed to assist in homeowner energy retrofit
	decision making. Furthermore, loan programs are emerging to address the financial barriers that commonly
	limit initiation of the necessary retrofits.
	Collectively, these approaches most often project future home energy performance based on engineering
	models of the physical characteristics of homes (i.e., "asset ratings"). Yet to date, the marketplace is
	inadequately integrating historical household energy consumption patterns (i.e., "operational ratings") into
	the decision tree to optimize retrofit program efficacy and consumer benefits. Moving toward the unification
	of asset and operational ratings is crucial for successful program management, proper
	monitoring/measurement/verification (MMV), loan risk assessment, and for the persistence of reduced home
	energy use over time. However, unification will not be easy. This research project combines qualitative and
	quantitative research methods in social science and building science using Florida case studies to evaluate
	the opportunities and constraints of asset and operational rating unification and the steps necessary to get
	there. Relationships between our project and the collaborative, transparent, and participatory nature of "open
	government" initiatives are also being explored.
	Budget: \$24,000
	External Collaborators: Nick Taylor (Ph.D. Student, UF School of Natural Resources & Environment),
	Jennison Kipp (Assistant In, UF Program for Resource Efficient Communities)
	Title: Meteorological Factors Affecting Solar Energy Efficiency
	PI: Paul Ruscher Co-PIs: (formerly Yaw Owusu, Hans Chapman - FSU
	Description: There are numerous meteorological factors that limit the efficiency of solar energy systems in the transies. Depletion of successful and the surface has increased water water aloudinger
	the tropics. Depletion of available solar energy at the surface by increased water vapor, cloudiness,
	temperature of the solar panel system, pollution, are sometimes overlooked, because engineering
	specifications for design are often based upon midlatitude continental air masses. The typical tropical
	atmospheric reduction factors were reviewed using a state of- the-art solar energy model for this project. In
	addition, meteorological variability can be quite extreme in the tropics and many engineering studies on
	feasibility of renewable energy sources in general are often based upon "typical" year criteria, rather than
1	longer term climatologies. It is suggested that climatological data be utilized to more accurately portray the
	variability of output to be expected at a typical installation. Many of these variables are already widely

	available from a combination of surface and upper air meteorological stations, as well as remote sensing data
	from satellites. We demonstrated the sources for these data as well as strategies for teaching about solar
	energy efficiency using routine observations from school-based weather stations. This project is complete.
	Budget: \$15,000
	This project has been completed
THRUST	G 3: Developing Florida's Biomass Resources
Algae	
	Title: Establishment of the Center for Marine Bioenergy Research: Systems Approach to BioEnergy
	Research (SABER)
	PI: J. Kostka (he has left FSU), Co-PIs: William Cooper, Ivonne Audirac, Amy Chan-Hilton, Ellen
	Granger – FSU
	Description: IESES' Systems Approach to Bio-Energy Research (SABER) is particularly focused on
	coupling algal cultivation to wastewater nutrient remediation. SABER has partnered with the City of
	Tallahassee's T. P. Smith Waste Water Treatment Plant in order to study the growth of local fresh water
	algae in waste water for use as biofuel. The two main objectives of this project are to: 1) perform both
	laboratory and field experiments to test for species-specific growth potentials, as well as for the effects of
	different environmental parameters, including light, carbon dioxide, and nutrient availability on microalgal
	growth rates and lipid production, and 2) determine the extent to which microbes (i.e. bacteria), which are
	exceptionally abundant in waste water, act as either competitors (for nutrients, carbon) or symbiotically with
	algae. To do this we are examining the bacterial community present in the waste water and detecting
	community shifts that occur during algae cultivation. We are also examining the nutrient uptake dynamics
	between bacteria and algae by monitoring the usage and production of nitrogen, phosphorous, and carbon-
	containing compounds. Finally, a number of advanced analytical chemistry techniques are being used to
	characterize wastewater before and after algae cultivation. With a better understanding of the microbial and
	biogeochemical processes occurring in waste water during algae cultivation, engineering approaches may be
	proposed in order to further optimize algal growth in waste water.
	Budget: \$494,135
	External Collaborators: City of Tallahassee
	This project has been completed
	Title: Constructual Optimization of Solar Photo-Bioreactors for Algae Growth
	PI: Juan Ordonez - FSU
	Description: This was a planning grant (15K, only). The work was targeted towards placing us in a more
	competitive position in future submissions in the area of bio-fuels. By the end of this one-year effort we now
	have a complete design of a small-scale photo-bioreactor for algae growth, obtained additional funds that
	will allow us to build a large-scale photo-bioreactor and conduct the necessary research for its optimal design
	and operation. This project is complete.
	Budget: \$15,000
	External Collaborators: Federal University of Parana, Brazil
	This project has been completed
	Title: Optimization of Algae Species for Biofuels Production Using Genetic Altration
	PI: Ed Phlips- UF
	Description: This study will begin in June, 2011, and will focus on genetically altering selected species of
	algae to optimize their performance in biomass production systems aimed at biofuels. Two approaches to
	genetic alteration will be explored: mutagenesis and transformation.
	Budget: \$15,000
High I	Energy Crops
111611 1	Title: Energy Intensive Crop Development
	PI: Gary Peter , Matias Kirst, Don Rockwood - UF
	Description: To build a commercially viable, industrial scale system to produce transportation fuels and
	electricity from biomass requires both efficient conversion technologies and environmentally sustainable, cost effective supplies of biomass. In the US, Florida ranks first in its annual growth of plant biomass,

because of its large cultivable land area and its subtropical climate, even though substantial land areas that
can be planted are not currently in agricultural or forest production. The development of high yielding
production systems for dedicated energy crops is considered essential for a sustainable, biomass to energy
industry to be established, because the long-term availability of sufficient amounts of reasonably priced
biomass is one of the most important factors in the site selection for new biofuel and bioenergy facilities.
Dedicated energy crops are ones that 1) have high yields with minimum energy inputs in terms of agronomic
practices, water and nutrient applications, 2) can be harvested, transported and processed efficiently into fuel
or power, and 3) can be grown sustainably for generations without adverse environmental affects, or
significantly impacting the food supply. We will evaluate likely energy crop species, Eucalyptus and
southern pine to provide important yield and best management practices for growing these species for
bioenergy conversion. We will also provide important chemical composition information that will impact
the conversion efficiency of this biomass to ethanol, and identify and characterize important genes that
regulate wood chemical composition
Budget: \$422,000

Budget: \$432,000

Title: Water-Use Efficiency and Feedstock Composition of Candidate Bioenergy Grasses in Florida **PI:** Lynn E. Sollenberger, **Co-PI's:** John Erickson, Joao Vendramini, Robert Gilbert - UF

Description: Florida ranks first in the USA in annual growth of plant biomass because of a large cultivatable land area, high rainfall, and long growing season. In order to capitalize on these advantages, the agricultural production sector and biomass conversion industries require information regarding which crops are adapted to particular Florida regions and local environments, how much biomass can be produced during what times of the year, which crops produce the most biomass per unit of water used, and which crops have the desired yield and composition for particular bioenergy applications. Research conducted to date has quantified the seasonal biomass supply provided by the most likely crops for use in Florida, identified crops and management practices that result in most efficient water use, and described the chemical composition of these plants to allow estimates of potential energy production per unit of biomass. Florida growers and industry representatives have gained access to this information through on-line resources, presentations by several of the project investigators at the Florida Farm to Fuel Conference, and by attending the Bioenergy Crop Field Day at the University of Florida Plant Science Research and Education Unit. Seven graduate students are being trained through this project and undergraduate students are gaining invaluable research experience via internships mentored by project investigators. Faculty involved in the FESC project have formed collaborations regarding agronomic and breeding projects with Speedling, Inc., SERF, and BP. Both SERF and BP plan to construct ethanol facilities in Florida that would create an estimated 400 temporary construction jobs and 140 permanent jobs each.

Budget: \$191,981

External Collaborators: : Speedling, Inc., Nutri-Turf, Inc., British Petroleum (BP), and Southeast Renewable Fuels (SERF)

B	iochemical Conversion
	Title: Development of Biofuel Production Processes From Synthetic and Biomass Wastes
	PI: Pratap Pullammanappallil - UF
	Description: With the ever-increasing price of petroleum and its finite supply, it is of high priority to develop
	domestic sources of transportation fuel, as well as other chemicals. Ethanol is an attractive alternate fuel that
	is being produced from corn starch. It is necessary to target other feedstocks for biofuel production and
	develop processes that have a minimal environmental impact. There is considerable ongoing research on
	developing processes and catalysts for conversion of biomass to biofuels like ethanol (called cellulosic
	ethanol process). But this project addresses other feedstocks with the following objectives: 1) development
	of biocatalysts for the conversion of waste biodegradable poly lactic acid based plastics to ethanol and 2)
	development of processes that processes for the production of additional fuels like biogas, bio-oil and biochar
	from the waste and byproducts of a cellulosic ethanol plant for the cleanup and reuse of these waste streams
	Budget: \$192,000
	External Collaborators: University of Central Florida
	Title: Engineering Biocatalysts for Hemicelluloses Hydrolysis and Fermentation

	PI: James F. Preston - UF
	Description: Our goal is to develop biocatalysts for the cost-effective production of fuel alcohols and
	chemical feedstocks from underutilized sources of renewable biomass and evolving energy crops. To reach
	this goal protocols for efficient saccharification of hemicellulose fractions from these resources will be
	developed.
	Objectives are to:
	1. Develop improved enzyme-mediated saccharification protocols of hemicelluloses with existing
	bacterial biocatalysts for production of biofuels and chemical feedstocks.
	2. Develop Gram positive biocatalysts for direct conversion of hemicelluloses to biobased products.
	3. Develop systems with bacterial biocatalysts for efficient bioconversion of the hemicellulose fractions
	of perennial energy crops (poplar, eucalyptus, switchgrass, energy cane) to targeted products.
	Budget: \$192,000
	External Collaborators: Collaborations are in various units within the University of Florida: L.O. Ingram
	and K.T. Shanmugam, Microbiology and Cell Science; F. Altpeter, Agronomy; G. Peter, Forest Resources
	and Conservation.
	Title: Thermophilic Biocatalysts for the Conversion of Cellulosic Substrates to Fuels and Chemicals
	PI: K.T. Shanmugam - UF
	Description: Biomass is an attractive source of sugars for a state like Florida that produces very limited
	amount of corn for fermentation to produce ethanol as transportation fuel or other products such as lactic acid
	that can be converted to bioplastics. Florida currently generates about 8.7 million tons of dry cellulosic
	biomass per year (US-DOE) that can be converted to about 0.7 billion gallons of ethanol. With specific energy
	crops and short rotation trees cultivated for energy production using the abundant sunshine and water
	resources, the ethanol produced from biomass can be significantly increased to meet the demand for
	transportation fuel in the State of Florida. Before biomass-based fuels and chemicals become an economic
	reality, several key steps in the depolymerization of biomass to constituent sugars need to be addressed. One
	is depolymerization of cellulose to glucose by fungal cellulases before fermentation to ethanol by microbes.
	The current estimated cost of fungal cellulases is \$0.32 per gallon ethanol produced and this cost is targeted
	for reduction to \$0.10 or less by year 2012 (DOE). We have demonstrated that by increasing the temperature
	of Simultaneous Saccharification and Fermentation (SSF) of cellulose from 30-35 °C to 50-55 °C, the amount
	(and associated cost) of cellulases can be reduced by the required 3-fold with the current commercial enzyme
	preparations. A microbial biocatalyst that produces ethanol or other chemicals as the main fermentation
	product and can also function at this higher temperature and pH 5.0 in conjunction with the fungal cellulases
	in the SSF process is a critical component of this process. We have identified a thermophilic facultative
	anaerobe, Bacillus coagulans, with versatile metabolic capability as the microbial platform for the SSF of
	biomass to products and engineering this L(+)-lactic acid producing bacterium to produce ethanol. The
	primary objective of this proposed study is to construct a B. coagulans derivative that produces ethanol as
	primary product of fermentation and to enhance the ethanol productivity of the engineered derivative.
	Budget: \$192,000
	This project has been completed
Bio ga	sification
	Title: Combined Cooling, Heat, Power, and Biofuel from Biomass and Solid Waste
	PI: William Lear, Co-PI: J.N. Chung - UF
	Description: The goal of this project is to provide the underlying research and demonstration of a novel
	technology which would enable the economic utilization of dispersed biomass and solid waste resources to
	produce electric power, cooling, heat, and transportation fuels. This integrated gasification and power
	generation system combines University of Florida advances in high-temperature gasification, hydrogen
	generation and separation, and advanced gas turbine systems. Their integration is expected to result in
	significant improvements in the cost, emissions, feedstock flexibility, and water requirements, all in a
	relatively compact, modular plant system. This in turn will enable much greater utilization of renewable
	energy supplies, helping the development of a sustainable energy supply infrastructure.
	Budget: \$576,000

	External Collaborators: Siemens Power Generation, Florida Turbine Technologies, Energy Concepts Conc
	Back to Thrust 1: Overarching
Th	ermo-Chemical Conversion
	 Title: Production of Liquid Fuels Biomass via Thermo-Chemical Conversion Processes PI: Babu Joseph, Co-PIs: Yogi Goswami, Venkat Bhethanabotla, John Wolan, Vinay Gupta - USF Description: The objective of this project is to develop technology for the economical thermo-chemic conversion of lingocellulosic biomass (non-food grade biomass such as agricultural waste, bagasse fro sugar mills, citrus peels, switch grass, municipal green waste, etc.) to clean burning liquid fuels. Five of the major advantages of this process over a biochemical route to production of ethanol are: (i) it does not utili food-grade feed stocks and therefore complements and does not compete with the agricultural foor production in the state, (ii) the fuel produced is similar to those derived from petroleum unlike ethanol derived
	fuels which have at least a 25% lower energy content, (iii) the conversion is accomplished in using factorial reactions unlike the slow biological reactions for fermenting alcohol, (iv) the process does not require large amounts of water and associated energy costs of separating the water from the fuel as bioethanol processes, (v) it can utilize a wide variety of biomass sources unlike the biochemical route which cannot work with high lignin containing biomass. Budget: \$554,447
	External Collaborators: Prado & Associates
	Title: Feasibility, Sustainability and Economic Analysis of Solar Assisted Biomass Conversion PI: Babu Joseph, Co-PI: Q. Zhang - USF
	 Description: The main deterrent for commercialization of biomass conversion processes is the cost conversion; particularly the need to sacrifice as much as 30% of the energy content in the biomass for thermo chemical conversion step. We want to research and develop the concept to use solar thermal energy for concentrating units to provide energy for the biomass gasification step. We also propose to evaluate a sustainability of such a process. Overall Objective: The overall objective is to conduct a theoretical analysis of solar assisted thermo chemic conversion of biomass from the point of view of energy efficiency, economic feasibility, environment.
	impact, and long term sustainability of renewable energy production. Budget: \$45,238
	Title: Integrated Florida Bio-Energy Industry PI: Ali T-Raissi Co-PIs: N.Z. Muradov, D.L. Block - UCF/FSEC
	 PI: All T-Raissi Co-PIS: N.Z. Muradov, D.L. Block - OCF/FSEC Description: The aim of this project continues to be production of liquid hydrocarbon fuels derived from lignocellulosic and aquatic biomass employing a two-step thermocatalytic process. In the first step, p treated biomass is gasified with oxygen (or air) and steam yielding synthesis gas (syngas) containing hydrogen and carbon monoxide. In the second step, syngas generated by the gasifier enters a Fischer Trops (FT) synthesis unit where it reacts to form a range of liquid hydrocarbon fuels – including diesel. Budget: \$648,000
	Title: Biofuels Through Thermochemical Processes: Approach to Produce Bio-Jet Fuel
	PI: Anjaneyulu Krothapalli - FSU Description: The objective of this project was to develop technologies to produce biojet and biodiesel fu from sustainable sources such as bio-oils and hydrogen produced from biomass generated synthetic g
	Novel processing concepts, reactor design and catalyst systems are employed in this integrated approach convert any cellulosic biomass and any nonedible bio-oils into bio-jet fuel (Figure 1). Feedstock flexibil offers significant cost and logistic advantages to this approach. Unlike other processes which use only to oil derived from a plant, the entire plant can be used as feedstock source and the proposed approach can a convert the more challenging lignocellulosic component. This project is complete.
	Budget: \$229,572
	This project has been completed
Bioma	ass Suspension Rheology

	PI: Jennifer Sinclair Curtis – UF
	Project Period: 8/2014-7/2016
	Description: Biomass is a promising source of renewable energy. Although this form of energy production holds much potential to reduce energy dependence on petroleum-based fuel consumption, one key challenge in the large-scale commercialization of these systems is the physical handling of biomass suspensions. These suspensions span a wide spectrum of solids concentrations and particle size during the various biomass processing steps. A combined program of simulation and experimentation is utilized to investigate the dynamics and rheology of fibrous suspensions of biomass. In order to reliably design and optimally operate biomass processes, the rheological behavior of these complex fluids over a range of solids concentrations and particle size must be understood. On the simulation side, the discrete element method, capable of calculating stresses and effective viscosity of biomass over a wide span of moisture content (using a liquid bridging model) and particle sizes, is developed. The rheology of well-characterized fibrous suspensions (wheat straw and corn stover) will be fully evaluated and compared with the simulation results. The shear rheology will be measured using a vaned geometry. Successful completion of the proposed work will provide insights into the rheological behavior of fiber-filled suspensions that will aid the design and optimal operation of processes in renewable energy.
	Budget: \$100,000
THRUST	4: Harnessing Florida's Solar Resources
	Festing Facility
	Title: Solar Systems Testing Facility
	PI: James Roland, David Block - UCF/FSEC
	Description: Over the past four years, the Florida Solar Energy Center (FSEC) has received a significant increase in demand for solar and PV systems testing and certification. This occurrence has resulted in requiring the Center to correspondingly amplify its capabilities to respond to the increased demand. Thus, the objective of this task was to construct a solar and PV systems testing facility by adding walls, windows, doors and A/ to an existing Florida Solar Energy Center roof only facility. The enclosing of this existing space was done for the purpose of increasing laboratory space and to allow for laboratory testing of solar water heating system and PV modules and inverters. The action was taken following a study which determined this project was the most cost effective means of adding valuable indoor laboratory space.
	Budget: \$600,609
	This project has been completed
Solar T	
	Title: Concentrating Solar Power Program
	PI: Charles Cromer, R. Reedy - UCF/FSEC
	Description: The objective of this effort is to produce a detailed Florida map of the solar direct beam and global resource available for use in Florida whereby a potential user of solar energy can enter their location latitude and longitude and receive a table of solar energy monthly averages for that specific site as derived from the past eleven years of data. The concept is to use NOAA satellite photos and utilize the brightness of the cloud cover as a clearness factor predictor of the solar energy that gets through to the ground below. Budget: \$52,000
	External Collaborators: FPL
	This project has been completed Title Development of Nevel Witter Suliting Cotchests for the Develoption of Develoption of Develoption
	Title: Development of Novel Water Splitting Catalysts for the Production of Renewable Hydrogen
	PI: Helena Hagelin-Weaver - UF Description: This project focuses on the development of iron-based catalysts for the thermochemical
	splitting of water into hydrogen and oxygen. The thermochemical process of splitting water is particularly
	well-suited for the utilization of solar energy to provide the heat for the reaction and is a way to produce a
	renewable hydrogen fuel. As hydrogen is difficult to transport and store, producing hydrogen on site for
	power plants using proton exchange membrane (PEM) fuel cells or internal combustion engines to generate
	electricity or for the production of chemicals, such as liquid hydrocarbon fuels, is a very attractive
	approach. The project uses a two-step process in which water is passed over a reduced iron oxide to
	55

generate hydrogen while the oxygen is taken up by the oxygen-deficient iron oxide (Step 1: FeOx-1 + H2O
\Box FeOx + H2). In the second step the resulting iron oxide is heated to desorb oxygen and regenerate the
oxygen-deficient iron oxide to close the catalytic cycle (Step 2: FeOx \Box FeOx-1 + ½O2). The main
objectives of the project are to develop mixed metal oxide catalysts that 1) will release oxygen at
temperatures lower than 1500°C (Step 2), while still maintaining water-splitting activity (Step 1) and 2) are
stable up to the temperature necessary for the oxygen desorption step.
Budget: \$ 100,000
Title: Enhanced and Expanded Solar Thermal Test Capabilities
PI: J. Del Mar, R. Reedy - UCF/FSEC (PI use to be J. Walters)
Description: The Florida Solar Energy Center (FSEC) serves the State of Florida by providing independent,
third-party testing and certification of solar equipment for the main purposes of providing product value in
the marketplace, especially for products that are not widely "proven" with consumers such as solar water
heating systems and solar electrical (photovoltaic) systems. Even more important, third-party certification
provides protection to reputable manufacturers, ensuring that lower quality products, often from foreign
markets, do not compete head-to-head with Florida and U.S. products unless they meet the same standards.
Budget: \$809,295
External Collaborators: Solar thermal manufacturers
Title: Solar Fuels for Thermochemical Cycles at Low Pressures
PI: Jörg Petrasch - UF
Description: The project focuses on the production of solar fuels from solar thermochemical cycles
employing metal/metal oxide redox pairs. These thermochemical cycles consist of a high temperature
endothermic solar driven reduction step and a low temperature, slightly exothermic water or CO2 splitting
step. The high temperature step typically proceeds at temperatures above 2000 K. Hence, it poses a range of
material and design challenges. According to Le Chatelier's principle, the temperature for the solar
dissociation reaction decreases as the pressure inside the reactor is reduced. The central hypothesis of the
project is that operating the high temperature step of metal/metal oxide solar thermochemical cycles at
reduced pressures will lead to significantly relaxed temperature requirements, while the work necessary to
produce the pressure difference will not significantly reduce the overall efficiency of the process.
The main goal of the project is to demonstrate the feasibility of carrying out high temperature thermal
reduction of metal oxides in rarefied conditions using high intensity solar radiation from UF's solar simulator.
Budget: \$ 100,000
External Collaborators: Wojciech Lipinski, University of Minnesota
Title: Solar Thermal Power for Bulk Power and Distributed Generation
PI: David Hahn, Co-PIs: James Klausner, Renwei Mei, Helena Weaver - UF
Description: While there are many different approaches to hydrogen generation, the most attractive means
is to split water molecules using solar energy. The current approach is to develop highly reactive metal oxide
materials to produce intermediary reactions that result in the splitting of water to produce hydrogen at
moderate temperatures (<1000 K). It is envisioned that the metal oxide reactors will ultimately be mounted
within a solar concentrating reactor, and irradiated via heliostats. This Task is structured toward the overall
goals of solar-driven, thermochemical hydrogen production, with associated efforts toward the enabling
surface science, catalysis, particle science, material synthesis, nano-structures, multiscale-multiphase physics
modeling, and process simulation that will enable the realization of solar hydrogen-based fuels to power the
transportation economy. Successful efforts as targeted in this project are a critical step toward increased
renewable-resource based fuels and energy, reduction of GHG emissions, and establishment of a new power
industry in Florida.
Budget: \$446,400
Title: Design, Construction and Operation of CSP Solar Thermal Power Plants in Florida
PI : Yogi Goswami, Co-PIs: Lee Stefanakos, Muhammad Rahman, Sunol Aydin, Robert Reddy - USF
Florida utilities are mandated to achieve 20% renewable energy contribution to their generation mix by 2020.
While technologically feasible with solar energy, the capital costs are high – presently, capital costs range from \$6,000-\$7,000/kW for PV and \$3,500-\$4,000/kW for concentrating solar thermal power. This project

targets the development of solar thermal power technology for bulk power and distributed generation, which will diversify energy resources in Florida and reduce greenhouse emissions by utilizing renewable sources. Also, there will be economic impacts with the establishment of new power industry in Florida, which will help the electrical utilities of the state to meet the renewable portfolio standards. The project has three main tasks; the first one is to develop design methodologies and standards for the proven solar thermal power technologies in combination with bio or fossil fuels based on Florida conditions and resources. Secondly, the project aims to set up demonstration and test facilities for these technologies for optimization for Florida conditions, and the final task is to develop and commercialize innovative technologies based on new thermodynamic cycles. Budget: \$882,000 External Collaborators: Sopogy Inc. and Gulf Coast Green Energy. Back to Thrust 1: Overarching Title: Multi-Generation Capable Solar Thermal Technologies
PI: A. Krothapalli, Co-PI: Brenton Greska - FSU Description: The objective of the research was to develop and demonstrate small-scale solar thermal technologies that can be used separately, in conjunction with one another, or with existing waste heat producers, thus improving the overall system efficiency. This project is complete. Budget: \$544,226
This project has been completed
Drinking Water
Title: Low Cost Solar Driven Desalination
 PI: James Klausner - UF Student: Fadi Alnaimat/ Ph.D Description: This work concerns the development of a cost effective, low power consumption, and low maintenance desalination process that is powered by solar energy. The solar diffusion driven desalination (DDD) process is most suitable for decentralized applications. While theoretical models have been developed to analyze the evaporation and condensation processes of the solar DDD under transient operating conditions (Alnaimat et al., 2011), experimental investigations have been conducted to validate the theoretical models. In this reporting period, the overall distillation performance of the solar DDD has been investigated under different design and operating conditions. The best operating modes have been proposed to improve the water production and reduce the specific energy consumption. Budget: \$252,000 University: UF
Title: Clean Drinking Water using Advanced Solar Energy Technologies PI: Lee Stefanakos Co-PI's: Yogi Goswami, Matthias Batzill, Maya Trotz, Sesha Srinivasan - USF Description: Availability of fresh water is one of the biggest problems facing the world and Florida is one of the most vulnerable to fresh water shortages. Moreover, Florida ground water is contaminated in many locations from leaky underground tanks, agricultural pesticides, and other chemicals. Although it is possible to desalinate abundant seawater, conventional systems are too energy intensive. Solar energy can provide the needed energy, and innovative new solar vacuum (USF) and humidification/dehumidification (UF) desalination systems can provide adequate fresh water for the state's needs. Systems are being developed for both bulk water desalination and small community needs/disaster response. We will also develop photocatalytic disinfection to remove contaminants and integrate these technologies with solar PV for complete water supply systems. Photocatalysis is a promising water treatment technology capable of utilizing solar light. However, the construction of an effective photocatalytic disinfection system for water purification is currently limited by the lack of reliable models to aid in the design and testing of these systems. Simplified models have been proposed, but most are inadequate because they rely on traditional disinfection theories which are not applicable to photocatalysis. Therefore, the major goal of this research is to develop a model for photocatalytic disinfection based on fundamental processes which may then be used to design water treatment
systems in the state of Florida.

	Budget: \$326,756
Low	External Collaborators: NA
LOW	Cost PV Manufacturing Title: Enhanced and Expanded PV Systems Testing Capabilities at FSEC
	PI: S. Barkaszi, Co-PI: R. Reedy - UCF/FSEC
	Description: An important FSEC function is consumer protection from poorly designed and manufacture
	PV modules and systems. FSEC's test capabilities were established over 10 years ago and were adequate
	the time to test PV modules for certification. However, PV costs have fallen and competing electric utili
	rates have risen. In the last two years, these curves have crossed under some economic scenarios and incenti
	programs, and the demand for PV module testing and system certification has jumped. Thus, this task w
	provide for enhanced and expanded PV testing and certification capabilities. The task will also be done
	close coordination with FSEC's work with the U.S. Department of Energy's PV program.
	Budget: \$196,018
	Title: Development of High Throughput CIGS Manufacturing Process
	PI: Neelkanth Dhere - UCF/FSEC
	Description: A reduction in the cost of CIGS and other thin film PV modules is required for broad H
	applications. The objective is to develop a high-rate deposition process for synthesis of CIGS absorbers a
	other layers by employing in-line and batch deposition techniques. The goal is finally to attract a H
	manufacturing company to Florida by developing a high-rate manufacturing process for CuIn _x Ga _{1-x} S
	(CIGS) solar cells.
	Budget: \$141,620 Back to Thrust 1: Overarching
	Title: Florida Opportunities for PV Manufacturing and Applications
	PIs: D. Block, J Fenton, P. Fairey, W. Schoenfelds, R. Reedy - UCF/FSEC
	Description: The overall goal of this project is to assist in the development of a photovoltaic (P
	manufacturing industry in Florida. The project objective is to conduct a review of the state, national a
	international PV manufacturing data for the purposes of establishing industry practices and an industry data
	base. The data base will then be available to assist Florida in establishing PV manufacturing firm(s).
	Budget: \$81,120
	Title: Development of Low Cost CIGS Thin Film Hot Carrier Solar Cells
	PIs: Gijs Bosman, Co-PI: Tim Anderson - UF
	Description: Our study is focused on hot carrier solar cells for cell conversion efficiency improvement in law cost high throughout CICS guater. The regist thermalization loss of hot photosylitad corriers interaction
	low cost, high throughput CIGS system. The rapid thermalization loss of hot photoexited carriers interactive with the lattice can potentially be reduced through phonon engineering in the absorber layer; the subsequence of
	extraction of the hot carriers may be realized through device engineering of energy selective contacts.
	Budget: \$450,000
	Title: Solar Photovoltaic Manufacturing Facility to Enable a Significant Manufacturing Enterprise within t
	State and Provide Clean Renewable Energy
	PI: Don Morel – USF, Co-PIs: Chris Ferekides, Lee Stefanakos - USF
	Description: The primary goal of this project is to enable the establishment and success of local so
	photovoltaic manufacturing companies to produce clean energy products for use within the state and beyo
	and to generate jobs and the skilled workforce needed for them. Thin film technologies have shown reco
	efficiencies of 20%, and present tremendous opportunities for new Florida start-up companies. USF, UC
	and UF are collaborating to develop a pilot line facility for thin film solar technologies, which will serve
	a test bed for making ongoing improvements in productivity and performance of solar modules, devel
	advanced manufacturing protocols, and help train a skilled workforce to ensure the success of no
	companies.
	Budget: \$1.6M
	External Collaborators: Mustang Solar, a Division of Mustang Vacuum Systems
	Back to Thrust 1: Overarching
dva	nced PV Device Program

	Title: Research to Improve Photovoltaic (PV) Cell Efficiency by Hybrid Combination of PV and
	Thermoelectric Cell Elements.
	PIs: Nicoleta Sorloaica-Hickman, Robert Reedy - UCF/FSEC
	Description: Photovoltaic/thermoelectric (PV/TE) cell integration is a promising technology to improved
	performance and increase the cell life of PV cells. The TE element can be used to cool and heat the PV
	element, which increases the PV efficiency for applications in real-world conditions. Conversely, the TE
	materials can be optimized to convert heat dissipated by the PV element into useful electric energy,
	particularly in locations where the PV cell experiences large temperature gradients, i.e. use the thermoelectric
	module for cooling, heating and energy generation depending on the ambient weather conditions. Thus, the
	goal of this research effort is to research and develop nanoscale design of efficient thermoelectric material
	through a fundamental understanding of the materials properties and to design and build a photovoltaic
	thermoelectric (PV/TE) hybrid system.
	Budget: \$167,820
	Back to Thrust 1: Overarching
	Title: PV Devices Research and Development Laboratory
	PI: Robert Reedy Co-PI's: Nicoleta Sorloaica-Hickman, Neelkanth Dhere - UCF/FSEC
	Description: The primary challenge facing the PV industry is to dramatically reduce the cost/watt of
	delivered solar electricity by approximately a factor of 2 to 3, to increase the manufacturing volume by a
	factor of 10 and to improve the cell efficiencies by a factor of 2 to 3. This task will conduct R&D on basic
	science of PV cells and develop a world class PV cell laboratory for future cell research. The R&D will focus
	on developing new and improved PV cells such as organic PV, nano-architectures, multiple excitation
	generation, plasmonics, and tandem/multi-junction cells.
	Budget: \$450,250
	Title: Beyond Photovoltaics: Nanoscale Rectenna for Conversion of Solar and Thermal Energy to
	Electricity
	PI: Shekhar Bhansali, Co-PIs: Elias Stefanakos, Yogi Goswami, Subramanian Krishnan - USF
	Description: The main objective of the proposal is to commercialize and scale up a new technology, rectennation
	to convert waste heat energy to electricity. Although the prediction of highly efficient (~85%) solar rectennas
	was published almost 30 years ago, serious technological challenges have prevented such devices from
	becoming a reality. Since the ultimate goal of a direct optical frequency rectenna photovoltaic power
	converter is still likely a decade away, we plan to convert optical solar radiation to thermal radiation (~30
	THz regime) using an innovative blackbody source. Leveraging the research efforts of the world-class team
	members, we plan to further develop the rectenna technology that is within reach of efficient radiation
	conversion at 30 THz. A fully integrated, blackbody converter and 30 THz rectenna system will be capable
	of converting at least 50% of solar and thermal energy into usable electrical power, clearly demonstrating a
	truly transformational new technology in the renewable energy technology sector.
	Budget: \$598,500
	External Collaborators: Bhabha Atomic Research Center, India
PV In	tegration
1 / 111	Title: PV Energy Conversion and System Integration
	PI: I. Bataraseh, Co-PI's: J. Shen, Z. Qu, X. Wu, W. Mikhael, L. Chow – UCF (PI use to be N. Kutkut)
	Description: The objective of this project is to develop a system-driven Plug'N'Gen solar power system
	demonstrating architecture of decentralized, low-cost, mass-produced, PV panel-mounted micro-inverters
	This system will be able to compete with today's centralized multi-kW PV inverters that require cos
	prohibitive professional installation. The project tasks are: 1) novel inverter topology and control concepts
	2) advanced digital control algorithms; 3) SmartTie interface with the utility grid; and 4) low cost and ultra
	compact PV inverter in package.
	Budget: \$1,267,000
	Back to Thrust 1: Overarching

	Description : Innovative non-contact energy delivery method will be used in photovoltaic energy generation system to accelerate the system deployment. Instead of delivering electric power using cables penetrating through building structures, magnetic field coupling allows power to be transferred wirelessly through building walls and roofs. In the meantime, the DC electric energy from photovoltaic cells is converted to AC energy. This enables the photovoltaic system to be quickly set up or relocated, and the collected solar energy from outdoor system can be conveniently delivered to indoor appliances. Techniques to achieve high efficiency at high power delivery through different building structures will be studied for this plug-and-play architecture. In addition, the technique and the system can also be used for non-contact charging of electric vehicles. The
	transmitter/charger can be placed as a mat on garage floor or parking space. The receiver inside vehicle will pick up the energy delivery through magnetic coupling. This eliminates the need of connecting charging wires to vehicles and exposed metal contacts, which is a safer method of charging electric vehicles Budget: \$252,000
	Title: An Integrated Sustainable Transportation System
	PI: David Norton, Keith Duncan – UF (Formerly Eric Wachsman (PI) and Shirley Meng (Co-PI);left UF) Description: The proposed vehicle, operating on biofuel while in transit and charged by the sun while parked, is the ultimate sustainable transportation system operating completely on renewable American energy resources. Moreover, the use of solid oxide fuel cells (SOFCs) rather than an IC engine in this hybrid vehicle results in a dramatic improvement in efficiency and reduction in emissions. SOFCs are the most efficient technology for converting energy from hydrocarbon fuels to electricity on a "well to wheels" basis. In contrast, the more conventional fuel cells require hydrocarbon fuels to first be converted to H_2 , with resultant efficiency losses, followed by losses due to H_2 transport and storage. Therefore, on a system-basis SOFCs hold the potential for producing the least CO_2/kWh from conventional fuels, and if designed to operate on biofuel would in effect be carbon neutral and operating on a renewable resource. <i>If developed this vehicle would be a transformational change in transportation technology</i> .
	Budget: \$594,000
	External Collaborators: Solid-State Energy Technology, Inc., Lynntech, Inc., Planar Energy Devices, Inc., CFX Battery, Inc. <u>Back to Thrust 1: Overarching</u> <i>This project has been completed</i>
	Title: PV Power Generation Using Plug-in Hybrid Vehicles as Energy Storage
	PI: J. Shen, Co-PI: I. Batarseh - UCF
	Description: The objective of this project is to develop and demonstrate an alternative PV power generation architecture that uses plug-in hybrid vehicle as the energy storage and transfer element with a total system cost target of \$3.50/W. The tasks include developing efficient, reliable, and inexpensive maximum power tracking DC/DC battery chargers and 3-phase converters. A 10kW demonstration solar carport charging station will be built on UCF campus. A plug-in hybrid vehicle with a 25kWh battery bank (battery-only driving range of 50-100 miles) and onboard bidirectional AC charging system will be demonstrated Budget: \$380,816
	External Collaborators: City of Tavares, FL Title: Integrated PV/Storage and PV/Storage/Lighting Systems
	PI: Franky So, Co-PI: Jiangeng Xue - UF Description: The goal is to increase the efficiency and reduce the cost of solar power through the integration of PV, Li-battery, and LED lighting technologies. Since all components are in the form of thin films, the PV/battery/LED system can be integrated as a single module. Since half of the materials cost of each device is the substrate, integrated module will also reduce materials costs and processing steps. Importantly, their integration further eliminates the need for inverters since they are all low-voltage devices. Such an integrated device can be used to store energy during the day and power the LED panel for lighting in the evening. In addition, we will explore the possibility of fabricating a semi-transparent module. The success of this Task will lead to a novel solar-power lighting panel that can be used as a sky light during the day and a lighting
	 panel during the night without using grid-power. We not only will develop the technologies, but also integrate devices and perform technology-economic evaluation, including life-cycle costs. Budget: \$576,000 Back to Thrust 1: Overarching
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THDUST	5. Enguring Nuclear Energy & Carbon Constrained Technologies for Electric Person in Elevide
THKUSI	5: Ensuring Nuclear Energy & Carbon Constrained Technologies for Electric Power in Florida
	Title: Reducing Residential Carbon Emission in Florida: Optional Scenarios Based on Energy Consumption,
	Transportation, and Land Use
	PI: Tingting Zhao, Co-PI: Mark Horner - FSU
	Description: In 2007 the Governor of Florida established targets for greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, which
	mandate that the State of Florida aims to reduce emissions to 2000 levels by 2017 and to 1990 levels by 2025.
	To fulfill these goals, not only is the development of renewable sources of energy and fuel needed, but it is
	also necessary to achieve more sustainable energy and fuel consumption patterns. This project is dedicated to the latter objective, i.e., exploring the effectiveness of optional scenarios for households' consumption of
	energy and transportation fuels with respect to carbon dioxide mitigation. Human land use is another major
	concentration of this research, as changes in the built environment and vegetation cover may create sources
	or sinks of carbon dioxide and hence affect the intensity and origins of carbon emissions.
	The proposal of this project consisted of three major steps: 1) calculating the Florida baseline carbon dioxide
	emissions from residential energy and fuel consumption as well as human land uses; 2) developing models
	of household behavior regarding various energy/fuel conservation and incentive options based on a
	residential survey; and 3) forecasting energy/fuel demand and CO_2 emission levels in 2017 and 2025
	throughout the state of Florida based on the scenarios created in step two.
	This project was planned to be completed within two years. The PIs concentrated mainly on 1) journal
	publications on carbon inventory analysis at the state level; 2) finalizing the household energy consumption
	survey (including sampling design), which is composed of over 30 questions dedicated to household energy
	practice and responses to energy-saving incentives; and 3) preparation for the external grant application to
	the NSF Geography and Spatial Sciences (GSS) program. Data collection from the survey is complete and
	data analysis is underway.
	Budget: \$60,844
	This project has been completed
	Title: Planning Grant: Enhanced Thermal Performance and Microstructure Simulation of Nuclear Fuels
	PI: Justin Schwartz - FSU
	Description: The objective of this proposal was to perform preliminary investigations to determine the
	viability of improved oxide nuclear fuels through high thermal conductivity coatings such as "BeO." To
	meet Florida's sustainable energy demands, they pursued the option of enhanced oxide nuclear fuel
	performance by considering the potential for improved thermal behavior through high thermal conductivity
	oxide coatings. This work will included a literature search of past investigations of the impact of enhanced
	thermal conductivity on nuclear fuel and reactor performance, the temperature and irradiation dependence of
	the thermal conductivity of BeO and other high thermal conductivity oxides, the chemical and thermal
	compatibility of BeO and nuclear fuels (UO2, PuO2, ThO2 and MOX), and initial studies into BeO coatings
	on HfO2 particles, where HfO2 serves as a benign surrogate for nuclear fuel oxides. This project is complete.
	Budget: \$15,000
	This project has been completed
	Title: Biocatalytic Lignin Modification for Carbon Sequestration
	PI: Jon Stewart - UF
	Description: After cellulose, lignin is the second most abundant forma of carbon in plants. Lignin's complex structure makes it difficult to use this material in value-added products, and ahte vast majority of lignin is
	currently burned to provide energy for factory operations. While burning plant derived lignin does not add to
	global greenhouse gas levels, having options to remove lignin from the global carbon cycle would lead to
	diminished atmospheric CO2 levels. This could be accomplished by chemically altering lignin's structure to
	facilitate long-term terrestrial sequestration or using it in value-added products that would not be discarded
	immediately. We will use Nature's catalysts (enzymes) to tailor the chemical structure of lignin for both
	deep-well injection (by using lignin derivatives as drilling "muds") and for materials that can be used in
	building, packaging, and other manufactured products.)
	Budget: \$200,000
	Title: Database Infrastructure for Integrative Carbon Science Research
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	PI: Sabine Grunwald. Co-PI: Tim Martin - UF
	Description: Rising CO ₂ concentrations in the
	atmosphere and effects on global climate change have
	been well documented, and future impacts are uncertain
	but potentially devastating. Florida's natural and agro-
	forest ecosystems have much potential to sequester
	carbon in biomass and soils due to unique climatic and
	landscape conditions. However, research gaps exist to
	accurately assess carbon pools and fluxes at coarse scales, ranging from county to the region and larger. The
	overarching objective of this project is to address these obstacles by creating a terrestrial carbon information
	system (called "TerraC") for the carbon science community, focused on ecosystems in Florida. The
	information system will be administered through the UF Carbon Resources Science Center
	(http://carboncenter.ifas.ufl.edu), a multi-disciplinary Center dedicated to research in support of enhanced
	agricultural and natural resource carbon management.
	Budget: \$199,440
	Title: Creation of Carbon Sequestration Data, Technologies and Professional Cohorts for Florida
	PI: Mark Stewart, Co-PIs: Jeffrey Cunningham, Maya Trotz - USF
	Description: Rising concerns over increasing levels of greenhouse gases, especially carbon dioxide, have
	led to suggestions to capture carbon dioxide at fixed sources, such as fossil fuel power plants, and sequester
	the carbon for millennia by injecting it underground. Florida overlies many thousands of feet of carbonate
	rocks which may be suitable for geologic sequestration of carbon dioxide. This project will investigate the
	potential for geologic sequestration of carbon dioxide in Florida, the physical and chemical changes that may
	occur as a result of injection, assess the potential for escape of injected carbon dioxide, determine the risk, if
	any, to aquifer systems used for water supplies, develop methodologies for Florida utilities to predict the
	performance and risks of proposed sequestration projects, and educate a cohort of geologic sequestration
	professionals to create a carbon sequestration industry in Florida.
	Budget: \$479,640
	External Collaborators: Tampa Electric Company (TECO); Florida Power and Light (FPL);
	Environmental Consulting and Technology (ECT), Inc.; Los Alamos National Laboratory.
THRUST	6: Florida's Ocean Energy Resources
	Title: Southeast National Marine Renewable Energy Center
	PI: Susan H. Skemp, Co-PIs: Howard P. Hanson, James VanZwieten - FAU
	Description: The research and development program being conducted by the Southeast National Marine
	Renewable Energy Center (SNMREC) is structured to be the catalyst that will enable the ocean energy
	industry in Florida toward determining solutions to answer the state's energy challenge. This project focuses
	on determining the potential of harnessing the ocean current resource and ocean thermal energy conversion
	(OTEC). The regulatory process both at State and Federal levels continues to evolve as the roles and
	interdependencies of the individual agencies are more clearly articulated. In addition, knowledge to make
	these decisions is being defined and targeted on a micro level necessary to assess individual devices.
	SNMREC's mission is to bridge the gap between concept and commercial deployment of ocean energy
	technologies by providing at-sea testing facilities for both ocean current and thermal energy research and for
	technology development. Research cuts across environmental, ecological, resource and technology.
	Budget: \$8,750,000
	Universities: UCF, FSU, ERAU, University of Miami, Oregon State University, University of Washington,
	Pennsylvania State University, University of New Hampshire, University of Hawaii, University of
	Edinburgh, Heriot-Watt University, Nova Southeastern University, Virginia Polytechnical Institute, Florida
	Institute of Technology, Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University
	External Collaborators: Numerous industry and State and federal government as well as FFRDCs, such as
	National Renewable Energy Laboratory, Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution, U.S. Department of Energy,
	U.S. Department of Interior (Bureau of Ocean Energy Management and Regulation and Enforcement), U.S.
	Department of Commerce (National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration), and Florida Department of
	Environmental, Protection, to name a few.
	Environmental, Protection, to name a few.

Title: Buoy Array for Ocean Wave Power Generation PI: Z. Qu, Co-PI: K. Lin - UCF Description: The objective of this project is to develop a novel design that can extract ocean wave energy for commercial consumption. The design detailed herein is unique in that it is a wave point energy harves that is small in size and contains all of the mechanical components directly within the buoy. The proj focuses mainly on the mechanical system within the buoy as well as methods to control the electrical load the system. Different mechanical systems have been developed and tested on a motion platform to simul a vertical wave motion—these systems have been analyzed and compared in order to provide an evincreasingly effective design. The Harris Corp. have acted as new collaborators with the project since Octo I* 2010, funding four UCF senior design teams in the development of a buoy for wave power generation Budget: \$150,000 This project has been completed THRUST 7: Securing our Energy Storage and Delivery Infrastructure Title: The Future Florida Grid: Ensuring a Reliable and Resilient Electrical Energy Transmission a Delivery System in a Changing Environment PI: Steinar Dale, Co-PIs: T. Baldwin, O. Faruque, J. Langston, P. McLaren, R. Meeker, K. Schoder, Steurer - FSU Description: The project research goal is to address the challenges of the reliable movement of electric energy throughout the state as the power system is transformed to include far more renewable and alternat sources, increased use of distributed energy resources (including storage and electric vehicles), emerge of microgrids, possible expansion of new very-large centralized baseload (nuclear), and incorporation of power and energy stackholder groups, including the Gridwise Alliance, the North
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 THRUST 7: Securing our Energy Storage and Delivery Infrastructure Title: The Future Florida Grid: Ensuring a Reliable and Resilient Electrical Energy Transmission a Delivery System in a Changing Environment PI: Steinar Dale, Co-PIs: T. Baldwin, O. Faruque, J. Langston, P. McLaren, R. Meeker, K. Schoder, Steurer - FSU Description: The project research goal is to address the challenges of the reliable movement of electric energy throughout the state as the power system is transformed to include far more renewable and alternat sources, increased use of distributed energy resources (including storage and electric vehicles), emerger of microgrids, possible expansion of new very-large centralized baseload (nuclear), and incorporation of n power conversion, transmission, measurement, communication and control technologies (smart grid). This project has also supported ongoing participation and contributions in national, state, and local pow and energy stakeholder groups, including the Gridwise Alliance, the North American Synchropha Initiative (NASPI), the American Society of Mechanical Engineers' (ASME) National Energy Committ the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) Power Engineering Society (PES), Florid Great Northwest Alternative Energy Advisory Council, and the Tallahassee-Leon Economic Developm Council (EDC) Energy and Environment Roundtable. Budget: \$431,982 Back to Thrust 1: Overarching This project has been completed Title: Microgrids for a Sustainable Energy Future PI: Chris S. Edrington, Co-PIs: Helen Li, Juan Ordonez, Jim Zheng, Mischa Steurer - FSU Description: The primary aim of the project was to address research and development in the area microgrid modeling and control, grid-tying inverters/converters, energy storage, tri-generation, and standa development for smart grids.
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development for smart grids.
Budget: \$719,333
This project has been completed
Title: Real-Time Power Quality Study For Sustainable Energy Systems
PI: U. Meyer-Baese, Co-PIs: Helen LI, Simon Foo, Anke Meyer-Baese, Juan Ordonez - FSU
Description: The main objective of this project is the collection of preliminary data for IESES proposals t can be used to seek local, national and international sources of external funding from private and governm
sponsors. The overall project has been split up in several independent subprojects to allow a tim
completion of the tasks. All tasks have been completed successfully.
Budget: \$15,000
This project has been completed
Title: Planning Grant: Advancing Knowledge of Network Theory for Analysis and Design of Smart Pow
Grids
PI: Svetlana V. Poroseva. Co-PIs: Yousuff Hussaini, Per Arne Rikvold - FSU
Description: With power grids evolving towards increasing size, complexity, and integration, it has beco
more difficult to describe and predict their behavior, even under normal operational conditions. W

technological development, climate change, and activities in the political arena, adverse circumstances (natural disasters, intelligent adversary, software design errors, human errors, etc.) have become more probable and costly events. The Project seeks to provide industry and government with advanced analytical and computational tools necessary for the automated evaluation of the structural resilience and reliability of power grids. The potential applications of the Project's results go beyond power grids. Any infrastructure essential to our society and economy (e.g., computer, communication, transportation) can benefit from the Project's results. This project is complete.
Budget: \$15,000 This project has been completed
This project has been completed Title: Investigating the Effect of Appliance Interface Design on Energy-use Behavior
PI: Paul Ward, Co-PIs: Ian Douglas, David Eccles - FSU
Description: The primary objective of this research project was to identify the behavioral factors that contribute to energy in/efficiency in the home. In particular, this project was designed to (a) examine current state-of the science on behavioral factors that affect energy efficiency, (b) report on the efficiency of typical energy consuming technology used in the home as well as existing programs designed to improve efficiency, and (b) investigate the types of human-technology interactions and other behavioral factors that lead to in/efficient energy use. To achieve these objectives this project proposed to use laboratory-based experimental and field-based methods to (i) identify interface-design factors that constrain individuals to behave in locally optimal but globally sub-optimal ways, and (ii) survey how cognitive, technological, and motivational behavioral issues affect use in the home environment. Budget: \$247,720
This project has been completed
Title: Energy Delivery Infrastructures
PI: Lee Stefanakos Co-PIs: Zhixin Miao - USF (Formerly Alex Domijan (PI) and Arif Islam (Co-PI). Left USF).
Description: The proposed project is to simulate the effects of a renewable energy generation system in a microgrid context to the distribution grid system. The proposed project is to simulate the combination of renewable distributed generation and a battery system to assess the effects during critical conditions such as power system peak.
A research opportunity is to investigate how existing tools can be applied to properly representing dynamic and transient behaviors of microgrids. Therefore, in this project we propose using simulation tools to model a microgrid and investigate how well we can reproduce its measured behavior in the field Budget: \$485,184
Title: Micro Battery Defense Development
PI: Chunlei Wang - FIU
 Description: The microbattery market for new miniature portable electronic devices such as cardiac pacemakers, hearing aids, smart cards, personal gas monitors, micro electromechanical system (MEMS) devices, embedded monitors, and remote sensors with RF capability is increasing rapidly. Thin-film lithium batteries are among the most advanced battery systems that can scale down to the dimensions that match the MEMS devices. However, these two-dimensional (2D) batteries are necessarily thin in order to maintain effective transport of Li ions. In order to power MEMS devices with limited device area (areal "footprints"), batteries must somehow make good use of their thickness. Three-dimensional (3D) configurations offer a means to keep transport distances short and yet provide enough material such that the batteries can power MEMS devices for extended periods of time. In this project, we focus on developing functional 3D microbatteries based on our carbon microelectromechanical systems (C-MEMS) technique. These microbatteries at the same size scale. Budget: , \$192,418.30 – Not Funded by FESC
Title: Electrostatic Spray Deposition of Nanostructured Porous Metal Oxide Composite

Description: Recently, conversion reactions of interstitial-free 3d metal oxide structures (such as CoO, CuO, and NiO) with structures unsuitable for intercalation chemistry have nevertheless been shown to exhibit large, rechargeable capacities in cells with lithium. The specific capacities of these materials, which are potential candidates for the negative electrode, can be as high as 1,000 mAhg-1 (about three times of commonly used graphitic carbons). However, practical implementation using these metal oxides is hampered by the large capacity loss of the first cycle and poor material cyclability. These problems are partially attributed to the significant volume changes that occur during lithium uptake and removal (molar volume change of ~100%), which causes mechanical failure and the loss of electrical contact at the anode. They are also due to aggregation of metal nanoparticles that appears during the process of discharging the metal oxide anodes. In order to overcome these two challenges and develop excellent rate capabilities and high power densities of Li-ion batteries, metal oxide composite electrodes with hierarchical mixed conducting network structures will be synthesized. We propose the preparation and testing of multi-component metal oxide anode films with a variety of morphologies using a simple and versatile method based on the electrostatic spray deposition (ESD) technique. The ESD technique enables us to reproducibly fabricate thin film ceramic materials with simple, low-cost and controllable designed morphologies. ESD-derived ceramic thin films we obtained including 3-D reticular, spongy-like, hollow sphere, dense, etc morphologies. The structures of these films can be easily tailored by changing the precursor solution component(s) and adjusting the substrate temperature. In this project, we plan to fabricate porous metal oxide materials, MxOy (M=Fe, Co). Material characterization methods (such as: SEM, TEM, AFM, BET, etc) will be used to study the correlation between
ESD parameters and surface morphologies.
Budget: \$88,378.711 - Not Funded by FESC
Title: Fabrication and Investigation of Porous Tin Oxide Anodes for Li-Ion Micro Batteries
PI: Chunlei Wang - FIU
Description: The requirement of higher energy capacity microbatteries demands the exploitation of new
substitute materials with higher energy capacity than traditional graphite. SnO2 has been considered as one of the most promising substitutes for the carbon anode in Li ion batteries due to its high Lit storage capacity.
of the most promising substitutes for the carbon anode in Li-ion batteries due to its high Li+ storage capacity. However, the practical application of $SnO2$ as anode is restricted by poor cyclability and rate capability due
However, the practical application of SnO2 as anode is restricted by poor cyclability and rate capability due to large volume change during cycling, which can cause disintegration and electrical disconnection from current collector. In this project, we propose the preparation and testing of tin oxide anode films with a variety of porous morphologies using Electrostatic Spray Deposition (ESD) technique. Our research focus will be developing an ESD processing to fabricate tin oxide electrode with different pore sizes ranging from macropores to mesopores and down to micropores; constructing hierarchical porous tin oxide electrode by controlling process parameters and introducing a surfactant or polymer additives, and material characterization and electrochemical analysis in order to investigate the correlation between morphology and electrochemical performance and understand the underlying mechanism. The proposed research will significantly enhance our understanding of fundamental issues regarding intrinsic properties of porous SnO2 films as anode for Li-ion batteries. Budget: \$100,000 - Not Funded by FESC Title: Very High Energy-Density Ultracapacitors
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PI: E. Bakhoum, UWF Description: A new type of ultraceneoiter that offers a consolitance density on the order of 500 Forads per
Description: A new type of ultracapacitor that offers a capacitance density on the order of 500 Farads per cubic centimeter or higher has been created. The principle behind the new ultracapacitor structure is the
insertion of a 100 nm-thick layer of barium strontium titanate as an interface between the activated carbon
electrode and the electrolyte. The new ultracapacitors are highly needed in hybrid vehicle applications; as
any significant increase in the energy storage capability of the ultracapacitors leads to substantial
improvement in the fuel efficiency of hybrid vehicles. Two manuscripts about this new development were
 published in 2009. Additional research is ongoing Not Funded by FESC
Title: Secure Energy Systems
PI: Pramod Khargonekar - UF
Description : The goal of this project is to investigate the concept of secure energy systems and formulate a concrete vision of a broad based comprehensive research program. An additional project goal is to develop
concrete vision of a broad-based, comprehensive research program. An additional project goal is to develop architecture for modeling, analysis, and design of secure energy systems. An energy system consists of a

	collection of interconnected subsystems representing energy generation devices, energy consumption devices, transmission, distribution, and storage devices, and communications and computing devices. Such systems are dynamic and its operation is influenced by external perturbations. Definition of the system and it environment depends on the problem of interest. This project is motivated by strong interest among key decision makers in understanding and assuring security of energy systems in the face of various natural and man-made threats. Increasing penetration of renewable energy sources and capabilities offered by smart grid have the potential to enhance or degrade security of energy systems. Thus, these new developments present additional motivation for understanding of secure energy systems. Whereas there is an intuitive understanding of security and assurance, much work remains to be done in formulating precise definitions that cover problems of interest and devising an overall architecture that may facilitate a system level analysis and design of such secure energy systems. Taking into account rapid changes in the energy issues in a wide variety of private and public sectors, this project is a proactive effort to develop a vision and architecture for analysis and design of secure energy systems. It is expected that the results of this project will lead to future development and integration of specific analysis and design algorithms and software that will assist system designers in assessing and ensuring an appropriate level of system security. Budget : \$220,000
	Back to Thrust 1: Overarching
	Title: Optimization, Robustness and Equilibrium Modeling for the Florida Smart Grid
	PI: Panos Pardalos - UF
	Description: This project began in January 2011. It aims to develop algorithms for optimal design and functioning of Florida's next generation of power transmission and distribution systems that will incorporate the new realities of the grid. The goal is to create innovative real time capabilities for 1) optimal location of renewable energy source; 2) detection and prevention of instabilities and outages; and 3) operating models including generalized Nash equilibrium problems in the electricity market.
	Budget: \$30,000
Policy	
	 Title: Economic Impacts of Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency Policies PI: Theodore Kury – UF (PI use to be Mark Jamison) Description: To serve its mission and contribute to FESC's fulfillment of its mission, PURC is conducting the three projects described below. These projects will be completed in two years and will deliver policy relevant reports and academic quality papers. The projects are: Economic and Job Impacts of State Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency Policies This project will provide empirical estimates of state renewable energy and energy efficiency policies on economic development and jobs. Electric Grid Impacts of State Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency Policies This project will provide an estimate of the impacts of renewable energy policies on the electric grid. It will fill a gap in the literature for Florida, which as to date focused on the impacts on electricity generation. Effects of Energy Commodity Profit Margins on Effectiveness of Energy Efficiency Programs This project will test an assumption that is built into many state energy policies and that is held by many policy makers at the national level, namely that utilities would improve consumer energy efficiency practices if utility prices were decoupled from utility profits. Budget: \$150,000 Title: Environmental Impacts of Energy Production Systems: Analysis, Evaluation, Training, and Outreach PI: Amy B. Chan-Hilton, Co-PIs: Gang Chen, Wenrui Huang, Michael Watts, Ming Ye, Paul Lee - FSU
	Description: The goal of this project is to develop tools and conduct research to objectively assess environmental and water resources needs and constraints while developing prudent energy strategies and policies. The focus of this research will be on fuel cycle and energy production systems. The objectives of
	this project were to analyze the environmental and water resources demands and potential impacts, specific to Florida's unique geographical challenges, of fuel cycle systems and develop an objective environmental

	impact screening and evaluation tool or decision support system for energy planning and policy making by
	Florida's industry, utilities, and government.
	As Florida develops its long-term energy strategy, multiple efforts are ongoing to develop and apply a wide
	range of energy technologies that are sustainable and carbon-neutral. But pragmatic issues related to
	environmental impact and sustainability need to be addressed before these technologies may be implemented.
	This project directly addressed the FESC's Thrust 6 on "Energy systems and their environmental and
	economic impacts." This project also directly addresses IESES's Objective 4 on unique geographical
	challenges and Objective 5 on sustainable energy engineering, science and the sustainable energy economy.
	Budget: \$118,470
	External Collaborators: Florida Department of Environmental Protection
	This project has been completed
	Title: Promoting Energy and Land Use Through Land Use, Transportation and Green Infrastructure Polices PI: Tim Chapin, Co-PIs : Ivonne Audirac, Chris Coutts, Greg Thompson, Mark Horner - FSU
	Description: In response to the many issues related to energy provision, energy sustainability, and GHGs, in
	2007 Governor Crist created an Action Team on Energy and Climate Change. This group was tasked with
	investigating and recommending strategies for reducing GHG emissions, creating more sustainable energy
	systems in Florida, and for establishing Florida as an international leader in innovative energy provision.
	Related to this, the 2008 session saw the Florida Legislature pass HB 697 which, among many things, requires
	every local government in the state to address energy systems and GHG emissions explicitly within their
	comprehensive plans. Currently, the linkages between energy planning, environmental and economic
	sustainability, land use and transportation planning, and GHG reductions have never been stronger in Florida.
	This project is aimed at continuing the momentum in Florida for developing broad-based solutions to these
	problems by helping to develop a knowledge base for informing state policy in the areas of energy,
	sustainability, and land use and transportation planning.
	Budget: \$168,185
	This project has been completed
	Title: Political and Economic Institutions Regarding Siting of Energy Facilities
	PI: R. Mark Isaac, Co-PIs: Douglas Norton, Svetlana Pevnitskaya - FSU
	Description: The "Hold-Out" project evaluates the "hold-out" concept, which is discussed repeatedly in the
	context of public policies regarding land acquisition and facilities siting, but a clear definition is elusive. To
	economists, the most likely definition is that a profitable amalgamation of land parcels by one buyer from
	competing sellers does not occur because of the failure of the private bargaining process. However,
	sometimes the term seems to be used more for delay instead of failure in bargaining, or even the very different
	concept of creation of any bilateral bargaining situation of the buyer and the "last" or "holding-out" seller,
	which may be inconvenient to the buyer but is immaterial in terms of economic efficiency unless efficient
	trades actually fail. The experimental design is complete, the programming is complete, Institutional Review Board approval has been obtained, and we have conducted two complete experimental treatments. This
	research was presented at one of the Presidential Sessions at the 2009 Meetings of the Southern Economics
	Association in November in San Antonio.
	Budget: \$79,621
	This project has been completed
	Title: Experimental Investigation of Economic Incentives of Policies, Institutions and R&D in
	Environmental Conservation
	PI: Svetlana Pevnitskaya, Co-PI: Dmitry Ryvkin - FSU
	Description: Policies and institutions aiming at reducing pollution and battling climate change often do not
	reach desirable results because actual decisions of governments and economic agents deviate from those
	predicted by theory. We employed methods of experimental economics to find and explore such deviations
	and their causes, and used the findings to modify theory and design better policies and institutions. In this
	project, we constructed a theoretical model of decisions in a dynamic environment with costs of pollution
	and climate change, while testing the theory in laboratory experiments with human subjects. We studied
	actual behavior and explore responses to changes in the environment, production technologies, investment in
L	clean technology and institutions. This project is complete.
	67

Budget: \$43,217
This project has been completed
Other
Title: Fusion Energy Spheromak Turbulent Plasma Experiment-STPX PI: Charles A. Weatherford, Co-PIs: Kyron Williams, Ephrem Mezolin - FAMU Description: The Florida A&M University's Center for Plasma Science and Technology (CePaST) has nearly completed the construction of a spheromak fusion reactor. A spheromak is one of a general class of experiments used to investigate key plasma physics principles relevant for the development of magnetically confined, controlled thermonuclear fusion as a source of electrical power. This project involves collaboration between Florida A&M University CePaST, West Virginia University, and Auburn University The spheromak turbulent plasma physics experiment (STPX) is being constructed at FAMU in a facility especially built for the STPX experiment. Fusion research is a key element in the nation's long term energy supply strategy, The spheromak concept may be a possible alternative to the tokamak concept (deployed at ITER) which affords access to fundamental fusion science issues supportive of fusion while allowing us to maintain and nurture an American fusion scientific workforce. This project will determine, using a fast dut cycle between theory, experiment, and simulation, the essential elements required for full kinetic modeling of an entire spheromak plasma using ab initio MHD with direct modifications from new turbulence physics: The project will focus on the management of fluctuations and transport in a spheromak plasma using new turbulence physics models and comprehensive helicity control. We will employ high time- and spatial- resolution measurements of electron temperatures, ion temperatures, and magnetic field fluctuations to investigate, understand, and eventually control reconnection driven heating as a means of increasing the plasma temperature of spheromak plasmas. We will use divertor diagnostics of radiation and particle
 brashina temperature of spheroinak prasmas. We will use divertor diagnostics of radiation and particle transport along with edge biasing for electric field control to explore the effects of driven flows on confinement and heating in spheromak plasmas with microparticles and will investigate the effects of MW pulses coupled to protons on the plasma current and confinement. Budget: \$950,000 – Not Funded by FESC Universities and External Collaborators: Dr. Earl Scime, West Virginia University Dr. Ed Thomas, Auburn University Dr. Simon Woodruff, Woodruff Scientific, Inc Title: Marketing Strategies to Incentives Entrepreneurship and Innovation in the Development of Sustainable
 Pite: Warketing Strategies to incentives Entrepreneursing and innovation in the Development of Sustainable Energy PI: Joe Cronin - FSU Description: The objective of this project was to investigate the role of market pull strategies in advancin sustainability goals. Specifically, the intent is to identify what "drives" consumers' attitudes and behavior relative to sustainable products. This includes consumers' personal attitudes, opinions, and beliefs, the perceptions of their own and organizations' abilities to affect or change the environment in which they live
and their personal characteristics (e.g., demographics). In addition, in collaboration with the College of Communications, the strengths and weaknesses of the various communication modalities that can be used to deliver sustainability knowledge to consumers (e.g., advertisements, testimonials, expert word-of-mour communications, public relations, publicity, etc) were assessed. Specifically, the research attempts to identify the optimal market pull modality; that is, the means by which to deliver to consumers the knowledge the drives the purchase of sustainable goods and services. The overall objective of the research is to provide much needed market pull information for organizations embarking on "green" marketing strategies; that if firms in the process of developing or expanding their mix of environmentally friendly goods and services. Budget: \$191,555
This project has been completed
Title: Energy Sustainable Florida Communities
PI: Richard Feiock, Co-PIs: Ivonne Audirac, Keith Ihlanfeldt - FSU

 Description: The objective of NESC is to stimulate innovation and energy investments that will accelerate energy savings by local governments by sharing best practices and organizing and managing large scale collaboration and bulk buying projects. Florida State University has been working with U.S. DOE contributing surveys, research and outreach assistance to assist in efforts to promote investment, collaboration, and bulk purchasing by local governments that will achieve significant cost savings. This includes organizing NESC conference calls co-hosted by hosted by FSU and DOE, conducting several surveys, and hosting a meeting of Florida local government EECBG sub-awardees. These initial research efforts and conference calls have been successful in identifying broad interest in collaboration and bulk buying. They also revealed significant barriers to collaboration that need to be addressed including issues related to coordination within governments, among governments in each region together with experts in collaboration, governance, finance, and purchasing we will identify specific projects and design the mechanisms to put the projects in place. Second, are expanding our statewide dialogue on a more systematic basis and share the insights and successes of our regional workshops. Third, we are working with universities and other partners throughout the U.S. to share strategies and insights and help replicate our successes in other states. By expanding our efforts and formalizing the network we will make large scale energy savings a reality.
We are now undertaking activities to address these barriers to collaboration at three levels: First we are conducting focused regional workshops throughout the state. By bringing interested governments in each region together with experts in collaboration, governance, finance, and purchasing we will identify specific projects and design the mechanisms to put the projects in place. Second, are expanding our statewide
we are working with universities and other partners throughout the U.S. to share strategies and insights and help replicate our successes in other states. By expanding our efforts and formalizing the network we will
Title: Development of a Renewable Energy Research Web Portal
PI: Charles R. McClure, Co-PIs: Ian Douglas, Chris Hinnant - FSU
Description: This project identified, organized, and made available via a web portal, research generated as part of the FESC effort as well as other selected related information resources and tools as identified by FESC participants. The goal of this project was to provide IESES, FESC, researchers, and others in the state of Florida with the research information they need to accomplish statewide energy goals. An initial product from this project was an operational web portal that identifies, organizes, and provides access to a range of FESC and other research related to renewable and alternative energy information. A second product was research results on extending technologies that allow users to share information and grow/sustain the web portal through a range of social networking techniques. This research attempts to position FSU to seek additional external funding related to interactive databases and web portals. The ultimate expected outcomes
resulting from the project include increased IESES and FESC researcher productivity; increased leverage and collaboration of FESC resources and funding; and improved policy- and decision-making regarding the future uses and development of renewable and alternative energy in Florida. Budget: \$194,542
 This project has been completed
Title: Planning Grant: Hydrogen Storage Using Carbon-Based Adsorbent Materials PI: Efstratios Manousakis - FSU
Description: This project was a theoretical investigation of a variety of carbon based nano-porous materials, such as activated carbon or single-wall or multi-wall carbon nanotubes, which can be used to store and transport hydrogen. We find that by doping with metallic elements, the micro-surfaces of these carbon-based porous materials provide increased van der Waals forces to the adsorbed hydrogen molecules; this effect significantly enhances the volumetric energy density for hydrogen storage and we caried out a full theoretical investigation to find the optimum conditions. This project is complete.
Budget: \$15,000 This project has been completed

Title: Florida Advanced Technological Education Center (FLATE)
PI: Marilyn Barger - UF
Description: FLATE (Florida Advanced Technological Education Center) is FESC's partner to develo
statewide curriculum frameworks for technical A.S./A.A.S. degree programs supporting existing and ne
energy business sectors. FLATE develops the frameworks and facilitates their progress through the multip
sequential industry-validation, student competencies based, FLDOE procedure. FLATE also develops no
courses and provides faculty professional development as required for each new program of stud
Additionally FLATE helps colleges in the State College System implement the new frameworks in the
institutions. To support the new curriculum, FLATE will work closely with the FESC Public Outreach a
Industry Partnership programs to provide additional professional development opportunities for teachers a
faculty to upgrade and update their STEM knowledge base.
Budget: \$300,000
External Collaborators: Brevard Community College; Tallahassee Community College; Daytona Sta
College; Central Florida Community College; Polk State College; Florida State College at Jacksonvil
Valencia Community College; School District Hillsborough County; Florida Department of Education
Division of Adult and Career Education; West Side Technical School; WFI Banner Center for Energy
Advanced Technology for Energy and Environment Center (ATEEC); University of West Florida, Dept
Construction Technology; WFI Banner Center for Construction; WFI Banner Center for Alternative Energy
USF College of Engineering; Madison Area Technical College ATE project for Alternative Ener
certifications; Milwaukee Area Technical College Energy Conservation and Advanced Manufacturing Cen
(ECAM); Florida Energy Workforce Consortium (FEWC); TECO; Progress Energy; ISTEC (Ibero Scien
and Technology Education Consortium).
Title: Outreach Activities for FESC BL: Disease Longer Kathleen C. Burnnert, Hel S. Knowled III, Nicholes Taylor, Barbra Lorgen, Creig Miller
PI: Pierce Jones, Kathleen C. Ruppert, Hal S. Knowles III, Nicholas Taylor, Barbra Larson, Craig Miller- UF
Description: Developing educational outreach programs and materials designed to deliver practic
applicable information and knowledge on energy-related topics to the general public as well as targeted
specific audiences such as builders, planners, engineers, architects, small businesses, local governments, a
utilities through the Cooperative Extension Service and others. By focusing educational programming
climate and efficient use of energy and water, the program aims to provide the knowledge needed by buildi
and energy professionals, local governments, and the general public, to significantly reduce greenhouse g
emissions in Florida.
Budget: \$497,670
External Collaborators: Primarily DCA, FSU, UCF (FSEC), USF, and DEP with many others as well.
Title: UFTR Digital Control System Upgrade for Education and Training of Engineers and Operators
PI: Gabriel Ghita – UF (PI use to be Alireza Haghighat; he has left UF)
Current PI: Kelly Jourdan
Description: The goal of this project is to contribute to a major initiative on design, licensing a
construction of a fully digital control system for the University of Florida Training Reactor (UFTR). The
makes the UFTR the first operating nuclear power plant in the United States that uses a fully digital contract of the states of
system. This facility will provide for the training and education of the necessary workforce in the area
digital control and instrumentation for nuclear reactors. With this effort, a new focus/certificate on digi
control and instrumentation will be developed at the Nuclear and Radiological Engineering (NR
Department. Further, the UFTR facility will offer training courses for community colleges (Central Florid Indian River, and Jacksonville) in the State of Florida, personnel from nuclear utilities and governme
agencies including the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC). The project has already received signification
funding from industry and government in form of grants, contracts, equipment/systems, and engineers' tin
Budget: \$308,000 Curent Budget: \$45,000
External Collaborators: Several engineers from AREVA NP Inc & Siemens Corporation
EXTERNAL CONTROLATIONS: Several engineers from AKEVA INPLIE α Stemens Condition

Titles Engener and Efficiency Video Dublic Comico Announcements
Title: Energy and Efficiency Video Public Service Announcements
PI: Andy Opel, Co-PIs: Phil Steinberg, Leslie France-Patterson, Laura Arpan, Ian Weir - FSU
Description: This interdisciplinary team produced 6-8 short (30-second/one-minute) video public servic
announcements (PSAs) that address issues of energy and efficiency and one 12-15 minute informational
documentary targeted to Florida legislators and the Governor's office. These videos will be tailored t
reinforce existing IESES efforts.
Budget: \$200,720
This project has been completed
Title: Planning Grant: Climate modeling and Outreach Activities
PI: Shawn R. Smith, Co-PIs: Steve Cocke, David Zierden, James O'Brien, Julie Harrington - FSU
The objective of the planning grant is to develop at least one external funding proposal that focuses on area
of climate modeling and/or climate outreach that support the activities of the IESES. The focus of ou
activities has centered on evaluating the potential offshore wind resource in the northeastern Gulf of Mexic
and elsewhere in Florida's waters. Preliminary research has been completed using observations from
instrumented Air Force towers and buoys in the waters around Florida. The existence of wind power capacit
has been identified at the assessed locations. Due to the sparseness of in-situ wind data in the region,
numerical modeling approach will need to be pursued to develop a wind climatology with sufficient spati
and temporal scales to further define the offshore wind power capacity.
A vast portion of the work conducted focused on outreach and education. When we began our project, the
idea of offshore wind power in Florida was not even on the radar of the Florida Legislature or the renewab
energy sector at large. We worked to raise the visibility of offshore wind as an energy resource for Florid
by attending meetings, connecting with the wind power industry in Florida, and briefing two members of the
Florida Legislature and presenting to the Florida Energy and Climate Commission. As a result of the
connections, we submitted a preliminary proposal to Siemens Wind Power and have developed a network
colleagues both within FSU and the private sector that are interested in further developing Florida's offsho
wind resource.
Budget: \$15,000
This project has been completed
Title: Visiting Law Professor
Principal Investigator: JB Ruhl, Jim Rossi Co-PI: Uma Outka - FSU
Description: Two-year Visiting Scholar, Uma Outka, at the College of Law researched the interface between
land use law and innovative energy solutions and delivering academic symposia and graduate stude
seminars on the research scope, comprising Sustainable Energy Research Project (SERP) with
Environmental and Land Use Law Program. This project is complete.
Budget: \$214,603
This project has been completed
Title: Energy Sustainability Course
Principal Investigator: Mark Jamison - UF
Description: This project creates the course GEB 4930 Energy Sustainability as a general business class.
examines issues in energy sustainability that confront policy-makers and managers around the world. It al
covers energy utility markets and regulation, challenges in addressing environmental externalities, metho
for encouraging environmentally friendly energy solutions, and the hard realities of the economics and
science of energy. The capstone is a research paper that examines alternative energy futures for the State
Florida. Top papers will have the opportunity to participate in a moderated forum sponsored by the Bo
Graham Center for Public Service focused on Energy Sustainability in Florida. The course will be videotape
and made available to non-UF students in 2015.
and made available to non-UF students in 2015. External Collaborators: NA

Title: Buildings and Energy: Design and Operation Vs. Sustainability"- An Energy Engineering Course for
Florida-specific Building Design & Operation
Principal Investigator: Prabir Barooah - UF
Description: To achieve higher standards in building design and operation, a solid foundation of energy
engineering and sustainability principles is essential. At UF engineering, there are no courses offered
students and industry professionals in energy topics particularly related to buildings, specifically for th
design and operation in Florida climate conditions. This project fills this void through the development of a
energy engineering course.
External Collaborators: Dr. Timothy Middelkoop, University of Missouri
Status: Active
Title: Renewable Energy Education Program at USF's Patel College of Global Sustainability
Principal Investigator: George Philippidis - USF
Description: The goal of this project is to establish an education program in renewable energy at USF's Pat College of Global Sustainability (PCGS) by developing two graduate-level courses: (1) "Renewable Transportation Fuels" and (2) "Renewable Power Portfolio". The courses will be developed for both in-class
and on-line delivery and will constitute the concentration in Renewable Energy for the College's existin M.A. in Global Sustainability.
External Collaborators: NA
 Status: Active Title: Introducing Specialization in "Sustainable Energy Systems" for Under-Graduate Students in
Engineering at the University of West Florida
Principal Investigator: Bhuvana Ramachandran and Co-PI: Muhammad Rashid, UWF
Description: The specialization in "Sustainable Energy Systems" initiated at the University of West Flori
is a collaborative effort among faculty in the Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering as
Department of Ethics, Law and Policy at the University of West Florida. The objective is to facilitate
understanding of the technology, processes, economics and policy that underpin energy systems within t
context of the sustainability of energy supply and demand.
External Collaborators: NA
Status: Active
Title: A Certificate Program to Enhance Sustainable Behavior Change Competencies for EnergyFocuse
Educational Outreach Professionals
Principal Investigator: Laura A. Sanagorski Warner - UF
Description: The aim of this educational offering is to improve the process of program delivery focused sustainable behavior change within the context of energy usage.
External Collaborators: NA
Status: (Recent award)
Title: Solar Energy Technologies: Fundamentals and Applications in Buildings Principal Investigator: Cheng-Xian (Charlie) Lin - FIU
Description: In this project, the PI at Florida International University will develop a new online course
solar energy technologies, with emphasis on solar applications in buildings, taking account the unique so
resource and infrastructure in the state of Florida.
External Collaborators: NA
Status: Active (Recent award)
Title: Renewable Energies and Sustainability Education
Principal Investigator: Ryan Integlia and Sesha Srinivasan - Polytech
Description: This education proposal is aimed at developing a stand-alone course content accessibility
conducting competitions and workshop that can be offered to undergraduate and graduate students at t
Florida Polytechnic University.
External Collaborators: NA Status: Active (Recent award)

FFSC Phase 2 Technol	ogy Commorsialization
FESC Phase 2 Technolo	
	pment of a Low Cost Concentrating Solar Energy System Using Solar Sausages
	anWinkle, Sean Barton – UF
	Beginning in late 2010, weekly meetings have been held at HHH offices in Tallahassee that
	sentatives of the several entities involved in deploying the "Solar Sausage" concentrating system
at the Yulee S	St. site in Tallahassee. The entities include Pro Solar Inc., Barkley Consulting Engineers Inc.,
Winton Engin	heering PA, and Applied Research and Design Inc. A series of 50-foot long prototype sausages
were made an	d inflated on site. Many issues were identified that needed to be resolved before manufacturing
and deploying	g several hundred solar sausages on site including methods of constructing, mounting, and
operating the	balloons, distribution of air and electricity, and removal of heat. Industry Partner: Hunter and
Harp Holding	s (HHH)
	Evolution in Solid-State Li-Ion Battery Materials
PI: Kevin S.	
	Li-ion battery (LIB) technology is promising for use in electric drive vehicle (EDV) and
-	ergy storage applications. However, challenges with materials safety, performance, cost, and
	g scalability have largely prohibited LIB implementation in these situations. Challenges in
	on during the fabrication and processing of the elements of the cells remain and are not well
	In this study the roles of component fabrication and processing conditions on the resulting
	e materials are being evaluated. Thin film battery components will be deposited on stainless
	ng a novel fabrication method invented and patented by Planar Energy and the components will
	to different annealing treatments. A novel curvature measurement system will be used to
	he stress in the component layers both after deposition and annealing and structural analysis
	ill be used to correlate the resultant component material microstructure and crystallographic
	the measured stresses.
	ther: Planar Energy
	Based Air Cathodes for Fuel Cells & Metal Air Batteries
	G. Rinzler – UF
-	The goal of this project is to develop and use novel gas diffusion oxygen reducing
	cathode) based on single wall carbon nanotube (SWNT) films in zinc-air batteries and fuel
	ir batteries, utilizing surrounding air as an inexhaustible cathode material have the highest
-	volumetric energy density of any primary battery system available. Gas diffusion oxygen
	here molecular oxygen is electrocatalytically reduced, are vital to battery and fuel cell
	The air cathode should be permeable to air or another source of oxygen, but must be
	hydrophobic so that electrolyte will not leak though it, and have an electrically conductive
	ected to external circuitry. Generally, conventional air cathode is a thick multilayer
	ing carbonaceous powder mixed with nanoscale metal catalyst to promote oxygen
	hydrophobic polymer additive pressed onto electrically conductive layer. While noble
	as platinum that are commonly used as catalysts in conventional air cathodes offer
the advantage	s of intrinsic catalytic activity, their deficiency in resource, high costs, and
susceptibility	to catalyst poisoning, have become a serious concern for commercial
	An optimized SWNT based air cathode catalyst that would constitute a significant
	in existing technologies is being developed. This new system avoids precious metals, is not
	hin, light-weight, and resists electrolyte flooding.
	tner: nRadiance LL

Title: Uni-Directional Impulse Turbine for the Powering of Offshore Monitoring Systems

PI: Zhihua Qu, Co-PI: Kuo-chi Lin – UCF

Description: Numerical modeling and experimental testing of turbine for wave energy conversion. The University of Central Florida and Harris Corporation have joined efforts to design, build and analyze a wave powered abandoned oil well monitoring system for use in the Gulf of Mexico. This system proposes a fully automated oil leak detection system which is self-powered by the local ocean energy which is converted to electricity, conditioned and sent from the surface buoy to the ocean floor to supply power for an abandoned oil well monitoring system.

Industry Partner: Harris Corporation

APPENDIX B – FLORIDA UNIVERSITY SPIN-OFF COMPANIES

#	University	Name of Business	Location	Start- Up Date	Specialty	# of Employees
						10 in US and
1	FSU	Bing Energy International	Tallahassee, FL	2010	Fuel Cells	30 in China
2	FSU	General Capacitor	Tallahassee, FL	2012	Super Capacitors	1
3	FSU	High Performance Magnetics	Tallahassee, FL	2008	Cable-in-Conduit (CIC) magnet components	10-20
4	FSU	SunnyLand Solar, LLC	Tallahassee, FL	2011	Solar Collectors	2
5	UCF	Garmor, Inc.	Orlando, FL	2012	Edge-Functionalized Graphene Oxide	8
6	UCF	HybridaSol	Orlando, FL	2012	PV-TE Hybrid	4
7	UCF	HySense Technology, LLC	Rockledge, FL	2012	H ₂ Sensing Tape	3
8	UCF	TALAWAH Technologies	Orlando, FL	2012	H ₂ Sensors	3
9	UCF	Helicon Chemical Company	Orlando, FL	2012	Self-cleaning coating chemicals and oxidative fuel additive	5
10	UF	Energy Efficiency Company*	Greenville, SC	2009	Energy Efficiency – Turbines	5 to 10
11	UF	Florida FGT, LLC	Gainesville, FL	2010	Energy Crops	1
12	UF	Florida Sustainables	Gainesville, FL	2010	Chemicals from Biomass	2

13	UF	US Bioplastics	Gainesville, FL		Water-degradable Plastics from Feedstock Waste	5
14	UF	NanoPhotonica, Inc.	Longwood, FL	2010	Next Generation Optoelectronic Devices	5
15	UF	Compressor Company*	Houston, TX	2010	Air and NG Compressors	5 to 10
16	UF	Fuel Cell Company*	Fulton, MD	2010	Solid Oxide Fuel Cells	5 to 10
17	UF	Solar Fuel Company*	Gainesville, FL	2012	Chemicals to H ₂	1
18	UF	Solar Powder	Gainesville, FL	2011	Nanoparticle Thin Film Photovoltaics	1
19	UF	Innovative Space Tech. LLC	Orlando FL	2014	Solar	3
20	UF	Evident Energy Ltd	Gainesville FL	2014	Software as service	4
21	UF	TransformAir Inc.	Tampa, FL	2013	Energy efficient air filter	2
22	USF	MudPower	Lutz, FL	2013	Fuel-Cells Modular Power Sources	2
23	USF	Trash 2 Cash- Energy, LLC	Tampa, FL	2011	Landfill Gas to Liquid Fuel	2
24	USF	SunBorne Energy	Delaware Corp.	2010	Solar installations in India	11+
25	USF	New Energy Technologies Inc.**	Columbia MD	2009	SolarWindow [™] Technology	**
	Companies	Formed but not Surv	ived			
26	UCF	Almos Battery Corp.	Orlando, FL	2011	Grid Scale Battery (Low Temp Molten Salt)	0
27	UCF	Mesdi Systems, Inc.	Orlando, FL	2011	Electrospray (for Batteries, FC, etc.)	0
28	UCF	CeramiPower	Orlando, FL	2011	СНР	0

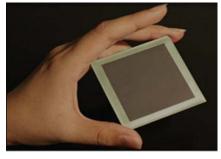
29	UCF	PV Integrated	Cocoa Beach, FL	2011	Thin Film PV	0
30	UF	UB-WiSystems, Inc.	Gainesville, FL	2012	Low Power Wireless Transmission	0
31	UNF	Omnii Sense, LLC	Jacksonville, FL	2011	Intelligent Sensor Network for Street Light Efficiency	0
32	USF	Energy Management Professionals	Lutz, FL	2008	HVACR	0

* Company name kept confidential due to university licensing

** New Energy Technologies Inc. is not a university spin-off. They licensed USF technology



Bing



Fuel Cell Company





SunnyLand Solar, LLC, Solar



From Biomass to Biodegradable Plastics



Description of Florida University Spin-Off Companies

Bing Energy International (Tallahassee, FL – FSU Technology)

<u>http://bingenergyinc.com/</u> - By utilizing a revolutionary carbon nanotube based solution, Bing Energy International (BEI) has developed a product and process that maximizes the effectiveness of the platinum catalyst required for PEM fuel cells. PEM fuel cells are relatively low temperature devices that can be used in a wide variety of applications ranging from backup power, to automotive power, to stationary power generation. The result is equal or better electrical output, from only 30% of the platinum and with increased durability. This technology has been independently verified to meet nearly all of the Department of Energy's hydrogen fuel cell goals for the year of 2015.

General Capacitor (Tallahassee, FL – FSU Technology)

http://www.news.fsu.edu/More-FSU-News/Florida-State-inks-deal-to-license-new-supercapacitorinvention

General Capacitor LLC is a privately held company and was founded in 2012 to manufacture advanced Li-Ion capacitors.

High Performance Magnetics (Tallahassee, FL – FSU Technology)

<u>http://ciceft.com/</u> - High Performance Magnetics designs, fabricates and tests advanced cable-inconduit (CIC) magnet components. CICs are typically used in large-bore, fast-ramping superconducting magnets for high-tech applications such as Magnetically Confined Fusion Energy, High-Field Magnet Laboratories, Spallation Neutron Sources, and Superconducting Magnetic Energy Storage devices.

SunnyLand Solar, LLC (Tallahassee, FL – FSU Technology)

<u>http://www.research.fsu.edu/techtransfer/solarsausage.html</u> - SunnyLand Solar is developing a new solar technology licensed from Florida State University called the "Solar Sausage". This technology has the potential of dramatically reducing the cost of concentrated-solar applications. Material cost, ease of manufacturability, optical quality, and speed of deployment are just some of its benefits. It is an inflatable made of durable Mylar and has been shown to tolerate UV radiation and routine high winds. SunnyLand, as sole licensee, has already deployed over 2,300 these units in North Florida and with determination continues to work on improvements to this burgeoning technology.

Garmor Inc., (Orlando FL – UCF Technology)

<u>http://garmortech.com/</u> - Garmor has developed a simple yet effective method of producing edgefunctionalized graphene oxide. Whereas traditional methods have relied upon powerful oxidizing agents and acids to produce graphene, Garmor relies upon new advances in milling technology to produce graphene oxide yielding only water as a by-product. These proprietary achievements eliminate hazardous waste disposal costs and deliver a product suitable for large scale production at commodity-type prices.

Graphene/graphene oxide has already been shown to have wide applications as an adsorbent, lubricant, corrosion inhibition, electrodes, transistors, and as an additive used to strengthen composite materials. Garmor's manufacturing technology has been designed to tailor the oxidation level so that it can be uniquely matched to a given application. For example, Garmor's moderately oxidized, edge-functionalized graphene oxide is fully dispersible in water and can be deposited in thin films. This offers the potential for improved electronic displays, solar cells, water-based

lubricants, and various hydrophilic polymer composites. Garmor's graphene can also be readily functionalized to accommodate non-polar environments.

HybridaSol, (Orlando FL – UCF Technology)

<u>http://futureenergy.ultralightstartups.com/campaign/detail/809</u> - Reduced PV degradation and increased PV output are achieved with a ThermoElectric (TE) cell printed on the substrate of the PV cell, then operating the TE cell as a Peltier cooler powered by the PV cell itself. Though diversion of any PV output seems self-defeating, favorable gains in net energy production are achieved by exploiting the large differences in the PV temperature-degradation curve (%Voc/oC) and the heat transport curve (Energyelectric/Energyheat) of the TE cell. Note the very short distances this heat must be transferred, from the PV wafer to the backplane (< 1 mm), and it becomes apparent very little parasitic energy is required from the PV cell. The economics then become attractive, provided the TE materials and process for manufacture of the PV-TE Hybrid are low cost. HybridaSol won a NSF Phase 1 SBIR award and secured new management to run the company and production development. They now have 4 employees.

HySense Technology, LLC, (Rockledge FL – UCF Technology)

<u>http://megawattventures.com/2013finalists/hysensetech/</u> - Manufactures chemochromic (color-changing) pigments for flammable gas leak detection applications. HySense Technology, LLC believes that in the current and future national energy portfolio, hydrogen and natural gas are two of the most important energy resources. However, keeping such flammable gases contained to establish a safe environment for producers and end utilizers is of utmost importance. Presently, the large majority of gas leak detection systems have been focused on the development of electronic sensors. Electronic sensors have several drawbacks including loss of sensitivity in the field due to the environmental effects, costs, and problems associated with power required on-site. Thus, a visually easy to detect leak detector can greatly enhance the market acceptance and expansion of these valuable energy sources. HySense won CAT5 Awards recently and received \$100K funding from the program. They have also received a R&D 100 Award, and has sales with large customers – major utilities, GE, etc.

TALAWAH Technologies (Orlando FL – UCF Technology)

<u>http://www.talawahtechnologies.com/</u> - TALAWAH Technologies develop wireless hydrogen sensors and a proven communication system that all consume little battery power for detecting physical characteristics in complex environments. TALAWAH Technologies is founded on joint research conducted at the University of Central Florida and the National Aeronautic and Space Administration at Kennedy Space Center. TALAWAH Technologies has commercialized the coherence multiplexed transceiver (CMT) for communication with surface acoustic wave (SAW) sensors. This partnership lead to the invention of the coherence multiplexed SAW sensor system in 2012 and demonstrated a working matrix of SAW sensors that were able to read temperature and range data at distances over 20 meters. Talawah is a pivoting company and have picked up a strong sensor expert mentor recently to identify new opportunities.

Helicon Chemical Company (Orlando FL – UCF Technology)

<u>http://www.heliconchemical.com</u> This Orlando, Florida Company is transforming recent advances in nanotechnology into commercial products. Their first products are a set of nanoparticle ingredients for high-energy fuels and propellants for the aviation and aerospace industries. Helicon's products promise to increase safety, efficiency, and performance, and reduce environmental impact compared to the conventional jet and rocket fuels and propellants. The technology and founders are from the University of Central Florida. Helicon won 2 Phase 1 SBIRs (from Navy and AirForce), and have a contract with Aerojet Rocketdyne. They now have 5 employees.

Energy Efficiency Company (Anderson, SC – UF Technology)

<u>http://www.emerald-endeavors.com/ -</u> Company's second generation SMART gas sensors are thinfilm based gas sensor for combustion applications. Transduction of the analyte composition and concentration is realized through impedance based measurements of an oxide electrode in a solid electrolyte electrochemical cell.

Florida FGT. LLC (Gainesville FL – UF)

<u>http://www.floridafgt.com/</u> - Florida FGT provides professional advice to forest and agricultural landowners on various aspects of the use of fast-growing Eucalyptus, Corymbia, Populus, Taxodium, and Pinus species.

Florida Sustainables (Gainesville, FL – UF Technology)

<u>http://gainesvillebizreport.com/cade-prize-winners-look-to-revolutionize-plastics/</u> - Florida Sustainables innovates and markets sustainable materials, especially biorenewable and degradable polymers designed to replace petroleum-based plastics. The company synthesizes polymers called polyesteracetals, providing the strength of petroleum-based plastics lacking in other "green" plastics made from PLAs — or polylactic acid. Their plastics stand up to heat better than current "green" plastics and are not brittle and noisy such as the bag of SunChips abandoned due to consumer complaints. They also degrade within five to 10 years of their usable life compared to 1,000 years for petroleum plastics, and they do not require the composting conditions of PLAs to break down.

US Bioplastics (Orlando FL – UF Technology)

US Bioplastics, an Orlando-based company that takes feedstock waste, paper production byproducts, or other plant waste to practical use and then returns it to the environment without damaging the ecology. US Bioplastics' flagship product Gatoresin[™], based on technology licensed from the University of Florida, is a bio-renewable, water-degradable plastic designed for use in highly disposable applications. Gatoresin eliminates the possibility of environmental contamination by replacing non-degradable petroleum-based plastics with materials derived from agricultural and other waste products.

<u>Compressor Company (Houston TX – UF Technology)</u>

<u>http://www.oscomp-systems.com/</u> - They deliver turnkey solutions that enable customers to transition to natural gas as an energy source, even if they do not have access to a pipeline. They successfully delivered commercial quantities of gas to a disconnected user. They are developing game-changing compression technology capable of efficiently compressing wet gas and multiphase streams to compression ratios that are an order of magnitude higher than existing technology.

NanoPhotonica, Inc. (Gainesville, FL – UF Technology)

<u>http://www.nanophotonica.com/</u> - NanoPhotonica is developing breakthrough nanomaterials, production techniques and associated products that will enable market-altering improvements to optoelectronic products. The company is developing a number of innovations that will transform both the flat panel display and solar panel/green energy sectors. For example, smartphones and camera displays will be able to operate with 50% less power than traditional LCDs. In addition, the production costs are anticipated to be 75% lower than display competitors, while still providing more vivid colors and greater ease of viewing. For display applications, the company's patented, all-solution-processable quantum dot light-emitting diodes technique (S-QLED®) allows fabrication of displays using ink-jet printing methods.

Fuel Cell Company (Fulton, MD – UF Technology)

<u>http://www.redoxpowersystems.com/</u> The company was formed in 2012 by a group of scientists and engineers with extensive research, technical and managerial experience. They are pioneering major breakthrough Solid Oxide Fuel Cell technology. It is their solution for Distributed Power Generation and Transportation.

Solar Fuel Company (Gainesville, FL – UF Technology)

<u>http://www.linkedin.com/pub/kevin-bowles/3/b76/b9</u> - This is a high growth, solar, biofuels (nonbiomass) company that uses a proprietary low pressure/high temperature thermochemical process and proprietary reactor to convert solar energy, water and CO₂ into fuel (hydrogen or syngas). Solar Fuel: 1) has a flexible, mobile footprint accommodating varying locations, 2) zero carbon footprint and 3) produces cost competitive, (non-subsidized) fuel. Solar Fuel has raised (late 2011) \$3MM from the DOE, \$35K from the University of Florida and completed a bench prototype. Solar Fuel is currently scaling the product and is in discussions with potential strategic partners including oil and gas, defense, utility, states and neighboring nations.

Solar Powder (Gainesville, FL, UF Technology)

<u>http://www.research.ufl.edu/otl/pdf/startup/Solar_Powder_COS.pdf</u> - Solar Powder is a solarenergy company that has developed an innovative technology that will set a new low cost point for solar energy. The technology behind Solar Powder uses CIGS, a semiconductor absorber layer composed of copper, indium, gallium and selenium. CIGS was chosen because of its high cell efficiency, high energy yield, and now with Solar Powder, its low cost of manufacturing when compared to other semiconductor material, such as crystalline. Solar Powder has developed a process for the synthesis of the CIGS absorber layer that addresses the major manufacturing cost factors challenged by other CIGS methods. This includes a proprietary nano-powder that is mixed with a secret Solar Powder solvent to allow for liquid application. Solar Powder solar panels can be produced at scale and high yield.

Innovative Space Tech. LLC (Gainesville, FL, UF Technology)

Innovative Space Technologies is a solar energy company commercializing an adhesive polymer that can increase the power output of existing photovoltaic cells by up to 30%. The company focuses on developing PV and LED lighting enhancements, and its product portfolio has the potential for commercial, retail, original equipment manufacturer (OEM) and space-based applications.

Evident Energy (Gainesville, FL, UF Technology): http://evidentenergyltd.com/aboutus.html

Evident Energy is a software-as-service company with a complete utility-to-customer platform that assists utility companies and their customers in energy conservation. Utilities use the Evident platform to deliver customer-facing applications that reduce energy demand, increase utility conservation program efficiency and strengthen customer relationships.

TransformAir Inc. (Tampa, FL, UF Technology): http://www.transformair.net/

Transformair is an energy efficient air cleaner that rapidly, safely, and completely destroys most common indoor air pollutants including bacteria, viruses, mold, asthma triggers and allergens.

Omnii Sense, LLC (Jacksonville, FL, UNF Technology): *http://evankell.wix.com/omniisense*

Omnii Sense LLC is a developer of intelligent wireless sensor networks that gather, record, and report real time data for multiple industries including energy, health, environmental, and security. The Omnii Sense "smart" sensor technology requires no human interaction once activated and no retrofitting to existing infrastructure. The sensors automatically establish a viable communication path, identify nearest neighbors, perform self-healing in the event of disruption, and can be used to detect everything from energy consumption, to microbes and chemical warfare agents.

Mud Power, Inc. (Saint Petersburg, FL – USF Technology)

<u>https://gust.com/c/mud_power_inc -</u> Mud Power has developed modular long-term power solutions that harness energy generated in a natural process by microorganisms found in marine sediments. Customers will be able to significantly increase the length and data resolution of their deployments located near the seafloor.

Trash 2 Cash-Energy LLC (Tampa, FL – USF Technology)

<u>http://www.trash2cashenergy.com/</u> - Trash 2 Cash converts landfill gas to customer specific liquid fuel. The proprietary gas to liquid process converts naturally produced landfill gas (LFG), composed mainly of methane and carbon dioxide to hydrocarbon fuels specific to the customer needs such as diesel fuel. Trash 2 Cash couples a patent pending Fischer Tropsch (FT) eggshell catalyst to an innovative process design, incorporating a novel tri-reforming reaction to reduce the troublesome impurities found in crude bio-derived gases and produce desired syngas for the FT reaction. This alleviates many problems associated with accumulating municipal solid waste (MSW) in landfills and provides a domestic, sustainable, green fuel.

Sunborne Energy (USF Faculty partnership): http://sunborneenergy.com/sunborne

SunBorne Energy is working to make low-cost, utility-scale solar energy a reality in India – a country that has the ideal environment to capture sunlight and generate enough solar energy to meet all its needs. To maximize India's potential, and make utility scale solar energy possible in the near future, SunBorne Energy has brought into its fold internationally acclaimed experts in solar power generation and a host of other technologists and scientists who specialize in this area.

<u>USF Technology transfer to New Energy Technologies Inc.* (Columbia MD, USF Technology)</u> <u>http://www.newenergytechnologiesinc.com/technology/solarwindow</u>

New Energy Technologies is not a university spin off; however they licensed USF SolarWindow[™] technology, which enables see-through windows to generate electricity by 'spraying' their glass surfaces with New Energy's electricity-generating coatings – the subject of eleven patent filings.

Companies Formed But Did Not Survive:

Almos Battery Corporation (Orlando, FL – UCF Technology)

The company is engaged in developing a new battery technology which is safe & low cost for electric power grid applications. The proposed product is a prototype battery which is scalable to megawatts power and megawatts-hr energy. The prototype battery is being built. The battery allows the operation to be on an unattended basis for extended period of time. Integration of battery system into utility transmission and distribution is a mature and well defined process.

Mesdi Systems Inc. (Orlando FL – UCF Technology)

http://megawattventures.com/2012/05/29/mesdi-systems-wins-100000-in-acc-clean-energy-challenge/

Mesdi Systems supplies next-generation spray equipment for manufacturing advanced coatings and chemical powders where high quality and product uniformity are vital. Applications requiring these high precision powders and coatings include lithium-ion batteries, solar cells, LED lighting, semiconductors, pharmaceuticals, and medical implants.

CeramiPower, Inc. (Orlando FL – UCF Technology)

CeramiPower, Inc. was founded to develop ceramic based combustion products and combined heat and power unit (CHP) for both military and civilian applications.

Energy Management Professionals (Lutz, FL – USF Technology)

Energy Management Professionals (EMP) was formed to develop and commercialize new technologies that improve the energy efficiency of existing products and processes. The Company's particular focus was on energy generation utilizing thermodynamics, heat transfer and heat exchange, which are important to the heating, ventilation, air conditioning, and refrigeration ("HVACR") industries and to the current invention. EMP held the rights to two (2) patent-pending applications: ECOGEN Co- Generation System and ReadyPower Portable Power Storage Unit.

P.V. Integrated (Orlando FL – UCF Technology)

P.V. Integrated was formed to develop a novel process for low cost, high throughput manufacturing of CIGS Thin-Film solar cells.

UB-WiSystems, Inc. (Gainesville, FL – UF Technology)

http://megawattventures.com/teams/ubwisystems/

UB-WiSystems, Inc. was founded in May 2012 to provide ultra-low power transceiver solutions for Wi-Fi enabled consumer electronics.

APPENDIX C – FUNDING OPPORTUNITIES SENT TO FESC FACULTY

104 funding opportunities were sent to the faculty during the reporting period of Oct. 1, 2014 to April 1, 2015. The details are given in the table below.

#	Title	Call #	Agency	Total Funding	Date Posted
1	Technologist-In-Residence Pilot: Laboratory Call for Proposals	SPOTIR- 0000018	DOE	\$2.3M	4/22/2015
2	University Coalition for Fossil Energy Research	DE-FOA- 00001267	DOE	\$20M	4/17/2015
3	2015 EPA Science to Achieve Results (STAR) Fellowships for Graduate Environmental Study	N/A	EPA	\$7.2M	4/17/2015
4	Defense Energy Technology Website	N/A	DOD	Not Specified	4/17/2015
5	Research and Development of Innovative Technologies for Low Impact Hydropower Development	DE-FOA- 0001286	DOE	\$7M	4/17/2015
6	Theoretical Research in Magnetic Fusion Energy Science	DE-FOA- 0001336	DOE	\$5M	4/17/2015
7	Sustainable Community Innovation Grant CFP	N/A	USDA (SSARE)	35K/project	4/16/2015
8	AgrAbility: Assistive Technology Program for Farmers with Disabilities	USDA-NIFA- SLBCD-005058	USDA	\$4.2M	4/16/2015
9	Professional Development Program CFP	N/A	USDA (SSARE)	No funding cap, priority to those less than \$80K	4/15/2015
10	Graduate Student Grant CFP	N/A	USDA (SSARE)	11K	4/14/2015
11	Research and Education Grant CFP	N/A	USDA (SSARE)	100-250K	4/13/2015
12	Big Data Regional Innovation Hubs (BD Hubs)	NSF 15-562	NSF	\$4M - \$5M	3/31/2015
13	In-Water Wave Energy Conversion (WEC) Device Testing Support - Notice of Intent (NOI)	DE-FOA- 0000704	DOE	Not Specified	3/27/2015
14	Supplemental and Alternative Crops Competitive Grants Program	USDA-NIFA- OP-004976	USDA	\$768K	3/27/2015
15	Technology Development and Assessment for Supercritical Carbon Dioxide (SCO2) Based Power Cycles	DE-FOA- 0001239	DOE	\$9.4M	3/27/2015
16	CleanTech University Prize (Cleantech UP)	DE-FOA- 0001271	DOE	\$2.5M	3/26/2015

	Next Generation Electric Machines: Megawatt	DE-FOA-			
17	Class Motors	0001208	DOE	\$20M	3/26/2015
18	Intelligent Monitoring Systems and Advanced Well Integrity and Mitigation	DE-FOA- 0001240	DOE	\$11M	3/25/2015
19	Special Research Grants Program Potato Breeding Research	USDA-NIFA- SRGP-004996	USDA	\$1.242M	3/19/2015
20	Academic Collaboration of Cybersecurity of Energy Delivery Systems Research and Development for the Energy Sector	DE-FOA- 0001252	DOE	\$2.75M	3/18/2015
21	Florida Space Research Program (FSRP)	2015 FSRP	NASA	\$250K	3/16/2015
22	U.SChina Clean Energy Research Center: Energy and Water	DE-FOA- 0001285	DOE	\$12.5M	3/9/2015
23	Hydrogen and Fuel Cell Technologies Research, Development, and Demonstrations	DE-FOA- 0001224	DOE	\$35M	3/4/2015
24	Biomass Research and Development Initiative	USDA-NIFA- 9008-004957	DOE/USDA	\$8.7M	2/26/2015
25	Small and Large Scale Pilots for Reducing the Cost of CO2 Capture and Compression	DE-FOA- 0001190	DOE	\$143.5M	2/26/2015
26	FY2015 Support of Advanced Fossil Resource Utilization research by Historically Black Colleges and Universities and Other Minority Institutions (HBCUs/OMIs)	DE-FOA- 0001242	DOE	\$750K	2/22/2015
27	Innovative Development in Energy-Applied Science (IDEAS)	DE-FOA- 0001002	DOE	\$10M	2/20/2015
28	NOI for DE-FOA-0001214: U.S. Wind Manufacturing: Larger Blades to Access Greater Wind Resources Grant	DE-FOA- 0001277	DOE	N/A	2/20/2015
29	BASF Science Competition	BASF Science Competition	BASF	Each finalist team/\$5K	2/11/2015
30	EERE Postdoctoral Research Awards	DOE EERE Postdoctoral Research	DOE	\$65K annual stipend	2/11/2015
31	Solid Oxide Fuel Cells (SOFC) Prototype System Testing Project	DE-FOA- 0001244	DOE	\$12M	2/11/2015
32	University Turbine Systems Research	DE-FOA- 0001248	DOE	\$6.4M	2/11/2015
33	Installation Energy Solicitation	DOD Installation Energy	DOD	\$3-6M	2/9/2015
34	SEES: Interactions of Food Systems with Water and Energy Systems	NSF 15-040	NSF	Not Specified	2/9/2015
35	Solar Powering America by Recognizing Communities (SPARC)	DE-FOA- 0001241	DOE	\$13M	2/9/2015

36	Solid Oxide Fuel Cell (SOFC) Innovative Concepts and Core Technology Research Program	DE-FOA- 0001229	DOE	\$9.5M	2/9/2015
37	Network Optimized Distributed Energy Systems (NODES)	DE-FOA- 0001289	DOE	\$30M	2/6/2015
38	Amendment 000002 - Building Technologies Office National Laboratory Call & Merit Review FY2016	BTOLMR16000 17	DOE	Not Specified	2/4/2015
39	Computational Material Sciences	DE-FOA- 0001276	DOE	\$8M	1/30/2015
40	DOE Office of Science Graduate Student Research Program	DOE SCGSR 2015	DOE	Living Stipend up to \$3K	1/30/2015
41	Offshore Storage Resource Assessment	DE-FOA- 0001246	DOE	\$9M	1/30/2015
42	Resilient Electricity Delivery Infrastructure Initiative	DE-FOA- 0001219	DOE	\$3.5M	1/30/2015
43	Sunshot Technology to Market (Incubator Round 10, Solarmat Round 2, Sunpath Round 2)	DE-FOA- 0001225	DOE	\$45M	1/30/2015
44	Transitional Technology Development to Enable Highly Efficient Power Systems with Carbon Management	DE-FOA- 0001238	DOE	\$38.24M	1/30/2015
45	Enabling Technologies for Advanced Combustion Systems (ACS)	DE-FOA- 0001247	DOE	\$12.8M	1/27/2015
46	Lab & Bench-Scale Applications for R&D of Transformational CO2	DE-FOA- 0001235	DOE	\$43M	1/27/2015
47	Fiscal Year 2015 Vehicles Technologies Program	DE-FOA- 0001201	DOE	\$55.8M	1/23/2015
48	Neutron Sciences Call for Proposals	ORNL Nuetron Sciences	Oak Ridge National Laboratory	Not Specified	1/23/2015
49	Support of Advanced Coal Research at United States Colleges and Universities	DE-FOA- 0001245	DOE	\$3M	1/23/2015
50	State Energy Program 2015 Competitive Awards	DE-FOA- 0001222	DOE	\$5M	1/20/2015
51	AFRI Food, Agriculture, Natural Resources and Human Sciences Education and Literacy Initiative	USDA-NIFA- AFRI-004797	USDA	\$16.9M	1/16/2015
52	Energy Audits	RDBCP-REAP- 2015	USDA	\$2M	1/16/2015
53	Flexible Hybrid Electronics Manufacturing Innovation Institute	BAA-RQKM- 2015-0014	Dept of the Air Force	\$75M	1/16/2015
54	FY2015 Vehicle Technologies Office Incubator	DE-FOA- 0001213	DOE	\$14M	1/16/2015
55	LITECAR Challenge	ARPA-E LITECAR Challenge	DOE ARPA-E	up to \$60K	1/16/2015

56	Marine and Hydrokinetic Systems Performance Advancement II (SPA II): Component Metric Validation	DE-FOA- 0001182	DOE	Area 1: \$2.5M; Area 2: \$2M; Area 3: \$1.5M	1/16/2015
57	Topical Collaborations in Nuclear Theory	DE-FOA- 0001269	DOE	\$6.5M	1/16/2015
58	SunShot National Laboratory Multiyear Partnership (SuNLaMP) Call for Proposals	SuNLaMP00000 00	DOE	\$112M	1/13/2015
59	Summer 2015 U.S. Department of Energy Clean Cities University Workforce Development Program (CCWUDP)	DOE CCWUDP	DOE	Stipend: \$3.6K - \$6K	1/10/2015
60	Advanced Research Projects Agency - Energy (ARPA-E)	DE-FOA- 0001261	DOE	\$125M	1/7/2015
61	Summer Undergraduate Research Fellowship	2015-NIST- SURF-02	US DOE/Hydroge n Education Foundation	Not Specified	12/23/2014
62	H2 Refuel H-Prize Competition	DOE Refuel H- Prize Competition	DOE	\$1M	12/18/2014
63	Armament Technology Broad Agency Announcement - Solicitation 1	BAA-RWK- 2014-0001	DOD	\$4.75M/contra ct (2 contracts anticipated)	12/16/2014
64	Energy Conservation Applications for US Navy	N00167-15- BAA-01	Dept of the Navy	Not Specified	12/16/2014
65	Mickey Leland Energy Fellowship	DOE Energy Fellowship	DOE	Weekly stipends of \$600 for undergraduate students; \$750 for Master's students; \$850 for Doctoral and Post- Doctoral students	12/16/2014
66	Micro-Scale Optimized Solar-Cell Arrays with Integrated Concentration (MOSAIC)	DE-FOA- 0001255	DOE	\$15M	12/11/2014
67	Micro-Scale Optimized Solar-Cell Arrays with Integrated Concentration (MOSAIC) (SBIR/STTR)	DE-FOA- 0001256	DOE	\$10M	12/11/2014
68	Naval Platform Power and Energy	ONR-15-SN- 0005	DOD	<u>\$</u> 1.2M	12/11/2014
69	Exploratory Grants – Award Year 2015	NAS Exploratory Grants	National Academies of Science	\$2M	12/9/2014
70	Exploratory Research for Extreme-Scale Science	DE-FOA- 0001250	DOE	\$3M	12/8/2014

71	Gulf Research Program Early-Career Research Fellowships	NAS Gulf Early Career Research Fellowships	National Academies of Science	Undergraduate Stipend: \$45K; Graduate Stipend : \$55K	12/8/2014
72	Gulf Research Program Science Policy Fellowships	NAS Gulf Science Policy Fellowships	National Academies of Science	Undergraduate Stipend: \$45K; Graduate Stipend : \$55K	12/8/2014
73	Physics of Reliability: Evaluating Design Insights for Component Technologies in Solar 2 (PREDICTS2)	DE-FOA- 0001195	DOE	\$9.7M	12/8/2014
74	Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) and Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR)	DE-FOA- 0001227	DOE	\$23.735M	12/8/2014
75	#BioenergizeME	DOE #BioenergizeMe	DOE	None	12/4/2014
76	Buildings University Innovators And Leaders Development (BUILD) - 2015	DE-FOA- 0001167	DOE	\$1M	12/4/2014
77	Collegiate Wind Competition	RFC-5-52004	DOE	Not Specified	12/4/2014
78	Hydrogen Student Design Contest	DOE Hydrogen Student Design Contest	DOE/Hydroge n Education Foundation	Not Specified	12/4/2014
79	Race to Zero Student Design Competition	DOE Race to Zero	DOE	Not Specified	12/4/2014
80	Stanton Nuclear Security Fellowship	Stanton Nuclear Security Fellowship	Council on Foreign Relations'	Stipends of \$110,000 for junior (non- tenured) faculty; \$80,000 for postdoctoral; and \$50,000 for predoctoral fellows	11/19/2014
81	Broad Agency Announcement (BAA) for Powering Agriculture: An Energy Grand Challenge for Development (PAEGC) Second Global Innovation Call	AID-SOL- OAA-00005	USAID	\$10-20M	11/18/2014
82	DOE Scholar Program	DOE Scholar Program	DOE	\$600/wk stipend	11/18/2014
83	International Affairs Fellowship in Nuclear Security	#NAME?	Council on Foreign Relations' IAF-NS	Stipend of \$125K	11/18/2014

84	ORAU Faculty Travel Grants Program	-	Oak Ridge Associated Universities	\$800	11/15/2014
85	Integrated Photonics Institute for Manufacturing Innovation (IP-IMI)	FOA-RQKM- 2015-0009	Air Force	\$110M	11/13/2014
86	Building America Industry Partnerships for High Performance Housing Innovations	DE-FOA- 0001117	DOE	\$4M	11/12/2014
87	Sustainable and Holistic Integration of Energy Storage and Solar PV (SHINES) (NOI)	DE-FOA- 0001220	DOE	\$15M	11/10/2014
88	Traveler Response Architecture using Novel Signaling for Network Efficiency in Transportation (TRANSNET)	DE-FOA- 0001199	DOE	\$10M	11/10/2014
89	Request For Proposals (RFP) Solid and Hazardous Waste Research State University System of Florida	RFP Solid and Hazardous Waste Research	Hinkley Center	Not Specified	11/3/2014
90	Sustainable and Holistic Integration of Energy Storage and Solar PV (SHINES)	DE-FOA- 0001108	DOE	\$15M	10/28/2014
91	Advancing Solutions to Improve the Energy Efficiency of U.S. Commercial Buildings	DE-FOA- 0001168	DOE	\$9M	10/23/2014
92	SBIR/STTR 2015 Phase II Release 1	DE-FOA- 0001193	DOE	\$90M	10/23/2014
93	Wind Energy – Bat Impact Minimization Technologies and Field Testing Opportunities	DE-FOA- 0001181	DOE	\$2M	10/22/2014
94	Landscape Design for Sustainable Bioenergy Systems	DE-FOA- 0001179	DOE	\$5-14M	10/20/2014
95	Generators for Small Electrical and Thermal Systems (GENSETS)	DE-FOA- 0001198	DOE	\$25M	10/16/2014
96	Photovoltaic Module Recycling (RFI)	DE-FOA- 0001218	DOE	Not Specified	10/15/2014
97	Solid-State Lighting Advanced Technology R&D- 2015	DE-FOA- 0001171	DOE	\$10M	10/14/2014
98	Request for Information regarding "Assisting Federal Facilities with Energy Conservation Technologies, Fiscal Year 2015" (AFFECT 2015)	DE-FOA- 0001203	DOE	Not Specified	10/9/2014
99	Advanced Research In Dry-cooling (ARID)	DE-FOA- 0001197	DOE	\$30M	10/1/2014
100	Concentrating Solar Power: Advanced Projects Offering Low LCOE Opportunities (CSP: APOLLO)	DE-FOA- 0001186	DOE	\$25M	10/1/2014
101	FY 2015 Continuation of Solicitation for the Office of Science Financial Assistance Program	DE-FOA- 0001204	DOE	\$400M	10/1/2014
102	Scanable Nanomanufacturing	NSF 15-507	NSF	\$5M	10/1/2014

03	Systems Biology Research to Advance Sustainable Bioenergy Crop Development	DE-FOA- 0001207	DOE	\$15M	10/1/201
04	Transportation Energy Resources From Renewable Agriculture (TERRA)	DE-FOA- 0001211	DOE	\$30M	10/1/201

APPENDIX D – PROJECT PROGRESS/FINAL REPORTS

NSF Solar Energy Pathways

PI: Mark Jamison, Public Utility Research Center, University of Florida

Partners: Richard Boampong, Deniz Kazanci, Amanda Phalin, Michelle Phillips Project Time Period: 2013-2018

Summary

Research regarding economic issues and incentives involved with Solar PV.

Goals and Objectives

The research is addressing three key questions.

- 1. What is being done to implement thin film solar technologies in developing countries, what problems are being encountered, and how are the problems being overcome?
- 2. What are the successful applications of thin film solar technologies in developing countries?
- 3. What are the key product features, economic characteristics, supply chain needs, and support systems for successful implementation of earth abundant kesterite-based, thin film PV materials?

Project Activities, Results and Accomplishments (This is the main body of report and may use other headings such as Research Description, Results, etc. – author's choice. Items that should be included are accomplishments, benefits to the state and how funds were leveraged.

Post-doc Amanda Phalin and graduate student Richard Boampong identified the target countries, namely India, Kenya, and South Africa, but gathered information on other countries as well. The specific research questions include:

- What do thin film solar programs look like in these countries? What is the government implementing? What is the private sector producing and selling?
- What problems have adopters in these countries (e.g., customers, businesses, governments, and utilities) had/overcome in implementing thin film solar technologies/programs (e.g., were there certain products that were not adaptable and why?)?
- What were the keys for the successful products (e.g., price points and price design, physical characteristics of products, distribution channels)?
- How successful are/were thin film products in competing against existing PV, retail electricity, consumer fuels (e.g., kerosene), and the choice of no electricity?
- What is the thin-film technology used for (e.g., electricity generation vs. solar heating for cooking)?
- Do the thin-film products tend to be on- or off-grid?
- What support systems have to be in place (e.g., maintenance and repair, consumer education, and financing)?
- What type of government restrictions or support matter? Rich Text Area

Over 100 papers, reports, and articles from academic journals, researchers, NGOs, governments, and inter-governmental organizations have been identified and reviewed. The markets for renewable energy in our target countries look similar and can be divided into two main broad categories:

On-grid renewable energy projects and Off-grid projects. On-grid renewable energy projects allow investors to supply energy to the already existing grid to supplement the under-capacity installed supply of energy and to improve on the unreliability of energy supply. It is normally implemented in urban and peri-urban areas where there is a power infrastructure in place already. Off grid system comprises all the other renewable energy projects using stand-alone generators, residential home system for homes or small renewable energy units such as small solar lanterns and cooking stoves. While in some countries these different categories of off-grid systems can further be categorized into three main segments, there are no clear distinction between these categories in other countries and the same government regulation is used for all off-grid projects. For the purpose of this project, we categorize the different off-grid renewable energy systems as separate and distinguishable so that the market for renewable energy in our target countries or in developing countries as a whole can be grouped into the following five broad segments:

1. On-grid renewable energy projects: Products for utility-scale and customer-scale applications where the power generated is sold to others, including to the utility.

- 2. Small Off-grid Systems: Products primarily for residential solar home systems, especially in rural areas, and for small-scale commercial photovoltaic (PV) applications, such as kiosk lighting and mobile phone charging.
- 3. Large Off-grid Systems: Products providing power for larger institutions, such as schools, health centers, and missions in rural areas and for water pumping. These products are mainly solar PV.
- 4. Solar Powered Base Stations: Products primarily for powering mobile phone and broadcasting base stations, for and tourism establishments.
- 5. Small Units: Products that power specific small applications, such as solar lanterns and solar cooking stoves.

Detailed country case studies are being developed for each category.

Junior Economist Michelle Phillips is looking at the regulatory environment in Brazil, Kenya, Island Nations, and China and institutional features that are relevant for PV adoption. Benefits to the state include having a better idea of what other cities and countries are doing to incentivize solar PV use, and a better understanding of the complexities of PV adoption/incentives.

In her recent presentations she looked at:

- Off-grid challenges, financing, products and business models.
- Potential customers for solar PV in Brazil and in Small Island nations
- How to increase solar PV penetration.
- Utility scale projects
- Barriers to adoption.

Michelle Phillips is in the process of writing up a policy paper focusing on Kenya, which will include her research on Kenya's regulatory environment and PPAs plus research done by Mark Jamison, Richard Boampong, and Amanda Phalin on Kenya's Feed in Tariffs.

Simulation and Measurement of Biomass Suspension Rheology

PI: Jennifer Sinclair Curtis, Chemical Engineering, University of Florida Project Period: 8/2014-7/2016

Summary: Biomass is a promising source of renewable energy. Although this form of energy production holds much potential to reduce energy dependence on petroleum-based fuel consumption, *one key challenge in the large-scale commercialization of these systems is the physical handling of biomass suspensions.* These suspensions span a wide spectrum of solids concentrations and particle size during the various biomass processing steps. *Fibrous suspensions are also being used increasingly in petroleum exploration applications.* Fibers have been used since at least the 1960's in petroleum exploration as an additive to well cement to increase its strength. Fibers increasingly are added to drilling muds to alter the rheology in an effort to improve performance of the fluid for the purpose of carrying rock cuttings from the drill bit to the surface. More recently, industry has been using fibrous suspensions to solve critical problems with regard to hydrofracturing.

In this project, a combined program of simulation and experimentation is utilized to investigate the dynamics and rheology of fibrous suspensions of biomass. In order to reliably design and optimally operate biomass processes, the rheological behavior of these complex fluids over a range of solids concentrations and particle size must be understood. On the simulation side, the discrete element method (DEM), capable of calculating stresses and effective viscosity of biomass over a wide span of moisture content (using a liquid bridging model) and particle sizes, is developed. The goal is to study the rheology of well-characterized fibrous suspensions such as fishing wire and then move onto actual biomass (wheat straw and corn stover). These materials will be fully evaluated via experimentation (angle of repose and shear cell testing) and compared with the simulation results. Successful completion of the proposed work will provide insights into the rheological behavior of fiber-filled suspensions that will aid the design and optimal operation of processes in renewable energy.

Goals and Objectives: The goal/objective of this project is to predict the flow behavior of biomass over a range of liquid content and particle aspect ratios.

Project Activities, Results and Accomplishments: Shear flows of dry, flexible fibers were numerically modeled using the Discrete Element Method (DEM) and the effects of fiber properties on the flow behavior and solid-phase stresses were explored. We have verified our DEM model by a comprehensive examination of static and dynamic behavior of particle bending, twisting, and stretching. In Figure 1, this flexible particle DEM model is illustrated via a collinear collision between two flexible particles that have their major axes perpendicular to each other. In the DEM simulations, a fiber is formed by connecting a number of spheres in a straight line using deformable and elastic bonds. The forces and moments induced by the bond deformation resist the relative normal, tangential, bending, and torsional movements between two bonded spheres. The bond or deforming stiffness determines the flexibility of the fibers and the bond damping accounts for the energy dissipation in the fibers' vibration. The simulation results show that elastically-bonded fibers have smaller effective coefficients of restitution than rigidly connected fibers. Thus, smaller solid-phase stresses are obtained for flexible fibers, particularly with bond damping, compared to rigid fibers. Frictionless fibers tend to align in the flow direction with minimal deformation as the solid volume fraction increases. However, jamming, with a corresponding sharp stress increase, large fiber deformation, and a dense contact force network, occurs for fibers with friction at high solid volume fractions. It is also found that jamming is more prevalent in dense flows with larger fiber friction coefficient, rougher surface, larger stiffness, and larger aspect ratio.

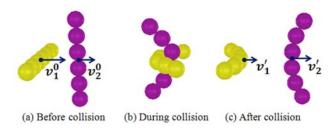


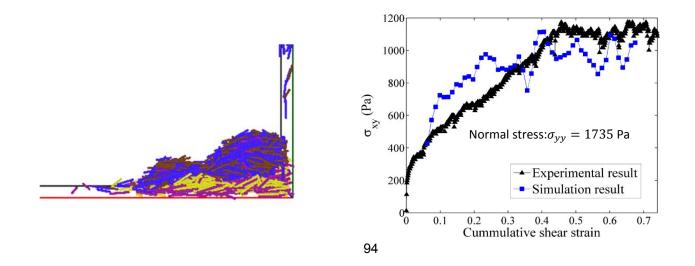
Figure 1: Snapshots of collinear collision between two flexible fibers arranged with two major axes perpendicular to each other.

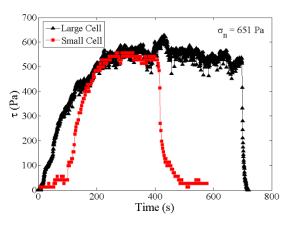
We have also considered wet, flexible fibers and introduced a liquid-bridge force model for the contacts between constituent spheres. The liquid cohesive force is a function of the surface tension, contact angle, and particle radius. One example validation of the wet, flexible fiber model is an angle of repose test as shown in Figure 2 below. For fishing wire with 4% wire by volume, experiments predict an angle of repose of 20 degrees and simulations predict an angle of repose of 19 degrees.



Figure 2. Experimental and simulated pile formation for wet (4% water by volume) fishing wire (2mm x 18mm)

DEM simulations also have been conducted to predict the effective stress of dry fibers and have been compared with experimental measurements in Schulze shear cell tests. We have performed these complementary experiments for the dry fishing wire in two sizes of a Schulze shear flow tester. The fibers have an aspect ratio 9, so we needed to verify that our experimental results were not system-size dependent. Figures 3a and 3b below indicates that for the fishing wire fibers the experimental results are not system-size dependent. Figure 3c shows that the simulated stress compares very favorably with the measured stress.





		Small Schultz Shear Cell	Large Schultz Shear Cell
Ring	Inner	10 cm	21.8 cm
Diameters	Outer	20 cm	36 cm
Depth of Inr	ner Cell	4 cm	7.4 cm

Figure 3 (a), (b), (c)

Concluding Remarks: In the next reporting period, we will validate our DEM model with shear cell experimentation for wet fibers and angle of repose testing on biomass material (wheat straw).

Publications:

Y. Guo, C. Wassgren, B. Hancock, W. Ketterhagen, and J. Curtis,, "Computational study of granular shear flows of dry, flexible fibers using the discrete element method", Revisions submitted to *Journal of Fluid Mechanics*, 2015.

Y. Guo and J. Curtis, "Discrete Element Method Simulations for Complex Granular Flows" (Invited), *Annual Review of Fluid Mechanics*, <u>47</u>, 21-46 (2015)

Presentations: Plenary Talk, "The Role of Shape in Particle Transport Processes", Conveying and Handling of Particulate Solids (CHOPS 2015), Tel Aviv, Israel, May 5, 2015

Unifying Home Asset & Operational Ratings: Adaptive Management via Open Data & Participation

PI: Mark Hostetler (Associate Professor, UF Department of Wildlife Ecology & Conservation) Co-PI: Hal S. Knowles, III (Change Agent, UF Program for Resource Efficient Communities)

Supported Student(s): Hal S. Knowles, III (Ph.D. Candidate, UF School of Natural Resources & Environment)

External Collaborators: Larry Liebovitch (Ph.D., Professor of Physics and Department of Psychology, Queens College City University of New York), Nick Taylor (Ph.D. Student, UF School of Natural Resources & Environment), Jennison Kipp (Assistant In, UF Program for Resource Efficient Communities)

Description/Abstract: Recent environmental, social, and economic challenges are fostering a wave of interest in maximizing energy efficiency and conservation (EE+C) in existing U.S. homes. Long standing programs, ratings, and metrics are being reapplied into new stimulus initiatives such as the Recovery through Retrofit2 program. Simultaneously, electric and gas utilities are expanding their demand side management (DSM) programs from weatherization and conventional technology replacement incentives to include conservation behavior campaigns with "recommendation algorithms" designed to assist in homeowner energy retrofit decision making. Furthermore, loan programs are emerging to address the financial barriers that commonly limit initiation of the necessary retrofits.

Collectively, these approaches most often project future home energy performance based on engineering models of the physical characteristics of homes (i.e., "asset ratings"). Yet to date, the marketplace is inadequately integrating historical household energy consumption patterns (i.e., "operational ratings") into the decision tree to optimize retrofit program efficacy and consumer benefits. Moving toward the unification of asset and operational ratings is crucial for successful program management, proper monitoring/measurement/verification (MMV), loan risk assessment, and for the persistence of reduced home energy use over time. However, unification will not be easy. This research project combines qualitative and quantitative research methods in social science and building science using Florida case studies to evaluate the opportunities and constraints of asset and operational rating unification and the steps necessary to get there. Relationships between our project and the collaborative, transparent, and participatory nature of "open government" initiatives are also being explored.

The secondary supplemental research will expand on themes and insights gained through the first phase of this existing FESC project. Specifically, these insights suggest that even when adding operational data to building asset data, the reductionist approach to evaluating home energy performance by controlling for known variables may continue to offer an incomplete picture of the complexities of performance trends and the influence of unknown and/or misunderstood variables. Furthermore, the home improvement industry may need to consider the possibility that the magnitude of total energy consumption, while a worthwhile metric and with its net reduction a worthwhile goal, is also an incomplete indicator of home energy performance optimization.

Budget: Original = 24,000 over two years (12,000 from 01/01/2011 to 12/31/2011 and 12,000 from 01/01/2012 to 12/31/2012). Supplemental = 32,000 over 18 months (from 04/01/2013 to 09/30/2014) to cover a portion of the salary (at a rate of 22.20/hour) and fringe benefits (at a rate of 26.9%) for Co-PI, Hal S. Knowles, III. This equates to 36% (14.6 hours, or effectively 2 weekdays) of this Co-PIs weekly salary and fringe for the 18 month period.

² See, http://www.whitehouse.gov/assets/documents/Recovery_Through_Retrofit_Final_Report.pdf

Universities: University of Florida, Queens College City University of New York

Summary of Progress Since October 2014

On March 10, 2015, Hal Knowles presented his research progress to date for the weekly UF School of Natural Resources and Environment (SNRE) Seminar for a group of students and faculty colleagues. A 5 minute summary presentation and associated poster for this progress to date has been submitted to the Florida Energy Systems Consortium (FESC) for inclusion in the 2015 FESC Workshop on May 20-21 in Orlando, Florida. The abstract for this conference submission offers a succinct summary for our research progress since October 2014. A full report of this research will be provided in the form of an October 2015 FESC Annual Report.

<u>Presenter:</u> Hal S. Knowles, III <u>Title:</u> Home is Where the Heart is: Complexity, Pattern, & Meaning in Short Interval Residential Electric Smart Meter Data <u>Degree:</u> Ph.D. Candidate in Interdisciplinary Ecology <u>Department:</u> School of Natural Resources and Environment <u>Faculty Advisor:</u> Dr. Mark Hostetler

<u>Objectives:</u> Since the 1970s, the major methods of home energy analysis have utilized linear-based engineering models of known building asset variables. While these methods provide useful feedback for the residential energy efficiency industry, their inputs and outputs are constrained by our limited knowledge of these variables and the associated flaws that may arise in our assumptions about their interaction. These constraints have shed light on the important role of occupant behavior on home energy consumption patterns. In response, an entirely new conservation behavior industry has grown around these knowledge gaps. Early attempts to integrate building asset and occupancy analyses suggest improved insights, as well as, new limitations to these linear models.

Are there ways for the home performance sector to accept and work with the inherent uncertainty in the interaction of these diverse and ever-changing building system and human behavioral variables? We believe there are and that the keys to these different, though complementary, ways of understanding may reside in the chaotic order of nonlinear dynamics and their application to the new data streams available through advanced metering infrastructure (AMI). Our FESC funded research evaluated the "complexity" of residential energy consumption patterns through the variability of their high-frequency electric meter readings over various time-series intervals.

<u>Methods:</u> Two data sets were analyzed: (1) 15-minute interval electric readings for approximately 350 homes and apartments in a random sample the JEA service territory of Jacksonville, Florida; and (2) hourly interval electric readings for 60 Florida homes in the Phased Deep Retrofits (PDR) program of the Building America – Partnership for Improved Residential Construction. First, normality testing was performed on the time series. Second, multifractal detrended fluctuation analysis (MFDFA) was performed on the original increments, shuffled surrogates, and phase randomized surrogates of these time series. Third, MFDFA was performed on the original and surrogate increments of various 15-minute interval weather time series and the disaggregated electric sub-meters of major home systems in the PDR (e.g., heat pump compressor, air handling unit, refrigerator, freezer, water heater, lighting circuit, home A/V system circuit, pool pump). Fourth, cluster analysis was used to segment and compare the multifractality of the homes and the weather.

<u>Results:</u> Home energy consumption is non-normal and non-stationary. The shape and magnitude of the MFDFA singularity spectra offer a proxy for the complexity of the house as a social-technological system with a mix of known and unknown variables. Sub-daily vs. supra-daily MFDFA singularity spectra suggest both weather and home energy consumption patterns may be driven by different dynamics within days versus across days.

<u>Conclusions:</u> Measuring complexity may provide new ways to differentially "diagnose" desirable and/or deviant electricity consumption patterns across nested scales from individual homes to entire utility grids. MFDFA and related nonlinear analyses of home energy consumptive use patterns may be useful in detecting under-performing homes, in diagnosing increased risk of building system failures, in improving smart grid supply and load balancing, and in evaluating the impacts of home energy improvements over time.

<u>Appendix</u>: A PDF format slide deck of the full March 10, 2015 presentation is attached herewith for supplementary details to this summary. Additionally, a 50 minute DVD with full video of the presentation will be sent to FESC via UF campus mail the first week of May 2015 in complement to the PDF slide deck.

Southeast National Marine Renewable Energy Center (SNMREC)

Florida Atlantic University

PI: Susan H. Skemp, **Co-PIs:** Howard P. Hanson, Taghi Khoshgoftaar, Pierre-Phillippe Beaujean, Len Berry, Megan Davis, Jeanette Wyneken, Manhar Dhanak, Eric Chassignet, John Reed, Charles Messing, James VanZwieten, Karl vonEllenrieder, Julie Lambert, Hassan Mahfuz, Stewart Glegg, George Frisk, Bassem Alhalabi, Hari Kalva, Steve Kajura, Madasamy Arockiasamy, Francisco Presuel-Moreno, Isaac Elishakoff, Fraser Dahlgleish, Anni Dahlgleish, Bing Ouyang, Jose Principe

Note: Student listing is appended

Budget: \$8,750,000; Funding Leveraged: U.S. Department of Energy, National Science Foundation and Industry - \$6,281M

Description: The Southeast National Marine Renewable Energy Center (SNMREC) at Florida Atlantic University (FAU) was established by an award from the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) in 2010 as an extension of FAU's Center for Ocean Energy Technology, which was originally founded in 2007 by the 2006 Florida State University System Center of Excellence Program. The SNMREC is investigating harnessing power from ocean currents, such as the Gulf Stream, as well as ocean thermal energy conversion to generate base-load electricity. This baseload, sustainable resource will make a unique contribution to a broadly diversified portfolio of renewable energy for the nation's future. Key drivers for investigation are determined by the regulatory process at State and Federal levels and by market and technology gaps needed to commercialize MRE.

Universities: Florida Atlantic University, collaborating with the University of Central Florida, Florida State University, University of South Florida, Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University, University of Miami, Oregon State University, University of Washington, Pennsylvania State University, University of New Hampshire, University of Hawaii, University of Edinburgh, Heriot-Watt University, Nova Southeastern University, Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, and Florida Institute of Technology, North Carolina Coastal Studies Institute, Clemson University, Georgia Institute of Technology, University of the Azores, and Stellenbosch University.

External Collaborators: Numerous industry partners, state and federal government agencies, FFRDCs such as the National Renewable Energy Laboratory, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution, U.S. Department of Energy (Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy), U.S. Department of Interior (Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, Regulation, and Enforcement), U.S. Department of Commerce (National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration), the Florida Fish and Wildlife

Conservation Commission, and Florida Departments of Agriculture and Consumer Services, and Environmental Protection.

Summary:

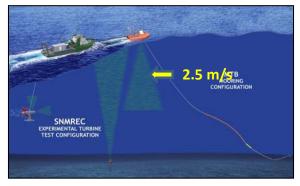


The Southeast National Marine Renewable Energy Center (SNMREC) at Florida Atlantic University (FAU) was designated as such through an award from the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) in 2010 as an extension of FAU's Center for Ocean Energy Technology, which was originally founded in 2007 by the 2006 Florida State University System Center of Excellence Program. The SNMREC is investigating harnessing power from ocean currents, such as the Gulf Stream, as well as ocean thermal energy conversion to generate

base-load electricity. This baseload, sustainable resource will make a unique contribution to a broadly diversified portfolio of renewable energy for the nation's future. Key drivers for investigation are determined by the regulatory process at State and Federal levels and by market and technology gaps needed to commercialize MRE. The SNMREC's role is to bridge the gap between concept and commercial deployment of ocean energy technologies by providing at-sea testing facilities and technology development for both ocean current and thermal energy systems. Research areas span environmental, resource, economic, educational, and technology topics.

Goals and Objectives:

The Southeast National Marine Renewable Energy Center is developing a small-scale open-ocean



Small-scale open-ocean test berth

energy laboratory and test capability to advance research on marine and hydrokinetic (MHK) ocean current energy and thermal potential energy. The SNMREC is moving forward with strategically selected research, developing and testing key technology, infrastructure and systems as well as standards criteria to meet this need. The collective objective of this project is to provide industry with tools and solutions in areas that have been identified as initial market accelerators.

These areas are being addressed according to the U.S.

Department of Energy's (DOE) Technology Readiness Level (TRL) scale, specifically, levels 3 (Analytical or experimental critical function proof of concept) through 5 (Laboratory scale validation in relevant environment). The expected outcomes include investigations and solutions for technical gaps in intelligent sensor systems, reliability and prognostics systems, rotor instrumentation and modeling, and composite materials applications for energy extraction devices and components. The first step towards achieving this goal is to install a non-grid connected TRL5/6 offshore test berth and demonstrate its readiness with an accompanying small-scale research and development ocean current turbine unit.

Project Activities, Results and Accomplishments:



The successful implementation in-water of an testing infrastructure for MHK off the coastline of Florida will be the first and only such capability globally. Already, companies from both the U.S. and internationally have expressed a desire to work with the SNMREC in defining not only their test requirements based on their design, but also are both exploring short term occupancy in Florida and potentially longer term

manufacturing and grid connection in developing arrays for commercial enterprises.

An MHK lease application on the outer continental shelf (OCS) was submitted to the U.S. Department of Interior, Bureau of Ocean Energy Management (BOEM). This is the first national application which will form the model for future lease applications. BOEM released the Final Environmental Assessment (EA) with a Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) on 12 August 2013. The EA and FONSI can be found on the Department of Interior's website at http://www.boem.gov/Florida-Revised-EA-FONSI-August2013/. Effective 1 June 2014, Florida Atlantic University was granted a 5-year Interim Policy (IP) Lease by the U.S. Department of Interior's Bureau of Ocean Energy Management (BOEM). This lease is the first lease in the U.S. for Marine Hydrokinetic (MHK) Energy activities on the Outer Continental Shelf (OCS), laying the groundwork for industry and other institutions seeking leases in the future. The lease area, that comprises approximately 1,068 acres, lies within Official Protraction Diagram Bahamas NG17 06, covers Block 7053, Aliquot L, and Block 7054, Aliquots K and L (See Figure inserted above). The initial annual lease payment of \$3,204 was provided on 7 July 2014.

Under the BOEM lease, an offshore scaled device test berth (approximately 12 nm offshore of Ft. Lauderdale, FL) will be installed to accommodate up to 100kW max instantaneous power production and/or 7m rotor diameter turbine testing. This initial group of industrial devices will provide insight into individual device extraction methods, dynamics, and basic system operability. This project will address the immediate needs of the still immature ocean current energy conversion industry while building a foundation for a future large-scale and grid-connected offshore testing capacity.

Stipulations of the BOEM IP Lease address (I) Payments and (II) Environmental which falls into the following categories: 1) General Environmental, 2) Protection of Archaeological Resources, 3) Protection of Avian and Bat Resources, 4) Protection of Benthic Resources, and 5) Protected Marine Mammal, Sea Turtle and Fish Species. To address categories 2 - 5, Archeological Identification and Benthic Habitat Surveys will be conducted. It was determined that the survey results were required to be integrated into the Project Plan. Per the BOEM Lease, a Survey Plan was submitted to BOEM, and a meeting was held in October with their Subject Matter Experts (SME), at which time BOEM provided their concurrence with the Plan. The survey(s) will commence in mid-May. to identify deep water coral distribution and determine appropriate anchor areas. In addition, the lease stipulates a Project Plan (PP) rather than a Construction Operations Plan (COP) is required. The initial draft has been outlined to describe project objectives and proposed activities based on input from the Department of the Interior. However, further work for this document is on hold pending results from surveys yet to be conducted. The survey(s) are expected to commence in May 2015.

A centralized, standardized testing capability will be provided for testing current energy conversion prototypes; initially, scaled versions and eventually full-scale devices. In addition, critical environmental measurements will be obtained on a continuous basis from the observational platform and submerged instrumentation. Companies from both the U.S. and internationally are working with the SNMREC in defining test requirements based on their design, as well as both short term occupancy in Florida and potentially longer term manufacturing and grid connection options in developing arrays for commercial enterprises.

Finally, as commercial prototypes and subsystems are brought to SNMREC for testing, all aspects of experiment set up, instrument calibration, data handling, and organizational checks/balances are expected to comply with international quality standards (ISO/IEC 17025, *General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories*). The SNMREC is preparing its processes and organization to fully comply with this standard and achieve accreditation. The selected approach is recommended by Agilent Technologies (Huber, 2009) and involves the following steps towards accreditation:

1. Investigation Phase (where an organization defines its scope, gaps, tasks required to achieve accreditation, and estimated costs/ROI)

2. Management Decision

3. Implementation Phase (where an accreditation body is selected, documentation developed, training performed, internal audits and corrections performed, and pre-assessment conducted)

4. Accreditation Audit

The SNMREC's research ocean current turbine (OCT) was tested at sea to evaluate its design stability and tow characteristics. This 3-meter rotor diameter, 20kW generically designed experimental research turbine (Figure 3) will provide a non-proprietary platform for component development at small scales. The SNMREC is also engaged in sensor and instrument acquisition, deployment, and analysis to more fully characterize offshore energy resources, and the benthic and pelagic environment.



Figure 3: During Mobilization at HBOI



At Sea After Successful Deployment



One of the biggest unknowns in the operation of ocean current turbine (OCT) systems concerns the behavior of the generator sub-system as it experiences both variable loads and the torque differentials associated with changing currents acting on the rotor. In order to provide a capability to test generators and/or associated instrumentation under realistic conditions, the SNMREC has developed a computer-controlled dynamometer system, located at the FAU SeaTech

facility in Dania Beach. This basic capability has been further enhanced with simulated oceanographic conditions to emulate rotor behavior on the test stand as it would occur in an actual ocean current. The 20 kW dynamometer has been fitted with the SNMREC's experimental research turbine power quality and health management systems, and has continued generating data for Prognostics and Health Monitoring (PHM) research. Preliminary work has been completed to emulate rotor behavior in wave conditions and from collected offshore measurements. A laboratory capability feasibility study for ocean current turbine testing was completed, and the results are available in an M.S. Thesis format.

Before developers arrive to test their turbines at the SNMREC's small scale offshore test facility, they will require specialized information about the environment in which they will be

deploying their products to ensure their turbines will survive test berth conditions and so that a

priori knowledge of the conditions can be incorporated into test design. During testing, in order

to determine the performance of turbines, it is necessary to correlate power production with incoming flow characteristics.

Two new ADCP buoys were designed and fabricated to provide additional spatial data collection capabilities at the proposed test site deployment location (Block 7053). The next deployment is planned for June 2015, and will employ up to six (6) buoys not only within the lease area but further to the north to evaluate the potential variation of flow along the coast of Florida. The buoys will be deployed at various water depths to evaluate current magnitude and direction variation, as well as vorticity and other flow characteristics to



Figure 1 - New ADCP buoys in fabrication.

inform future MHK developers of the more dynamic aspects of the Florida Current. The deployment duration will be between 9 and 12 months, and will include the 2015 hurricane season.

In addition to understanding large-scale flow phenomena, smaller variations (down to the order of turbine rotor blade cord lengths) are important to characterize and model. Understanding turbulence is necessary for commercial ocean current turbine technologists to properly account for design conditions of systems, to provide valuable data for numerical models, and to provide a complete characterization of flow conditions that equipment experiences when deployed at the SNMREC's test site. A towfish was designed, constructed, and tested for SNMREC's motion-compensated ADV system to prepare for offshore turbulence measurements. This tow tests that will focus on refining deployment/retrieval techniques and selecting proper tow points for various flow speeds. Upon successful completion of this final field test, monthly measurements will begin (planned for May 2015 start). This research will involve measurement of turbulence with ADCPs and Acoustic Doppler Velocimeters (ADVs), both at the SNMREC's test berth site and in the primary flow of the Gulf Stream, with a small vessel combined with stand-alone moored approaches. These methodologies and are consistent with a successful measurement program for tidal turbulence characterization by the Northwest National Marine Renewable Energy Center – University of Washington. Data collected will also be critical to advance a joint task to validate and tune numerical turbulence models for design and evaluation of in-stream MHK turbines under an existing CRADA with NREL.

The SNMREC, with FAU's Harbor Branch Oceanographic Institute (HBOI) has established an internship program for up to 4 United States Coast Guard Cadets, during their summer rotation. Cadets have submitted applications for the 2015 program, which are under review. This program will enhance cooperation between the U.S. Coast Guard and the SNMREC while educating future officers about projects which will be installed in coastal areas.

SNMREC staff continue to work with professors and students at FAU's School of Communications and Multimedia Studies' to create an interactive educational display game. A kiosk is being designed for the Ocean Discovery Center at FAU's Harbor Branch Oceanographic Institute. The kiosk will create a hands-on experience which educates the public about future ocean energy projects. The kiosks will increase knowledge of real, cutting-edge research in renewable energy from the ocean as well as, incorporating valuable Science Technology Engineering & Math (STEM) content to inform the public.

The Center developed a curriculum for upper-division high-school students to introduce the topic within secondary education. An additional topic on policy and social interaction with renewable energy, with an emphasis on ocean energy, will be added this summer.

Over fifty upper-division graduates and Principle Investigators have been engaged in research in marine renewable energy (MRE) to date. Approximately a dozen of these students have secured positions in energy-related companies. One of the PhD students was selected as a Knauss Fellow after graduation and is currently serving in the U.S. Department of Energy's Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy focus in the Wind and Water Power Program. Partnerships between the SNMREC and the marine industry continue to expand.

More than 45 Non-Disclosure Agreements (NDA) have been signed with companies across the global marine industry. Language within the NDAs does not allow for the release of information of the details of the collaborations at this time. Industry sponsored funding is at a level of \$155,000.

To date, with the State of Florida funding, the SNMREC has successfully leveraged \$6,281M of U.S. Department of Energy and National Science Foundation funds. Four additional proposals are in process awaiting review during this period.

APPENDIX E – 2014 FLORIDA UNIVERSITY ENERGY PROJECTS

	Biomass			
#	Faculty	University	Source/Agency	Project Title
1	Altpeter F	UF	University of Illinois/US DOE	Engineering Hydrocarbon Biosynthesis and Storage Together with Increased Photosynthetic Efficiency Into Saccharinae
2	Boman B J	UF	FDACS	Advancing E Tuber – A Sustainable Feedstock for Biofuels and Biogas on Fallow Florida Citrus Lands
3	Dilorenzo N	UF	FDACS	Integrated Feedstock Development and Management of Oilseed Crops for Drop-In Biolfuels in Florida
4	Dufault N S	UF	FDACS	Integrated Feedstock Development and Management of Oilseed Crops for Drop-In Biolfuels in Florida
5	Evans E A	UF	FDACS	Advancing E Tuber – A Sustainable Feedstock for Biofuels and Biogas on Fallow Florida Citrus Lands
6	Fisher P	UF	USDA	Nutrient, Water and Labor Efficiency in Floriculture Production
7	He Z	UF	St. Lucie County	Evaluate the Impacts of Sediment Storage on Plant Growth in the Detention Area
8	Hodges A W	UF	FDACS	Commercial Production of Terpene Biofuels from Existing Slash Pine Plantations
9	Kirst M	UF	US DOE	A Systems Biology, Whole-Genome Association Analysis of the Molecular Regulation of Biomass
10	Lee W S	UF	BARD (U.s. and Israel Agriculture R&D Fund)	Innovative Yield Mapping System Using Hyperspectral and Thermal Imagine for Precision Tree Crop Management
11	Leon R	UF	FDACS	Integrated Feedstock Development and Management of Oilseed Crops for Drop-In Biofuels in Florida
12	Maupin J A	UF	US DOE	Multifunctional Ubiquitin-Fold Proteins of Archaea
13	Munoz P R	UF	USDA	Improving Breeding Efficiency in Autotetraploids with Genome-Wide Prediction
14	Peter G F	UF	US DOE	Commercial Production of Terpene Biofuels in Pine
15	Santos J E	UF	Alltech Biotechnology Center	Effect of High DHA Algae Supplementation on Fertility of Dairy Cows with an Algae Product Rich in DHA

16	Vermerris S W	UF	USDA	Next Generation Sweet Sorghums – Sustainable Production of Feedstock for Fuels, Chemicals and Value-Added Products
17	Wilkie A C	UF	FDACS	Advancing E Tuber – A Sustainable Feedstock for Biofuels and Biogas on Fallow Florida Citrus Lands
18	Wright D L	UF	FDACS	Integrated Feedstock Development and Management of Oilseed Crops for Drop-In Biofuels in Florida
19	Wu C	UF	Koogler & Associates	Analyzing Elemental Composition of Filter Samples from Biomass Boiler
20	Yang W	FSU	Oak Ridge Associated University	Computational Study of Cellulose Synthase Via Enhanced S

Carbon Capture

#	Faculty	Universit y	Source/Agency	Project Title
1	Chanton J	FSU	UA	Pathways to Carbon Liberation: A Systems Approach to Understanding Carbon Transformations and Losses from Thawing Permafrost
2	Cooper W	FSU	Georgia Institute of Technology	Soil Carbon Storage and Turnover in a Northern Peatland Forests
3	Jeffrey Cunningham (PI) and Maya Trotz (co-PI)	USF	USGS	Development and Application of New Modeling Capabilities in the Geochemist's Workbench®: Subsurface Sequestration of Supercritical Carbon Dioxide (CO2) in Deep Saline Aquifers.

Catalyst # Source/Agency **Project Title** Faculty University University of Hierarchical Design of Supported Organometallic Stiegman A FSU California (Santa Catalyst Barbara) 1 General Technical Investigation on the Effects of Porosity and Catalyst Zheng J FSU 2 Services Growth and Reactivity of Oxide Phases on Weaver J F UF US DOE Crystaline PD and PT Surfaces 3

Climate

#	Faculty	University	Source/Agency	Project Title
1	Gunzburger M	FSU	US DOE	Predicting Ice Sheet and Climate Evolution at Extreme Scales
2	Jones, W	UCF	NASA	Aquarius Investigation to Quantify Effects of Rainfall on Near-Surface Ocean Salinity Profiles

3	Schuur T	UF	University of Oklahoma/US DOE	From Structure to Functions: Metagenomics- Enabled Predictive Understanding of Soil Microbial Feedbacks to Climate Change
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	Education			
#	Faculty	University	Source/Agency	Project Title
1	Block, David; Harrison, John	UCF	US DOE	Phase 2 of the Southern Region Resource and Training Program as Part of the Southern Alternative Energy Training Network
2	Borkhataria R R	UF	UF Fou	Doris Duke Conservation Scholars Program Partnership Through the University of Florida
3	Carthy R R	UF	UF Fou	Doris Duke Conservation Scholars Program Partnership Through the University of Florida
4	Duffy R	UF	UF Fou	Doris Duke Conservation Scholars Program Partnership Through the University of Florida
5	Georgiopoulos, Michael	UCF	AgileSrc, LLC.	Central Florida – STEM Training Consortium (CF- STEM) Internship Funding
6	Georgiopoulos, Michael	UCF	BBA Aviaton USA Inc.	Central Florida – STEM Training Consortium (CF- STEM) Internship Funding – BBA Aviation, Inc.
7	Georgiopoulos, Michael	UCF	Cubic Simulation Systems, Inc.	Central Florida – STEM Training Consortium (CF- STEM) Internship Funding
8	Georgiopoulos, Michael	UCF	Datanautix, Inc.	Central Florida – STEM Training Consortium (CF- STEM) Internship Funding
9	Georgiopoulos, Michael	UCF	GeoCove, Inc.	Central Florida – STEM Training Consortium (CF- STEM) Internship Funding
10	Georgiopoulos, Michael	UCF	Lockheed Martin Missiles and Fire Control	Central Florida – STEM Training Consortium (CF- STEM) Internship Funding
11	Georgiopoulos, Michael	UCF	Nexgen Global Technologies	Central Florida – STEM Training Consortium (CF- STEM) Internship Funding
12	Georgiopoulos, Michael	UCF	OUC	Central Florida – STEM Training Consortium (CF- STEM) Internship Funding
13	Georgiopoulos, Michael	UCF	US Army PEO STRI	Central Florida – STEM Training Consortium (CF- STEM) Internship Funding
14	Georgiopoulos, Michael	UCF	Aptas Technologies LLC	Central Florida – STEM Training Consortium (CF- STEM) Internship Funding
15	Georgiopoulos, Michael	UCF	Innovative Medical Device Solutions	Central Florida – STEM Training Consortium (CF- STEM) Internship Funding
16	Georgiopoulos, Michael	UCF	Program Works, Inc.	Central Florida – STEM Training Consortium (CF- STEM) Internship Funding
17	Georgiopoulos, Michael	UCF	Stirling Dynamics	Central Florida – STEM Training Consortium (CF- STEM) Internship Funding
18	Georgiopoulos, Michael	UCF	SightPlan Inc.	Central Florida – STEM Training Consortium (CF- STEM) Internship Funding
19	Georgiopoulos, Michael	UCF	NSF	Central Florida – STEM Training Consortium (CF- STEM) Internship Funding

20	Hayes J P	UF	UF Fou	Doris Duke Conservation Scholars Program
20	nayes J r	UF		Partnership Through the University of Florida
01		LICE	Brevard Workforce	Education and Training for Clean Energy Cluster
21	Kettles, Colleen	UCF	Development Board Inc	Workers
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Efficiency

#	Faculty	University	Source/Agency	Project Title
1	Barooah P	UF	NSF	REU Supplement: Career: Distributed Estimation and Control For Energy Efficient Buildings
2	Chasar, David	UCF	Atlantic Housing Partners	Task 1: Energy Analysis and Performance Testing of Multifamily Dwellings
3	Chasar, David	UCF	Atlantic Housing Partners	Task 3: Energy Analysis and Performance Testing of Multifamily Dwellings
4	Fairey, Philip; Sen Sharma, Raju	UCF	Residential Energy Service Network, Inc	Technical Support for Residential Energy Services Network
5	Feiock R	FSU	University of North Texas	RCN-SEES: Predictive Modeling Network for Sustainable Human-Building Eco Systems
6	Gu, Lixing	UCF	Oak Ridge National Laboratory	EnergyPlus Enhancements
7	Gu, Lixing; Raustad, Richard	UCF	NREL	Continuity and Innovation in the Development and Support of Energy Plus
8	Holmes D B	UF	Marion City	Extension Agent – Marion County Community Resource Efficiency Agent
9	Jones P H	UF	FL Housing Finance Corp/US DOE	Utility Energy Data Services for Multifamily Energy Retrofit Program
10	Jung S	FSU	UF	Full Scale Wind Load Testing of Aluminum Screen Enclosures
11	Kettles, Colleen	UCF	Leonardo Technologies, Inc	Space Coast Clean Cities Coalition Support 2012
12	Martin, Eric; Sutherland, Karen; Parker, Danny	UCF	FPL	Phased Deep Retrofits, Phase II
13	Martin, Eric; Withers, Charles; Vieira, Robin; Parker, Danny; McIlvaine, Janet; Fairey, Philip; Chasar, David	UCF	NREL	Building America Partnership for Improved Residential Construction (BA-PIRC) Task Order 5
14	Masters F J	UF	FIU/ Florida Division of Emergency Management	Continuation of Research on the Wind Resistance of Discontinuous Roofing Systems
15	Masters F J	UF	FDBPR	Full Scale Wind Load Testing of Aluminum Screen Enclosures

16	McIlvaine, Janet	UCF	FDBPR	Investigation of Potential Benefits of Revising Exception 1 under Florida Building Code, Energy Conservation
17	Parker, Danny	UCF	University of California/Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory	Technical Assistance to Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory with the Home Energy Saver Software
18	Prevatt D O	UF	US DOC	Develop a Technology to Repair Failed Asphalt Shingle Tab Seals to Mitigate Hurricane Wind Damage to Residential
19	Prevatt D O	UF	Metal Construction Association	Evaluation of Wind Uplift Pressures on Air Permeable Discontinuous Metal Roofing Systems
20	Raustad, Richard	UCF	Ranger Energy Saving Technologies, LLC	Initial and Possible Future Testing of a Unitary HVAC System Advanced Control Module
21	Ray A L	UF	Macarthur Foundation, John D & Cath	Multifamily Energy Efficient Consumption, Tenant Stability and Retrofit Effectiveness
22	Roy S	UF	UCF	FHTCC Matching Funds: Plasma Actuated Open Refrigeration Cases: A Basic Study For Better Energy Efficiency
23	Sonne, Jeffrey; Withers, Charles	UCF	FDBPR	A Review of Home Airtightness and Ventilation Approaches for Florida Building Commission Research
24	Swami, Muthusamy; Vieira, Robin	UCF	FDBPR	Development of the Compliance Software Tool Assistance Manual for the 2014 Florida Building Energy Code
25	Withers, Charles	UCF	FDBPR	An Assessment of Energy Efficient Methods of Indoor Humidity Control in Florida Housing for Florida Building Commission Research

Fuel Cell

#	Faculty	University	Source/Agency	Project Title
1	Muradov, Nazim	UCF	Office of Naval Research	An Energy-Dense Al-NaBH4-PEMFC Based Power Generator for Unmanned Undersea Vehicles

Heat Pump

#	Faculty	University	Source/Agency	Project Title
1	Stefanakos, Goswami	USF	AGDF	Field Testing of Gas Heat Pump

LED/OLED

#	Faculty	University	Source/Agency	Project Title	
1	Schanze K S	UF	BOE Technology Group CO	High Efficiency OLED Materials and Device Engineering	

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•	A B	UF	BOE Technology	High Efficiency OLED Materials and Device
2	So F		Group CO	Engineering
			01000 00	Engineering

Marine # Faculty University Source/Agency **Project Title** Coordinating Marine-Related Research, Wildlife Conservation Fletcher P J UF Conservation and Extension in Nicaragua and the 1 Society Wider Carribean Fugro Global Hi-Res Environmental Data for Enhanced UDW 2 Morey S FSU Environmental and **Operations Safety Ocean Sciences** Ocean Energy Exploration, Extraction and 3 Qu, Zhihua UCF Harris Corporation Monitoring Systems 4 S. H. Skemp FAU University of NC CSI Ocean Energy Gulf Stream Field Observations Southeast National Marine Renewable Energy 5 S.H. Skemp FAU US DOE Center - Advanced Water Power Projects: Modification FY2013 Funding Unobtrusive Multi-static Serial LiDAR Imager S.H. Skemp & F. 6 FAU US DOE (UMSLI) for Wide-area Surveillance and Dahlgleish Identification of Marine Life

Materials

#	Faculty	University	Source/Agency	Project Title
1	Lewis Johnson	FAMU	National Nuclear Security Agency	Consortium for Advanced Chemometrics and in-situ analysis using Laser Ablation Multi Collector Inductively Coupled Mass Spectroscopy (LAMC- ICMS) and/or Laser Induced Breakdown Spectroscopy (LIBS)
2	Lewis Johnson	FAMU	National Nuclear Security Agency/US DOE	Consortium for Research on the Science & Engineering of Signatures (ROSES).

	Nuclear			
#	Faculty	University	Source/Agency	Project Title
1	Baciak J E	UF	Battelle Pacific NW Lab	2014 Radiation Detection for Nuclear Security Summer School Support
2	Baciak J E	UF	US DOE	BII3 Gamma-Ray Spectrometers for Reliable Room-Temperature Nuclear Materials Safeguarding
3	Baciak J E	UF	US DOE	University of Florida Nuclear Science and Engineering Fellowship and Scholarship – Christopher Greulich

4	Baciak J E	UF	US DOE	University of Florida Nuclear Science and Engineering Fellowship and Scholarship – Kyle Vaughn
5	Ephrem-Denis Mezonlin	FAMU, Center for Plasma Science & Technolog y (CePaST)	US DOE	Turbulent Transport Diagnostics for Plasmas
6	Eugenio P	FSU	US DOE	Experimental Hadronic Nuclear Physics
7	Goluoglu S	UF	UT-Battelle	Elements of Nuclear Safeguards, Non-Proliferation and Security
8	Jones, Andrew Jr.	FAMU, Mathemati cs	USNRC	Preparation for Future Nuclear Scientists and Engineers
9	Jordan K A	UF	US DOE	BII3 Gamma-Ray Spectrometers for Reliable Room-Temperature Nuclear Materials Safeguarding
10	Jordan K A	UF	US DOE	University of Florida Nuclear Science and Engineering Fellowship and Scholarship – Lucas Rolison
11	Manuel M V	UF	Battelle Memorial Institute	Center for Materials Science and Nuclear Fuel
12	Nino J C	UF	US DOE	BII3 Gamma-Ray Spectrometers for Reliable Room-Temperature Nuclear Materials Safeguarding
13	Nino J C	UF	US DOE	University of Florida Nuclear Science and Engineering Fellowship and Scholarship – Paul Johns
14	Phillpot S R	UF	Battelle Memorial Institute	Center for Materials Science of Nuclear Fuel
15	Phillpot S R	UF	University of Illinois/Battelle Memorial Institute	Engineered Zercalor Cladding and Fuel Pellet Modifications for Improved Accident Tolerance of LWR Nuclear Fuel
16	Subash G	UF	Areva Federal Services/US DOE	Holistic Approach to an Enhanced Accident Tolerant Fuel System
17	Tulenko J S	UF	Battelle Memorial Institute	Development of Innovative Accident Tolerant High Thermal Conductivity UO2-Diamond Composite Fuel Pellets
18	Tulenko J S	UF	Areva Federal Services/US DOE	Holistic Approach to an Enhanced Accident Tolerant Fuel System
19	Weatherford, Charles	FAMU	Tuskegee University/National Nuclear Security Agency	Experimental & Computational Studies on High Temperature Plasmas
20	Weatherford, Charles	FAMU	National Nuclear Security Agency/US DOE	Consortium for Materials and Energy Studies (CMAES)

21	Yang Y	UF	University of Illinois / Battelle Memorial Institute	Engineered Zircaloy Cladding and Fuel Pellet Modifications for Improved Accident Tolerance of LWR Nuclear Fuel
22	Yang Y	UF	University of Chicago/ US DOE	Institu HighEnergy X-Ray Characterization For Microstructure, Deformation and Damage Evolution in Nuclear Reactor

	Other			
#	Faculty	University	Source/Agency	Project Title
1	Abdolvand, Reza	UCF	NSF	GOALI: Lateral-Mode MEMS Filter Arrays on Ultrananocrystalline Diamond for Multi-Band Communication
2	Adams T	FSU	Fermi National Accelerator Lab	Activities Related To Forward Calorimetry R&D
3	Albrecht-Schmitt T	FSU	US DOE	Differentiating between Lanthanides and Actinides
4	Albrecht-Schmitt T	FSU	University of Notre Dame	TAS Recovery Act: Material Science of Actinides- EFRC
5	Alvi F	FSU	Air Force Office of Scientific Research	A Comprehensive Study of 3-D Shock/Turbulent Boundary Layer Interaction Physics
6	Alvi F	FSU	UF	PIRE: Collaborations with Japan and France on Complex and Multiphase Fluid and Science Technologies
7	Askew A	FSU	Universities Research Associate	Search for Supersymmetry in Events with Photons
8	Atia, George	UCF	University of Rochester	Exploiting Multidimensional Classical Optical Entanglement for Enhanced Spatial Scene Recognition
9	Balachandar S	UF	Los Alamos National Security	Coupling of the Particle Transport Model to the Turbulence Model
10	Balachandar S	UF	US DOE	PSAAP: Center for Compressible Multiphase Turbulence (CCMT)
11	Cattafesta L	FSU	NASA	Aeroacoustic Measurements of a Leading Edge-Slat
12	Cattafesta L	FSU	NSF	I/UCRC Planning Grant: Applications in Flow Control
13	Cattafesta L	FSU	ONR	A Novel Method to Predict Circulation Noise Control
14	Cattafesta L	FSU	UF	ONR Vortex 87790 – An Experimental Investigation of Wing
15	Chen Y	UF	US DOE	Prediction of Thermal Transport Properties of Materials with Microstructural Complexity
16	Cheng H P	UF	US DOE	A Computational Approach to Complex Junctions and Interfaces
17	Cheng H P	UF	NSF	Understanding and Reducing Thermal Noise via Atomistic Simulations
18	Chernatynskiy A	UF	Battelle Pacific NW Lab	Micro/Nano Scale AFM-Based Thermal Conductivity Measurement and Atomistic Modeling for Oxide Fuel

19	Child B	UF	Nature Conservancy	UF-TNC Partnership to Develop Transidsiciplinary Research in the Nature Conservancy's African Conservation Programs
20	Field R D	UF	US DOE	Collider Physics at the University of Florida
21	Furic I K	UF	Fermilab	CMS Phase 2 Upgrade R&D Subsystem-GEM Detector R&D/MUON TRIGGER R&D
22	George A D	UF	US DOE	PSAAP: Center for Compressible Multiphase Turbulence (CCMT)
23	Georgiopoulos, Michael	UCF	NSF	I3: The UCF Community Embraces the Knowledge- Based Economy
24	Gong, Xun	UCF	Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency	Customizable Antenna Array Using Pixelated and Reconfigurable Slot-Ring Antennas
25	Gonzalez A H	UF	Caltech/NASA	Constraining Dark Energy and Modified Gravity with Euclid
26	Guan Y	UF	Sandia National Laboratories	Computational Studies for the Unit Commitment Problem Under Uncertainty in the Current Deregulated Energy Market Environment
27	Guan Y	UF	University of Chicago/US DOE	Integrating FTR with Power System Operations
28	Gugel K S	UF	Verifone	IPPD 2013-2014: Distributed Multimedia Infrastructure for Fuel Dispensing Operations
29	Gunzburger M	FSU	US DOE	DIAMOND: An Integrated Multifaceted Approach to Mathematics at the Interfaces of Data, Models, and Decisions
30	Gunzburger M	FSU	US DOE	EQUINOX: Environment for Quantifying Uncertainty: Integrated and Optimized at the Extreme Scale
31	Haftka R T	UF	US DOE	PSAAP: Center for Compressible Multiphase Turbulence (CCMT)
32	Hall C D	UF	US NAVY	Novel Energy-Rich Linear Triazenes, Nitrogen Ylids and Heterocyclic N-Oxides
33	Hirschfeld P J	UF	US DOE	Theory of Novel Superconductors
34	Jones J L	UF	NSF	Participant Support: IRES: Australian International Research Experience for Students: Materials for Energy Technologies
35	Jones, W	UCF	NASA Shared Services Center	GOLD SALMON project (Imaging Earth's Thermosphere and Ionosphere from geostationery orbit)
36	Jones, W	UCF	NASA Shared Services Center	On Orbit Inter-Satellite Radiometric Calibration
37	Katritzky A R	UF	US NAVY	Novel Energy-Rich Linear Triazenes, Nitrogen Ylids and Heterocyclic N-Oxides
38	Kettles, Colleen	UCF	US DOE	Advancing Alternative Fuel Markets in Florida
39	Kim N H	UF	US DOE	PSAAP: Center for Compressible Multiphase Turbulence (CCMT)

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40	Kobziar L N	UF	US DOI	Food, Fuel and Fire: Assessing the Effects of Fuel Treatments on Wildlife Habitat Quality in Longleaf Pine
41	Kumar R	FSU	M4 Engineering	Evaluation of Unsteady Loading on Store Trajectories
42	Kumar R	FSU	M4 Engineering	Wind Tunnel Balance Correction for Structural Motion Effects
43	Kumar R	FSU	Northrop Grumman Corporation	Flowfield Characteristics of Axisymmetric and Non-Axixym
44	Ladd A J	UF	US DOE	Reaction-Infiltration Instabilities in Fractured and Porous Rocks
45	Lampropoulos, Christos	UNF	Research Corporation for Science Advancement	Target Synthesis of Hybrid Nanomaterials From Single-Molecule Magnets
46	Larbalestier D	FSU	US DOE	NB3SN Superconductors for the LHC and for Accelerators B
47	Larbalestier D	FSU	US DOE	The Underlying Science of High Critical Current Density
48	Lee P	FSU	Supramagnetics, Inc	A New Nb3Sn Process with a Novel Artificial Pinning Center for High-Energy Physics and High Magnetic Field Applications
49	Lee P	FSU	US DOE	The Cost of Grain Boundaries on the Performance of Superconductors
50	Liou, Juin	UCF	Analog Devices	Failure Criteria Metric under ESD Stress Conditions
51	Malocha, Donald	UCF	NASA Langley Research Center	RF: TT NASA Langley Wafer Fabrication 6 Designs
52	Malocha, Donald	UCF	QinetiQ North America	TTO: Malocha Auxiliary Balance Account
53	Manuel M V	UF	Sandia National Libraries	Effects of Alloying Additions to the Structure and Properties of Magnesium Thin Films – Fellowship for Ryan Hooper
54	Matchev K T	UF	US DOE	Task T: Elementary Particle Theory and Phenomenology at the University of Florida
55	McGinnis R	FSU	Naval Sea Systems Command	Research and Development of Next Generation Naval Integrated Power Systems
56	Milligan J	FSU	RTI International	Science, Technology, Research and Innovation Development
57	Mitselmakher G	UF	FERMILAB	LPC Fellowships in Physics for Souvik Das
58	Mitselmakher G	UF	US DOE	Task P: Research in High Energy Experimental Physics Using the CMS Detector at the Large Hadron Collider, Cern
59	Newman M A	UF	SM Stoller Corporation	Baffled Multi-Level Samplers (BMLS)
60	Nuszkowski, John	UNF	Life Cycle Engineering, Inc	Small Scale Engine Performance Screening for Alternative Navy Fuels
61	Oates W	FSU	Air Force Office of Scientific Research	Modeling and Experimental Characterization of Novel Photomechanical Fibers

62	Oates W	FSU	Florida A&M	Simulation of Fluid-Structure Interaction for High-
			University Tai Yang Research	Reynolds hSTTR: Fabrication of Higher Temperature
63	Pamidi S	FSU	Corp	Semiconductors
6.4		. III	Los Alamos National	Effect of Strain on Defect Migration in Fluorite
64	Phillpot S R	UF	Security	Structured Oxides
65	Phillpot S R	UF	US DOE	Innovative Coating of Nanostructured Vanadium Carbide on the F/M Cladding Inner Surf Mitigating the Fuel
66	Piekarewicz J	FSU	US DOE	From Quarks to the Cosmos
67	Plewa T	FSU	US DOE	Diverging Supernova Explosion Experiments on NIF
68	Prosper H	FSU	US DOE	High Energy Research at Florida State University
69	Prosper H	FSU	Universities Research Association	Electrons in Jets and Searching Beyond the Lamppost
70	Qu, Zhihua	UCF	Coleman Aerospace	Novel Guidance and Control Algorithms for Missile Defense Systems
71	Rahnavard, Nazanin	UCF	NSF	CIF: Small: Collaborative Research: Cooperative Sensing and Communications for Cognitive Radio Networks
72	Ramachandran, Bhuvane	UWF	FL Space Grant Consortium	Team ARGONAUCKET: NASA Training Grant Hybrid Rocket Competition
73	Ranka S	UF	US DOE	PSAAP: Center for Compressible Multiphase Turbulence (CCMT)
74	Ray H	UF	US DOE	Neurino Cross Sections: Foundations of the Future
75	Ren F	UF	Agnitron Technology/ US DOE	Manufacturing Improvements of AIN for Wide Bandgap Semiconductor Devices – Phase I
76	Roberts W	FSU	US DOE	Research in Hadron Physics
77	Schert J D	UF	FL DOT	Development of Standard Operating Procedure for Analysis of Ammonia Concentrations in Coal Fly Ash
78	Schlottmann P	FSU	US DOE	Strongly Correlated Electron Systems
79	Seyedi-Esfahani, Alireza	UCF	Griffiss Institute, Inc.	Inference in Complex Networks of Dynamical Systems
80	Shatruk M	FSU	UT-Battelle LLC	Computational/Combinatorial Discovery of New Intermetall
81	Sheplak M	UF	Caltech/US Airforce	Wall Turbulence with Designer Properties Identification, Characterization and Manipulation of Energy Pathways
82	Shih C	FSU	Florida A&M University	High Temperature Supersonic Jet Noise Fundamental Studies
83	Shih C	FSU	National Park Service	Cone and Friction Cone Penetrometer Applications to Arch
84	Shih C	FSU	University of Michigan Ann Arbor	Noise and Thermal Mitigation of Naval Systems

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85	Siegrist T	FSU	US DOE	Discovery and Crystal Growth of New Oxide Phases from Metal Fluxes			
86	Siegrist T	FSU	UT-Battelle LLC	Go Program: Jifeng Sun – Computation of Electronic Band			
87	Singh R K	UF	SINMAT	FHTCC: Novel Polishing to Fabricate Ultra Low Thickness Variation Diamond Substrates For Next Generation Beam			
88	Smirnov D	FSU	US DOE	Infrared Optical Study of Graphene in High Magnetic Fields			
89	Soltis D E	UF	US DOC	PD-14-02 Conservation Genetics of Red Mangroves in Florida			
90	Stefanakos, Goswami	USF	FPL	Performance Evaluation Energy Saving Potential of VaporGenics Organic Rankine Cycle Air- Conditioning Unit			
91	Steurer M	FSU	Alliance for Sustainable Energy, LLC	NREL PHIL Anti-Islanding Testing and Demonstration			
92	Stewart G R	UF	US DOE	Understanding Iron Superconductors/Focus on Nodal Behavior			
93	Taira K	FSU	Air Force Office of Scientific Research	Understanding the Fundamental Roles of Momentum and Vorticity Injections in Flow Control			
94	Taira K	FSU	US ARO	Network-Theoretic Modeling of Fluid Flow			
95	Taira K	FSU	US ARO	Turbulent Flow Modification with Thermoacoustic Waves for Separation Control			
96	Taira K	FSU	UF	Three Dimensional Control of High Speed Cavity Flows			
97	Tanner D B	UF	US DOE	Search for Axionic Dark Matter			
98	Tanner D B	UF	US DOE	The Generation 2 Axion Dark-Matter Experiment (GEN 2 ADMX)			
99	Telotte J	FSU	NSF	Collaborative Project: Energy Sustainability Remote Laboratory			
100	Townsend T G	UF	FL DOT	Development of Standard Operating Procedure for Analysis of Ammonia Concentrations in Coal Fly Ash			
101	Tozer D	FSU	US DOE	Electron Interactions in Actidnides and Related Systems			
102	Trickey S B	UF	US DOE	Orbital-Free Quantum Simulation Methods for Application to Warm Dense Matter			
103	Uzun A	FSU	National Institute of Aerospace	Direct Numerical Simulation of Three-Dimensional Boundary Layer Receptivity to Spanwise Periodic Roughness Elements			
104	Van Sciver S	FSU	US DOE	Liquid Helium Fluid Dynamics Studies			
105	Volya A	FSU	US DOE	Atomic Nucleus: A Finite Open Quantum Many- Body System			
106	Wahl H	FSU	University of Notre Dame	Quarknet			
107	Walsh R	FSU	UT-Battelle LLC	One Piece Tie Plate Specimen Testing			
	115						

108	Wang, Jun	UCF	NSF	CAREER: Data-Intensive HPC Analytics: A systems approach through extended interfaces, data restructuring and data-centric scheduling
109	Watling J I	UF	US DOI	Setting Conservation Targets for the Peninsular Florida Landscape Conservation Cooperative
110	Wiedenhoever I.L.	FSU	US DOE	Spectroscopy of Resonances in the Astrophysical rp-Process Pathway
111	Wu, Xinzhang (Thomas)	UCF	Rini Technologies, Inc.	Thermal Management of Electrical Actuation via Enhanced Air Circulation
112	Wu, Xinzhang (Thomas)	UCF	ANSYS, Inc.	Development of Electric Machine Advanced Modeling Techniques
113	Wu, Xinzhang (Thomas)	UCF	Calnetix, Incorporated	Three Dimensional FEA Modeling and Permanent Magnet Motor
114	Yang Y	UF	US DOE	Innovative Coating of Nanostructured Vanadium Carbide on the F/M Cladding Inner Surf Mitigating the Fuel
115	Yang Y	UF	Battelle	Micro/Nano Scale AFM-Based Thermal Conductivity Measurement and Atomistic Modeling for Oxide Fuel
116	Yang Y	UF	University of Chicago/ US DOE	Microstructural Analysis of Stainless Steels and Nickel Alloys for LWR Applications
117	Ye M	FSU	US DOE	Computational Bayesian Framework for Quantification and Reduction of Predictive Uncertainty in Groundwater Reactive Transport Modeling

	Sensors			
#	Faculty	University	Source/Agency	Project Title
1	Malocha, Donald	UCF	Albido Corporation	Passive Wireless Sensor System for Structural Health Monitoring
2	Malocha, Donald	UCF	NASA Langley Research Center	RF – TT Commercialization "Saw Temperature Sensor System"
3	Malocha, Donald	UCF	MNEMONICS, Inc.	Wireless SAW Strain Gauge and Integrated Interrogator Design
4	Oates W	FSU	UF	A01 3 High-Temperature Sapphire Pressure Sensors for Har
5	Rahnavard, Nazanin	UCF	NSF	CAREER: A Generalized Compressive Sensing Approach to Data Acquisition and Ad-Hoc Sensor Networking
6	Sheplak M	UF	US DOE	High-Temperature Sapphire Pressure Sensors for Harsh Environments
7	Yuan, Jiann-Shiun; Lin, Mingjie; Gong, Xun; DeMara, Rona ld; Atia, George; Abdolvand, Reza	UCF	NSF	I/UCRC Multi-functional Integrated System Technology (MIST)

	Smart Grid			
#	Faculty	University	Source/Agency	Project Title
1	Click, David; Reedy, Robert; Moaveni, Houtan	UCF	FSU	SUNGRIN Simulation-Assisted Understanding of the High-Penetration PV Effects and Requirements
2	Colon, Carlos	UCF	US DOI/National Park Service	Technical Assistance for the Electric Load Survey and Battery Energy Storage Recommendation at the Dry Tortugas Garden Key National Park
3	Edrington C	FSU	NCSU	NSF Engineering Research Center for Future Renewable Electric Energy Delivery
4	Edrington C	FSU	University of Texas at Arlington	Organic Distributed Decision-Making for Heterogeneous Energy Systems
5	Faruque M.O.	FSU	UCF	Foundations for Engineering Education for Distributed Energy Resources (FEEDER)
6	Meyn S	UF	UCF/US DOE	FEEDER: Foundations for Engineering Education for Distributed Energy Resources
7	Moaveni, Houtan; Click, David	UCF	Tampa Electric Company	TECO Energy Project
8	Pearton S J	UF	Agnitron Technology	Manufacturing Improvements of AIN For Wide Bandgap Semiconductor Power Devices – Phase I
9	Qu, Zhihua	UCF	Leidos	Electric Power Markets, Case Studies, and Energy Management System
10	Qu, Zhihua; Vosoughi, Azadeh; Simaan, Marwan; Seyedi-Esfahani, Alireza; Lotfifard, Saeed	UCF	US DOE	Foundations for Engineering Education for Distributed Energy Resources (FEEDER)
11	Reedy, Robert; Click, David	UCF	US DOE	Foundations for Engineering Education for Distributed Energy Resources (FEEDER)

	Solar				
#	Faculty	University	Source/Agency	Project Title	
1	Anderson T J	UF	Midwest Research Inst/US DOE	Enabling the CIGS Thin-Film PV Technology to Meet the DOE GOAL of \$0.50/W Module Price	
2	Barkaszi, Stephen	UCF	NREL	High Voltage Test Bed for PV Modules	
3	Click, David; Moaveni, Houtan	UCF	FL DOT	Solar Power at the Turkey Lake Service Plaza: A Best Practices Guide for Governmental Agencies Interested in Solar Power Projects	
4	Click, David; Moaveni, Houtan; Kettles, Colleen	UCF	City of Orlando	City of Orlando: 2MW PV Project at Wastewater Facility	
5	Click, David; Reedy, Robert	UCF	OUC	Solar Technical Services	
6	Click, David; Schleith, Mrs. Susan;	UCF	Duke Energy Florida, Inc.	SunSmart Schools E-Shelter Plus-Up (Utility Program) AKA SunSense Plus UP	
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	Moaveni, Houtan;			
	Kettles, Colleen Click, David;		Duka Enargy Elarida	
7	Schleith, Susan	UCF	Duke Energy Florida, Inc.	Duke Energy SunSense Schools – 2014
8	Dhere, Neelkanth	UCF	NREL	Comparison the modes and mechanisms of degradation of experimental c-Si PV modules with various encapsulants
9	Dhere, Neelkanth	UCF	Colorado School of Mines	Solar Energy Research Institute for India and the United States (SERIIUS)/ Study of PV module Reliability and Durability in the Hot and Humid Climate
10	Ehsani R	UF	Citrust Research and Development Foundation	In Field Solar Heat Treatment of HLB-Infected Orange Trees for Inoculum Reduction
11	Hahn D W	UF	US DOE	Solar Thermochemical Fuel Production via A Nove Low Pressure, Magnetically Stabilized, Non- Volatile Iron Oxide Looping
12	Kettles, Colleen; Click, David; Barkaszi, Stephen	UCF	Broward County	Go SOLAR Florida: SunShot Challenge II
13	Meeker R	FSU	US DOE	The Sunshine State Solar Grid Initiative
14	Mei R	UF	US DOE	Solar Thermochemical Fuel Production via A Nove Low Pressure, Magnetically Stabilized, Non- Volatile Iron Oxide Looping
15	Schleith, Susan	UCF	FPL	RF: FPL SunSmart Schools DAS program
16	Schoenfeld, Winston	UCF	HybridaSol, LLC	Applied Research in Thermoelectric Materials Processing and Hybrid Thermoelectric-Photovoltaid Devices
17	Shields, Sherri	UCF	Sherwood Associates, Inc.	Solar ABCs Website Maintenance
18	Shih C	FSU	UCF	Direct Drive Solar-Powered Arcjet Thruster
19	So F	UF	US NAVY	Ambient Processing of Polymer Solar Cells
20	So F	UF	Nanoholdings	Infrared Sensors and Broadband Absorbing Solar Cells
21	Stanton C J	UF	Washington University/NSF	Development of Laser-Enhanced NMR For Spectroscopy of Photovoltaic Materials
22	Stefanakos Goswami	USF	Colorado School of Mines	Sustainable Phovoltaics and Subcontract Coordination (SERIIUS) CSM
23	Stefanakos Goswami	USF	NSF	EAGER: Development of a Rectenna for Energy Harvesting and Detection Applications
24	Walters B S	UF	US DOE	Solar Living House
25	Wei W	UF	NSF	CAREER: The Rational of Plasmonic Photocatalysts for Efficient Solar Energy Conversion
26	Wu, Xinzhang (Thomas)	UCF	Applied Power Electronics Corp	Integrated Inductor Design for High-Efficiency, High-Density Soft-Switching Multi-Port

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	Storage			
#	Faculty	University	Source/Agency	Project Title
1	Abdolvand, Reza	UF	NSF	EAGER: Investigation and Optimization of Thermoelectric Properties of Highly-Doped Polysilicon Nanowires
2	Goswami and Stefanakos	USF	US DOE – ARPA-E	Development of a Low Cost Thermal Energy Storage System Using Phase Change Materials with Enhanced Radiation Heat Transfer
3	Goswami and Stefanakos	USF	Keilir Energy Center / Univ. of Iceland	PCM Thermal Energy Storage and Transport System (TEST) For the Utilization of Geothermal Heat and other Heat Source
4	Hahn D W	UF	US DOE	Carbon Dioxide Shuttling Thermochemical Storage Using Strontium Carbonate
5	Li T	UF	NSF	CSR: Small Leveraging Distributed Generation and Adaptive Energy Storage Management for Efficient and Scale-Out Renewable
6	Mei R	UF	US DOE	Carbon Dioxide Shuttling Thermochemical Storage Using Strontium Carbonate
7	Muradov, Nazim	UCF	Texas A&M Engineering Experiment Station	Solar Hybrid Hydrogen Production Cycle with In- situ Thermal Energy Storage
8	Stefanakos	USF	NSRC	Microencapsulated Phase Change Materials
9	Zheng J	FSU	Battelle Memorial Institute	Investigation of Pre-Lithiated Anodes for Li-Ion Batteries
10	Zheng J	FSU	FSU Foundation	Development of High Energy Li Capacitors
11	Zheng J	FSU	General Capacitor	Development and Characterization of Li-ion Capacitor

	Transportation			
#	Faculty	University	Source/Agency	Project Title
1	Block, David	UCF	US DOT	Electric Vehicle Transportation Center (EVTC)
2	Guan Y	UF	NSF	Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicles and Electricity Markets
3	Liou, Juin	UCF	Allegro MicroSystems, LLC	Design, Characterization, and Optimization of Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Power Clamps for Automotive Electronics
4	Qu, Zhihua	UCF	US DOT	Electric Vehicle Transportation Center (EVTC)
5	Washburn S S	UF	US DOT	On-Board Diagnostics Integration Into Traffic Microsimulation for Vehicle-Specific Fuel Use and Emissions
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Waste to Energy

#	Faculty	University	Source/Agency	Project Title
1	Joseph, B.	USF	NCIIA- E-Team Grant	Conversion of Landfill Gases to Liquid fuels
2	Kuhn & Joseph	USF	NCIIA (now Venture Well)	NCIIA Trash 2 Cash-Energy Phase II Proposal

Water

#	Faculty	University	Source/Agency	Project Title
1	Lamm A J	UF	USDA	Smart Phone Apps: Scientific Validation Quantification of Water Conservation
2	Migliaccio K W	UF	USDA	Smart Phone Apps: Scientific Validation Quantification of Water Conservation
3	Migliaccio K W	UF	USDA	Smart Phone Apps: Scientific Validation Quantification of Water Conservation
4	Rowland D L	UF	USDA	Smart Phone Apps: Scientific Validation Quantification of Water Conservation

Wind

#	Faculty	University	Source/Agency	Project Title
1	Jones, W	UCF	NASA Shared Services Center	Improved Active/Passive Ocean Vector Wind Retrievals
2	Jones, W	UCF	NASA Marshall Space Flight Center	Observations of Ocean Surface Wind Speed and Rain Rate with the Hurricane Imaging Radiometer (HIRAD)